Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic	
Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments	
Consolidated interim financial statements	
For the period ended March 31, 2020	
And review report thereon	

Contents	Page
Review report on consolidated interim financial statements	
Consolidated interim statement of financial position	
Consolidated interim statement of Income	1
Consolidated interim statement of Comprehensive Income	2
Consolidated interim statement of Changes in Equity	3
Consolidated interim statement of Cash Flows	4
Notes to the consolidated interim financial statements	5
Significant accounting policies applied	6-31
significant accounting policies applied	32-49

 $\qquad \qquad \bigcap$ 



# Hazem Hassan Public Accountants & Consultants

B (105) – Avenue (2) – Smart Village Km 28 Cairo – Alex Desert Road Giza – Cairo – Egypt

Postal Code: 12577

Telephone: (202) 35 37 5000 - 35 37 5005

E-mail : Egypt@kpmg.com.eg Fax : (202) 35 37 3537 P.O. Box : (5) Smart Village

# Review report on consolidated interim financial statements

# To the Board of directors of Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated interim statement of financial position of Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (an Egyptian joint stock company) as of 31 March 2020, and the related consolidated interim statements of income, comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity for the three - months period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these interim financial statements in accordance with the Egyptian Accounting Standards. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim financial statements based on our review.

#### Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with Egyptian Standard on Review Engagements (2410), "Review of Interim Financial Statements Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity." A review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters in the company, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Egyptian Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on these consolidated interim financial statements.

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and cash flows for the three-months period then ended in accordance with the Egyptian Accounting Standards.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As detailed in note No. (40) - clarification of important events - from the complementary notes of the financial statements, most of the world countries, including Egypt, were exposed during the first quarter of 2020 to the outbreak of the Corona (Covid-19) epidemic, which caused disturbance in most of Commercial and economic activities in general.



#### Hazem Hassan

Therefore, it is likely that this will have a significant impact on the pre-defined operational and marketing plans and the associated future cash flows and associated elements of assets, liabilities and business results in the financial statements of the group. As indicated in the above-mentioned clarification, the group management is currently taking several procedures To face this risk and limit its impact on its financial position, however, in light of instability and uncertainty as a result of current events, the magnitude of the impact of that event mainly depends on the time period for the continuation of those effects and when is end of that event and its implications and the ability of the group to achieve its plans to confront this danger, which is difficult to determine at the present time.

(KPMG Hazem Hassan) m Hassan

Public accountants and consultants

Cairo, 20 May 2020

### Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at March 31,2020

(in EGP) Assets	Note No.	<u>31-Mar-20</u>	31-Dec-19
Non-current assets	110.		
Property, plant and equipment	(15)	122 025 733	118 201 877
Work in process		8 342 821	7 132 429
Goodwill	(16)	26 474 070	26 474 070
Investments in associates	(17)	26 462 812	59 243 897
Investments held to maturity	(18)	37 977 870	J9 243 897 -
Investments available for sale	(19)	37 501 488	57 208 357
Debtors and other debit balances	(20)	10 675 137	
Accounts receivable	(21)	1167 387 039	6 408 077 1464 259 565
Securitization surplus	(22)	28 640 866	50 238 493
Deferred tax assets	(13)	1 423 368	
Total non-current assets	( )	1 466 911 204	1 439 975 1 790 606 740
Due from related parties - debit	(33)	32 144 977	34 129 056
Deferred cost -insurance polices	(23)	2 657	218 259
Debtors and other debit balances	(20)	238 974 809	165 579 360
Accounts receivable	(21)	843 160 210	992 472 690
Treasury bills	(24)	1212 180 569	845 684 177
Conditional Bank Account	(25)	4 008 549	18 613 651
Cash and cash equivalent	(26)	106 218 198	126 623 828
Total current assets	. ,	2 436 689 969	2 183 321 021
Total assets		3 903 601 173	3 973 927 761
Shareholders' equity			
Paid-in capital	(27)	191 515 840	191 515 840
Legal reserve	(28)	63 172 149	53 034 169
Share premium reserve	(29)	754 446 602	750 409 142
Retained earnings	(30)	887 473 759	968 294 254
Equity attributable to the shareholders of			700 274 234
the parent company		1 896 608 350	1 963 253 405
Non Controlling Interest		57 806 667	66 401 653
Total equity & non controlling interest		1 954 415 017	2 029 655 058
liabilities			
Loans and overdrafts	(31)	1 047 479 746	1 194 226 780
Suppliers and other credit balances	(32)	5 214 341	5 250 044
Deferred tax liabilities	(13)	4 875 004	4 956 907
Total Non-current liabilities		1 057 569 091	1 204 433 731
Current liabilities			
Loans and overdrafts	(31)	400 303 348	345 389 630
Suppliers and other credit balances	(32)	311 967 652	265 186 227
Current tax liabilities	. ,	112 353 984	88 333 000
Due to related parties - credit	(33)	3 584 094	3 828 285
Insurance policyholders' rights	/	63 407 987	37 101 830
Total current liabilities		891 617 065	739 838 972
Total liabilities		1 949 186 156	1 944 272 703
Total shareholders' equity and liabilities		3 903 601 173	3 973 927 761
			0 7 . 0 727 701

<sup>\*</sup> The accompanying notes and accounting policies from page (6) to page (49) are an integral part of these financial statements. and are to be read therewith.

Mohamed Said

Financial Manager

Cairo May 20, 2020 Auditor's report "Attached"

Ayman El sawy Chief Financial Officer

Hazem Moussa Chairman & Managing Director

# Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments

# Consolidated Statement of Income for the period ended March 31,2020

	<u>Note</u> <u>No.</u>	<u>31-Mar-20</u>	<u>31-Mar-19</u>
Sales revenue - goods and services	(4)	840 320 378	408 694 627
Cost of sales - goods and services	(6)	(831 787 522)	
Income from transferred portfolios	(-)	2 989 653	( 399 390 694) 5 209 187
Income from financing activities	(5)	131 127 187	86 238 863
Securitization proceeds	` '	115 546 265	68 402 907
(Deficit) from insurance activities	(8)	(6098214)	00 402 907
Interest expense	•	( 62 628 432)	( 78 241 353)
Gross profit		189 469 315	90 913 537
Operating revenue	(7)	63 765 717	78 046 458
Services and collection revenue	(3-33)	55 000	164 025
Securitization net revenue	`(9) <sup>´</sup>	(31 518 256)	52 941 565
Administrative fees revenue	(10)	12 797 214	6 239 913
Operating expense	(11)	(3 449 523)	(13 166 980)
Net operating income	<b>(</b> )	41 650 152	124 224 981
Other revenue		1 090 249	171.500
Sales and distribution expense		(7 480 781)	174 523
General and administrative expenses	(12)	(7 480 781)	(5 760 292)
ESOP expenses	(12)	(4 037 460)	(63 323 828)
Board of directors allowances		(140 000)	(20.000)
mpairment of financial assets		(22 742 733)	(20 000)
Total profit of the period		121 846 828	(3 223 251) 142 985 670
rofit share from associates		10.666.000	
Oreign currency differences		10 666 930	23 226 546
Contingent provision		(33 988)	(206 387)
let profit for the period before tax		(2 173 324)	(2 677 299)
ncome tax	(12)	130 306 446	163 328 530
let profit for the period after tax	(13)	(36 521 881)	(35 448 812)
		93 784 565	127 879 718
vistributed as follows:			
where of the company		90 658 827	119 922 218
on controlling interest		3 125 738	7 957 500
ornings now shows for the		93 784 565	127 879 718
arnings per share for the period	(14)	0.08	0.17

	Translation of financia	al statements origi	nally issued in Arabic
ļ	Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments		
	Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period ended March 31,2	<u>020</u>	
	(in EGP)	31-Mar-20	<u>31-Mar-19</u>
7	Net profit for the period after income tax	93 784 565	<u>Adjusted</u>
	Total comprehensive income for the period	93 784 565	127 879 718
	Total comprehensive income distributed as follows:		
	Owners of the company	90 658 827	119 922 218
	Non controlling interest	3 125 738	7 957 500
	_	93 784 565	127 879 718
	* The accompanying notes and accounting policies from (C) to accompanying notes and accounting notes are accompanying notes are accompanying notes are accompanying notes are accompanying notes.		
	* The accompanying notes and accounting policies from page (6) to page (49) are an integrand are to be read therewith.	al part of these fin	ancial statements.
٦			
_ 			
_			
_ _}			
لـ ~			
_			
_]			
	3		

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the period ended March 31,2020

(in EGP)

	<u>Paid in capital</u>	Legal reserve	Share premium reserve	Retained earnings	Total owners of the company	Non controlling interest	Total equity
Balance at 1 January 2019	115 217 391	48 393 450	749 049 322	703 221 858	1615 882 021	40.020.477	1 664 040 400
Total comprehensive income for the financial period		ı	1	119 922 218	110 200 2101	49 000 477	1 004 942 498
Transactions with the owners of the company:					017 277 711	000 / 06 /	127 879 718
Legal reserve	!	873 703	ſ	( 873 703)	1	ı	
The share of non controlling interest in subsidiaries' capital	I	ı	I		1	2 000	1
Dividends	I	ſ	I	(35 858 255)	(35 858 255)	(12 966 532)	(48 824 787)
Balance at 31 March 2019	115 217 391	49 267 153	749 049 322	786 412 118	1 699 945 984	44 053 445	1 743 999 429
Balance at 1 January 2020	191 515 840	53 034 169	750 409 142	N3C NOC 896	201 020 0701		
employee stock ownershin nlan				107 107 000	1703 233 403	66 401 653	2 029 655 058
the process of the plant	ı	I	l	90 658 827	90 658 827	3 125 738	93 784 565
Transactions with the owners of the company:							
Share premium reserve ESOP	ı	I	4 037 460	r	4 037 460	ſ	4 037 460
legal reserve	ı	10 137 980	ı	(10 137 980)	1	ı	t
Dividends	I	1	ı	(161 341 342)	(161 341 342)	(11 720 724)	(173 062 066)
Balance at 31 March 2020	191 515 840	63 172 149	754 446 602	887 473 759	1 896 608 350	57 806 667	1 954 415 017

<sup>\*</sup> The accompanying notes and accounting policies from page (6) to page (49) are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the period ended March 31,2020 (in EGP)

	<u>Note</u> <u>No.</u>	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19 Adjusted
Cash flows from operating activities	<del></del>	•	
Net profit for the period before taxes		130 306 446	163 328 530
Adjustments for			
Property, plant and equipment depreciation	(15)	5 110 992	5 214 499
Impairments of financial assets		22 742 733	3 223 251
Interest revenue		( 36 583 222)	( 39 694 554
Finance Expense		62 628 432	78 241 353
Securitization proceeds		( 115 546 265)	( 68 402 907
Profit share from associates		( 9 068 595)	( 19 347 853
Contingent provision		2 173 324	2 677 299
		61 763 845	125 239 618
Changes in:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Accounts receivable		(1 267 146 999)	( 267 857 165)
Proceeds from sale of receivable portfolios		1 806 135 537	881 700 000
Accrued deferred cost from insurance policy		215 602	1 769 946
Suppliers and other credit balances		( 94 137 225)	3 306 107
Debtors and other debit balances		(76 594 863)	(58 559 487)
Related parties-debit		1 984 079	78 021 156
Related parties-credit		( 244 191)	902 395 036
Insurance policyholders' rights		26 306 157	-
Surplus of securitization process		21 597 627	(1 847 916 614)
Conditional Bank Account		14 605 102	301 466
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	•	494 484 671	(181 599 937)
Financing interest paid		(41 668 289)	(54 547 491)
Income tax paid		(12 566 193)	( 684 722)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		440 250 189	
Cash flows from investing activities	•	440 230 107	( 236 832 150)
Purchase of property, plant, equipment	(15)	( 8 947 199)	( 12 494 600)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	(10)	12 351	( 13 484 600)
Works in progress			3 343
Held till maturity investments		(1210392)	
Purchases of available for sale investments		( 37 977 870) 19 706 869	_
Proceeds from interest revenue			70 604 664
Payments for investment in subsidiaries		35 515 576	39 694 554
		(266, 406, 200)	9 999 800
Treasury Bills		(366 496 392)	(332 304 316)
Dividends from associates		41 849 680	38 921 203
The share of non controlling interest in subsidiaries' capital		<del>-</del>	2 000
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(317 547 377)	( 257 168 016)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Paid dividends		( 55 312 586)	_
Increase in Share premium reserve		4 037 460	-
Proceeds from banks and overdrafts		( 91 833 316)	( 148 533 515)
Net cash (used in) financing activities		( 143 108 442)	( 148 533 515)
Net change in cash and cash equivalent during the period		( 20 405 630)	( 642 533 681)
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the period		126 623 828	813 357 813
Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the period	(26)	106 218 198	170 824 132

<sup>\*</sup> The accompanying notes and accounting policies from page (6) to page (49) are an integral part of these financial statements. and are to be read therewith.

#### Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020
(All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

# Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E) Notes to the consolidated financial statements For the year ended March 31, 2020

#### 1. Reporting entity

#### 1-1 Legal status

- Sarwa Capital for Financial Investments (S.A.E) an Egyptian Joint Stock Company was established pursuant to Law No: 159 for year 1981 and its executive regulations as amended by law No. 3 for year 1998 and was registered in the commercial register under No. 37933 on March 30th 2009.

#### 1-2 Purpose of the company

- The company's purpose is represented in companies establishment participation that issue securities or capital increase considering applicable laws and regulation, provided that the necessary license is issued for the practice of these activities. The company may have an interest or participate in any manner with the companies that It shall carry out works similar to its work or which may cooperate to achieve its purpose in Egypt or abroad. It may also merge into these companies or buy thereto, in accordance with the law and the executive regulations.
- The company name was changed according to the extraordinary general assembly held on June 12, 2017 to be "Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments" and it was recorded in the commercial record of the company under number 78317 dated March 18, 2018 as a result the legal shape of the company changed from law no. 159 for year 1981 to capital market law no. 95 for year 1992
- The following schedule represents the subsidiaries of Sarwa Holding Capital for Financial Investments with the ownership percentage (control) over those companies which are consolidated as part of the consolidated financial statements as at March 31, 2020:

	<u>Contro</u>	l percentage
Company Name	<u>Direct</u>	<u>Indirect</u>
Contact Auto Credit	99.999%	-
Sarwa Asset Management	99.96%	-
Egyptian International for Trading and Investment	99.998%	-
Sawa Payment Systems	50.997%	-
Contact Leasing	99.9998%	-
Contact Factoring	74.99%	25%
Sarwa Insurance	84.980%	_
Sarwa Life Insurance	79.990%	-
Sarwa Promotion and Underwriting	99.996%	-
Sarwa sukuk	99,98%	-
*Contact Mortgage Finance	-	99.9998%

Translation of financial s Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E) Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ender (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)			;
*Wadi Degla Financial	-	50%	-
*Modern Finance	_	50%	
*Get Go Credit Service	_	99.9996%	
*Contact Insurance Brokerage	_	80%	
*Sarwa Securitization (owned by Egyptian International for Trading and Investment by 81% and 18% by Contact Auto Credit)	-	99%	
*Capital Real Estate	_	99.7%	
*Contact Egyptian International Motor Credit	_	50%	
*Contact Specialized Consulting	1%	99%	
*SMG auto credit	<u>-</u>	50%	

<sup>\*</sup> Represent the percentage of ownership of Contact Auto Credit in its subsidiaries which are controlled indirectly by Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investment.

50%

#### 2- Basis of accounting

### 2-1 The applicable accounting standards

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Egyptian Accounting Standards and relevant Egyptian laws and regulations.

The Board of Directors approved the issuance of the consolidated financial statements on May 20, 2020.

### 2-2 Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial Statements are presented in Egyptian Pounds which represents the company's functional currency.

#### 2-3 Use of judgments and estimates

- The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Egyptian Accounting Standards requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from those estimates,
- The Judgments and Estimates are reviewed periodically. Revision to estimates are recognized prospectively.

Notes to the Consolidated	Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic r Financial Investments (S.A.E) Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued) EGP unless otherwise stated)
	counting estimates is being recognized in the same period the estimate is unge is affecting this period only, or if the change is going to affect the in future period.
financial instrumer without deducting a based on the currer determined using th - In the absence of a instruments, then t consideration the ex the other similar in any other valuation - When using the dis flows shall be asses be determined in the	financial instruments is determined based on the market value of the act or the similar financial instruments on the financial statements date any estimated future sale costs. The value of financial assets is determined at purchase prices of these assets, while the value of financial liabilities is the current prices according to which these liabilities can be settled. In active market that is required to determine the fair value of financial the fair value is assessed using various valuation methods taking into schange rates currently prevailing, and guided by the current fair value of estruments in a significant manner (the discounted cash flow approach) or approach that results in reliable values.  Counted cash flow approach as an approach for valuation, the future cash sed based on the best management estimates. The used discount rate shall be light of the rates prevailing in the market on the financial statements date of financial instruments in terms of their nature and conditions.
2-4 Fair value meas The fair value measurem	surement nent of financial assets and liabilities is set up in accordance with these
levels:	
First level:	The quoted prices of fair value of financial instruments in active markets.
Second level:	The quoted prices of fair value of financial instruments in active market or the quoted prices from the fund's manager in which the company is investing or any other evaluation methods in which all the material important inputs are supported with market information either in a direct or an indirect way.
Third level:	Other evaluating methods which is not relayed on any factors with

material important inputs to comparable market information.

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued)

(All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

Financial assets	31 March 2020	31 December 2019	Level of fair value	Valuation techniques and main entries
	EGP	EGP		
Available for sale investments-shares	6 413 750	6 413 750	Third	Other valuation techniques
Available for sale investments-bonds	-	4 330 000	Second	Quoted prices in active market for financial
Mutual funds	3 789 038	12 922 083	second	Securities  Quoted prices in active market for financial securities
Securitization bonds SPV 32	27 298 700	33 542 524	second	Quoted prices in active market for financial securities

Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at March 31,2020

3- Operating segments
Segment information is presented in respect of the Group's business segments. The primary format, business segment, is based on the Group's management and internal reporting structure. Inter-segment pricing is determined on an arm's length

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic

basis. Segment results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment.

The group has 8 operating segments that are being financially reported to the management and these reports are exposing different products and services that are being managed separately because it required different technological and market

The revenue & expense and assets & liabilities analysis in the table below is based on the type of business activities and services that are distinguishable component.

For the the year ended March 31, 2020

Item	Car Finance	Car Finance Consumer Goods Finance Leasing		Insurance & Insurance	Mortgage	Factoring	Securitization&	, To	
Gross profit	162 343 799	C 99 9 50 7	470 667 0	DI ONCI ARE	!		sukuk	Omers	Total
Total and the state of the stat	771 010 101	700 000 C	7 152 952	(1.792.811)	9 369 053	( 670 088)	1	\$ 107.878	
Total operating income	96 917 173	4 456 769	(4 727 738)	439 141	E (23 210			070 / 67 6	189 469 315
Profit share from associates	ī	·		101 /01	010 700 0	310 213	14 585 203	8 271 199	125 884 288
Foreign currency translation				r	ţ	ı	1	10 666 930	10 666 930
	ı	1	ı	4 297	ı	1	1	(30 305)	000
ESOP	(2 274 971)	1	1	ı	11 767 4801			(10701)	(33,788)
Takaful health insurance provision	71 050 1/	347	:		(1 102 409)	1	1	ı	(4 037 460)
More than the state of the stat	(102 101)	(21419)	( 76 693)	(124 641)	( 23 098)	(27 498)	(546 273)	(385 097)	(7) 172 274)
and profit for the period before tax	93 379 095	4 435 290	(4 804 431)	318 807	3.916.721	1,200	,	(0=00)	(475 5/1 7)
Income Tax	(22 204 171)	(1 002 750)	1 225 610)	100000	2010/21	CI1.787	14 038 930	18 839 309	130 306 446
Net profit for the neriod After tax	44 444 004	(nc) = = = 1	(010 655)	(1 157 928)	(1 429 803)	( 424 981)	(7 101 442)	(2 975 196)	(36 521 881)
The later board are	11.14.924	3 432 540	(5 030 041)	(839 121)	2 386 928	(142 266)	6 937 488	15 864 113	03 794 666
Total current const.	1								200 101 200
A CIGIL CILL ASSCIS	706 105 849	105 759 265	349 938 564	218 352 974	156 105 829	195 831 400	315 619 019		200000000000000000000000000000000000000
Total non current assets	303 566 044	7 101 641	360 594 559	70 274 010	400		717 717 717	300 303 1/0	2 430 689 969
Total non current liabilities	140,005,461			670 117 61	476 343 380	10/ 28/ 718	46 022 533	84 519 110	1 466 911 204
	142 093 401	2 342 773	328 602 189	172 681	469 057 287	102 156 111	ı	13 142 589	1 057 569 001
Total current liabilities	130 031 138	51 942 210	195 089 369	113 165 406				700 711 01	160 600 700 1
				064 007 011	44 244 315	136 470 812	29 007 191	191 666 534	891 617 065

Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued)

(All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

4-	<u>Sales</u>	of goods	and	services	revenue

	<u>31-Mar-20</u>	<u>31-Mar-19</u>
Goods sold	825 985 867	394 960 981
Service sold	14 334 511	13 733 646
Total	840 320 378	408 694 627

# 5- Income from financing activities

	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Auto credit	70 245 517	35 984 041
Mortgages	18 355 354	13 595 943
Factoring	8 089 932	-
Leased assets contracts	26 810 249	28 963 416
Consumer goods installments	7 626 135	7 695 463
Total	131 127 187	86 238 863

# 6- Cost of sales - goods and services

	<u>31-Mar-20</u>	31-Mar-19
Cost of goods sold Cost of services sold Total	825 985 866	394 960 980
	5 801 656	4 429 714
	831 787 522	399 390 694

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended Moreh 21, 2020 (continued)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued) (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

#### 7- Operating revenue

	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Management and incentive fees	1 987 806	3 133 767
Other service revenue (Insurance)	749 583	10 244 226
Credit Interest (Insurance)	1 332 277	2 992 443
Interest revenue	36 583 222	41 365 264
Other operating revenue	23 112 829	20 310 758
Total	63 765 717	78 046 458

#### 8- (Deficit) from insurance activity

		<u>31-Mar-20</u>	
	sarwa insurance	sarwa life insurance	<u>Total</u>
Net income from insurance operations	31 543 116	14 643 709	46 186 825
Direct commission	(7 186 121)	(2897599)	(10 083 720)
Production cost	( 4 320 764)	(1097480)	(5 418 244)
General and administrative expenses	( 8 738 661)	(3 649 948)	( 12 388 609)
Provision for installments under collection	( 16 702 367)	(10 724 430)	( 27 426 797)
Net income from restricted investments	2 003 602	1 028 729	3 032 331
Total	(3 401 195)	( 2 697 019)	(6 098 214)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued) (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

#### 9- Securitization net revenue

	31-Mar-20	<u>31-Mar-19</u>
Interest income from financial rights portfolio	143 989 207	195 266 355
Proceeds from surplus of investments at custody	13 940 647	23 310 799
Interest from bonds loan and the amortization of securitization cost	(162 853 997)	(140 148 885)
Insurance policy cost	(3 701 713)	(5 022 245)
Collector fees	(55 000)	( 164 025)
Custody fees	(1 499 071)	(1 296 370)
Issuance fees	(21 338 329)	(19 004 064)
Proceeds from securitization process	(31 518 256)	52 941 565

#### 10-Revenues from administrative services

Revenues from administrative services amounted to EGP 12 797 214 during the period ended March 31, 2020 compared to EGP 6 239 913 during the period ended March 31, 2019.

A percentage of auto financing contracts is collected as administrative fees to offset sales commissions and some other administrative costs.

#### 11- Operating expenses

	<u>31-Mar-20</u>	<u>31-Mar-19</u>
Other services Cost (Insurance)	1 329 452	11 325 289
Experts fees	33 218	419 694
Other operating expenses	2 086 853	1 421 997
Total	3 449 523	13 166 980

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)	
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued) (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)	

12- General and administrative	e expenses
--------------------------------	------------

13-

Total

2- General and administrative expenses		
	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Salaries, wages and medical Care	47 399 313	38 318 367
Lease payments	-	272 650
Insurance	1 328 734	3 656 209
Property, plant and equipment depreciation	5 110 992	5 214 499
Professional and consultant fees	3 963 361	4 862 858
Branches and cars rent	4 673 300	2 020 361
Bank charges	500 231	494 762
Advertising, administrative expenses and stock exchange renewal	1 498 994	960 170
Vehicles related expenses	222 209	190 538
Miscellaneous expenses	11 264 780	7 333 414
Total	75 961 914	63 323 828
- Income Tax		
	<u>31-Mar-20</u>	<u>31-Mar-19</u>
Charged to income statement		
Current income tax	28 272 107	35 539 455
Deferred income tax	( 528 777)	(90 643)
Treasury Bills Tax	8 778 551	(70 043)
Total		25.440.040
	36 521 881	35 448 812
Deferred Tax Assets		
·	<u>31-Mar-20</u>	31-Dec-19
Property, plant and equipment (depreciation)	1 423 368	1 439 975

1 423 368

1 439 975

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)	
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued) (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)	

Deferred tax assets for the following items were not recognized for the group as there isn't enough assurance to use the benefits therefrom:

	<u>31-Mar-20</u>	31-Dec-19
Debtors and other debit balance impairment	1 754 337	1 754 337
Default reserve- Discounting portfolios	-	796 569
Accounts receivables impairment	2 287 039	1 095 786
Total	4 041 376	3 646 692
Deferred Tax Liability		
·	31-Mar-20	31-Dec-19
Property, plant and equipment (depreciation)	4 875 004	4 956 907
Total	4 875 004	4 956 907

### 14- Earnings per share

Basic: Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to shareholders' of the Parent company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

	<u>31-Mar-20</u>	31-Mar-19
Net Profit for the year after taxes for owners of the company	90 658 827	119 922 218
weighted average No. of ordinary shares	1 196 974 000	720 108 696
Earnings per share	0.08	0.17

Sarva Capital Holding for Financial Investments
Consolidated Statement of Income for the period ended March 31
(In EGP)

15- Property, plant and equipment									
Cost Relance at I Learness 2010	<u>Lands</u> <u>EGP</u>	Buildings EGP	Vehicles F	urniture and fixture Mach	inery & Equipment C EGP	Furniture and fixture Machinery & Equipment Computers and software Leasehold Improvement  EGP  FGP	sehold Improvement	assets right for use	Total
Marine 6-11-11	29 662 500	2 593 854	88 300	16 819 966	5 293 329	29 274 189	59 374 285	-	EGP 143 106 423
Auditions for the period Disposals during the neriod	1	ı	1	1 036 360	5 763 701	4 010 545	2 673 994	1	13 484 600
Total cost in 31 March 2019	'	٠	1	t	(17 200)	ı	(	ı	(000.121.7)
Dellares	29 662 500	2 593 854	88 300	17 856 326	11 039 830	22 794 724			(17.200)
Additions for the second	29 662 500	2 593 854	111 600	22 584 149	12 760 155	38 306 609	62 048 279		156 573 823
Additions for the period	1	ı	1	509 188	895 274	1 649 706	5 183 031	4 763 843	178 419 653
DOITED AND SHITTEN CHIEF TO	1	-	1	ì	(14825)	ı	ı		
Total cost in 31 March 2020	29 662 500	2 593 854	111 600	23 003 337	100 000				( 14 825)
Accumulated Depreciation				100 000 00	13 040 004	39 976 404	72 799 885	5 473 843	187 352 027
Accumulated depreciation in 1 January 2019	ŧ	324 232	191 19	5 348 758	2 975 204	19 700 563	374 977 0		
Depreciation for the period	1	32 423	3 733	471 788	330 081		7 / 10 /43		38 195 269
Accumulated depreciation for disposals	1	ı			too orr	1 544 557	2 881 917	ì	5 214 499
Total Accumulated depreciation in 31 March 2019				·	(13 857)	1	ı	1	( 13 857)
Accumulated degradation in 1 Lancour		356 655	71 500	5 770 546	3 291 428	21 245 120	12.660.662		12 200 011
recommuned ecpreciation in 1 January 2020	1	453 925	65 135	7 106 407	00% 63% 8	900 000 70	700 000		43 395 911
Depreciation for the period	1	32 423	216 9		007 701 1	066 662 07	21 320 719	210 000	60 217 776
Accumulated depreciation for disposals	ı	<u> </u>	£17.	495 845	260 190	1 667 019	2 034 639	316 161	5 110 992
Total Accumulated depreciation in 31 March 2020	1		·	1	(2474)	r	ſ	ı	(2474)
		486 348	69 850	7 602 252	5319916	27 966 409	23 355 358	526 161	65 326 294
Net as at 31 March 2019	008 683 80	3 227 100	000						
	000 700 07	661 167 7	709 91	12 085 780	7 748 402	12 039 614	49 387 617	1	113 177 912
Net as at 31 March 2020	29 662 500	2 107 506	41 750	15 491 085	\$ 320 688	12 009 995	49 444 527	4 947 682	122 025 733
Net as at 31 December 2019	29 662 500	2 139 929	46 465	15 477 742	7 997 955	12 027 308	46 296 135	4 553 843	118 201 877

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic
Salwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued)
(All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

# 16- Goodwill

<u>Company</u>	Description
Sarwa Securitization	In Sep.2006 Contact Auto Credit acquired Contact Egyptian International for Trade and Investment to reach an ownership percentage of 96.8 % (this company owns %81 of Sarwa Securitization)
Contact Auto Credit	In 10 Nov. 2013 the company acquired 999 990 shares from minority shareholders with total contribution 99.9%
Contact Leasing	In 31 March 2015 the company acquired 1 999 990 shares representing an ownership percentage of 99.995%.
The total goodwill amoun	ted to EGP 26 474 070 as at the acquisition dates.

# 17- Investments in associates

Company's Name	Ownership 31-Mar-20	<u>% of</u> Share	Ownership 31-Dec-19
Bavarian Contact Car Trading	13 609 020	49%	29 088 215
Star Auto Credit	6 101 216	33.4%	23 850 713
Ezz El-Arab - Contact Financial	4 253 076	49%	6 304 969
Motor Care Service	2 499 500	49.9%	-
Total	26 462 812		59 243 897

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued)

<u>31-Mar-20</u>	Bavarian Contact Car Trading	Star Auto Credit	Ezz Elarab/Contact Financial	Egyptian Credit Service
Total assets	134 024 639	51 720 081	31 715 589	5 000 000
Total liabilities	(106 261 946)	(33 452 966)	(23 035 842)	_
Net assets	27 762 693	18 267 115	8 679 747	5 000 000
Profit share from associates		10 66	6 930	
<u>31-Dec-19</u>	Bavarian Contact Car Trading	Star Auto Credit	Ezz Elarab/Contact Financial	Egyptian Credit Service
Total assets	195 518 106	103 558 650	44 039 318	_
Total liabilities	(136 165 217)	(32 149 330)	(31 172 035)	-
Net assets	59 352 889	71 409 320	12 867 283	
Profit share from associates		52 (01		
Note: The share of (Contact Auto credit Compan	y), a subsidiary of	the parent com	pany, of the losses	in
The share of (Contact Auto credit Compan both Motor Care Services and Motor Care	y), a subsidiary of Egypt exceeded th	the parent comes shareholding	pany, of the losses in the capital.	
The share of (Contact Auto credit Compan both Motor Care Services and Motor Care  18- Investments held till maturity	y), a subsidiary of Egypt exceeded th	the parent com	pany, of the losses in the capital.	
The share of (Contact Auto credit Compan both Motor Care Services and Motor Care	y), a subsidiary of Egypt exceeded th	the parent comes shareholding	pany, of the losses in the capital.  20 31-Dec	
The share of (Contact Auto credit Compan both Motor Care Services and Motor Care  8- Investments held till maturity  Investment certificate B - NBE  Treasury bonds - banque du caire	y), a subsidiary of Egypt exceeded th	the parent complex shareholding  31-Mar-  33 100 (4 877)	pany, of the losses in the capital.  20 31-Dec.  000 -  870 -  870 -	- <u>19</u>
The share of (Contact Auto credit Compan both Motor Care Services and Motor Care  18- Investments held till maturity  Investment certificate B - NBE  Treasury bonds - banque du caire	y), a subsidiary of Egypt exceeded th	31-Mar- 33 100 4 877 37 977 3	pany, of the losses in the capital.  20 31-Dec 20 31-Dec 3750 - 31-Dec 3750 6 4 4 33 4 33 4 33 4 33 4 33 4 33 4 33	- <u>19</u>

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued)

(All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

### 20-Debtors and other debit balances

	<u>31-Ma</u>	<u>r-20</u>	<u>31-De</u>	<u>c-19</u>
	Within a year	More than one year	Within a year	More than one year
Insurance companies - debit	7 797 055	_	7 797 055	_
Prepaid expenses	12 512 397	6 391 495	11 881 750	2 764 389
Advance payments to suppliers	118 244 918	-	66 239 360	_
Accrued revenue	50 981 970	-	20 505 382	-
Employees advances	6 396 160		6 600 138	. –
Tax authority	4 628 066	-	3 672 150	-
Other debit balances	20 500 916	4 283 642	50 776 653	3 643 688
Insurance and reinsurance companies	25 710 382	_	5 903 927	_
Deduct: Impairment	( 7 797 055)	_	( 7 797 055)	-
Net	238 974 809	10 675 137	165 579 360	6 408 077
Total	249 649	946	171 987	437

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued) (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

# 21- Accounts receivable

	<u>31-Mar-20</u>		<u>31-D</u>	ec-19
	Within a year	More than one year	Within a year	More than one year
Receivables-goods	569 332 511	332 658 966	893 242 651	813 327 013
Receivables-services	10 461 822	-	11 951 669	-
Leasing- accounts receivable	443 955 909	454 907 881	442 654 426	466 013 436
Factoring -accounts receivable	187 583 073	160 392 669	70 753 816	104 951
Receivables-mortgage	163 080 665	761 307 628	155 912 640	777 084 647
Transferred financial rights	52 997 205	18 770 847	56 138 733	27 884 299
Deduct:				
Credit Interest & deferred Insurance	( 529 783 241)	(552 486 977)	(604 743 915)	(613 656 404)
Impairment of Accounts Receivable	( 54 467 734)	(8 163 975)	(33 437 330)	(6 498 377)
Net	843 160 210	1 167 387 039	992 472 690	1 464 259 565
Total	2 010 5	47 249	2 456 73	32 255

Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Invest Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statem (All amount are shown in EGP unless other	ents for the period ended March 31, 2020	
22- Surplus of securitization processes  Contact Auto Credit group securitizes finance to Sarwa Securitization (Special Purpose En The following is a list of financial assets and Securitization:	tity)	
	31-Mar-20	31-Dec-19
Description of transferred financial assets/liabiliti	es that were disposed	
Financial Rights Portfolios Deferred cost- insurance Amounts collected for custodian Cash held with custodian	4 826 985 9° 4 969 34 5 771 30 240 957 5°	7 254 682 34 925 804
Total Financial Assets transferred Deduct: bond -principle	5 078 684 19 (5 050 043 33	96 4 491 705 484
Surplus of securitization processes	28 640 86	50 238 493
_ •	uritization meets the financial assets derecog	mition criteria offset
Surplus of securitization processes  The financial assets transferred to Sarwa Securitization between financial assets and liabilities has been securitized between financial assets and liabilities has been securitized by the securitization processes.	uritization meets the financial assets derecogen made for the group's consolidated financ	gnition criteria, offset ial statements.
Surplus of securitization processes  The financial assets transferred to Sarwa Securitization between financial assets and liabilities has been between financial assets and liabilities has been between financial assets and liabilities has been been been cost - insurance  The deferred cost - insurance policies amount EGP 218 259 as at December 31,	uritization meets the financial assets derecogen made for the group's consolidated financial assets derecogen made for the group's consolidated financial assets derecogen made for the group's consolidated financial assets derecognized the cost of instance as a second control of the cost of the	gnition criteria, offset ial statements.  20 compared to surance policies
Surplus of securitization processes  The financial assets transferred to Sarwa Securitization between financial assets and liabilities has been been been supported by the deferred cost of insurance policies are amount EGP 218 259 as at December 31, purchased with respect to cars sold to customer.	uritization meets the financial assets derecogen made for the group's consolidated financial assets as a set of the group's consolidated financial assets as a set of the group's consolidated financial assets as a set of the group's consolidated financial assets as a set of the group's consolidated financial assets as a set of the group's consolidated financial as a set of the group's consolidated financi	gnition criteria, offset ial statements.  20 compared to surance policies e contract term,
Surplus of securitization processes  The financial assets transferred to Sarwa Securitization between financial assets and liabilities has been been been been been been been bee	uritization meets the financial assets derecogen made for the group's consolidated financial assets as a set of the group's consolidated financial assets as a set of the group's consolidated financial assets as a set of the group's consolidated financial assets as a set of the group's consolidated financial assets as a set of the group's consolidated financial as a set of the group's consolidated financi	gnition criteria, offset ial statements.  20 compared to surance policies e contract term,
Surplus of securitization processes  The financial assets transferred to Sarwa Securitization between financial assets and liabilities has been been been supported by the deferred cost of insurance policies are amount EGP 218 259 as at December 31, purchased with respect to cars sold to customer.	uritization meets the financial assets derecogen made for the group's consolidated financial a	gnition criteria, offset ial statements.  20 compared to surance policies e contract term,
The financial assets transferred to Sarwa Sec between financial assets and liabilities has be because of the between financial assets and liabilities has be between financial	uritization meets the financial assets derecogen made for the group's consolidated financial a	gnition criteria, offset ial statements.  20 compared to surance policies e contract term, mancial year.
The financial assets transferred to Sarwa Sec between financial assets and liabilities has be between financial assets and lia	uritization meets the financial assets derecogen made for the group's consolidated financial a	gnition criteria, offset ial statements.  20 compared to surance policies e contract term, nancial year.  -Dec-19

106 218 198

126 623 828

Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued)

(All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

<u>31-Mar-20</u>	31-Dec-19
1 093 005	15 240 713
2 888 320	2 862 394
27 224	510 544
4 008 549	18 613 651
	1 093 005 2 888 320 27 224

26-	Cash and cash equivalent		
		<u>31-Mar-20</u>	31-Dec-19
	Banks - Current Accounts	92 332 244	116 833 849
	Cash on hand	7 706 350	3 580 665
	Time deposit	6 179 604	6 209 314

#### 27- Capital

Total

- Authorized capital amounts to EGP 600 Million with par value 10 EGP per share.
- Paid in and issued capital amounts to EGP 69 601 510 distributed over 6 960 151 shares with a par value of EGP 10 per share. All shares are ordinary shares and all issued shares are paid in full.
- On 14 April 2016 the capital was increased by 1 750 161 shares with a total par value of EGP 17 501 610 and was recorded in the commercial register.
- On 5 April 2017 the capital was increased by 968 378 shares with a total par value of EGP 9 683 780 and was recorded in the commercial register.
- On 14 May 2018 the extraordinary general assembly approved increasing the authorized capital by EGP 400 million to EGP 1 billion and the paid in capital by EGP 3 213 100 to EGP 100 million, in addition to a share split of 62.5:1, changing the par value from EGP 10 per share to EGP 0.16 per share, making the total number of shares 625 million instead of 10 million. This was recorded in the commercial register.
- The company's extraordinary general assembly dated 14 August 2018 approved the initial public offering of the company on the Egyptian Stock Exchange through a private and public placement.

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued)
(All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

The offering was executed on 11 October 2018 with a total of 295 170 731 shares, owned by some of the company's shareholders by 47.2%, with total proceeds of EGP 2 172 456 581, EGP 700 million of which are to be reinvested in the company in a capital increase at the same price of the offering.

- On 17 October 2018 the Board of Directors, with an authorization from the extraordinary general assembly dated on 14 August 2018, approved the increase of the issued and paid -up capital by 95 108 696 shares at EGP 7.36 per share which represent EGP 0.16 nominal value per share and EGP 7.2 increase in premium reserve per share, for a total amount of EGP 700 000 003.
- The increase took place on 5 November 2018. The total proceeds were recorded as EGP 15 217 391 in the share capital account with the balance of EGP 684 782 612 recorded in the share premium account.
- On May 9, 2019, the issued and paid-up capital have increased by a decision of the Company's Board of Directors held on March 3, 2019. The increase of the Company's capital through the issuance of 28 million shares at nominal value of LE 0.16 amounted to EGP 4,480,000, the total value of the increase is fully funded from the balance of retained earnings. The 28 million shares issued for the bonus and incentive system approved by the Egyptian financial regulatory Authority (FRA) on 26 February 2019. The issued and paid-up capital amounted to LE 119,697,391.
- On October 3, 2019 the issued and paid-up capital have increased by a decision of the Company's Board of Directors held on May 13, 2019 and authorized by companies extraordinary general assembly dated September 8, 2019 through distribution of free shares to shareholders according to their investment percentage by 3 shares for every 5 shares to be financed from retained earning balance with nominal value .16 Egyptian pound. The issued and paid-up capital amounted to 191 515 840 EGP distributed by 1 196 974 000 share.
- The following schedule represents the ownership structure at the financial position date:

Company Name	No. of Shares	Amount	Percentage
Consolidated Financial Holding	724 601 986	115 936 317	60.53%
Orascom investment holding	345 782 197	55 325 152	28.88%
Other shareholders	81 789 729	13 086 357	6.84%
ESOP*	44 800 088	7 168 014	3.75%
	1 196 974 000	191 515 840	100%

<sup>\*15 420 886</sup> shares were allocated to employees and 29 379 202 shares were not allocated.

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)  Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued)  (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)
28- Legal Reserve

Legal reserve balance on March 31, 2020 amounted to EGP 63 172 149 compared to EGP 53 034 169 as at December 31, 2019. According to Law 159 for the year 1981 and the Company's articles of association, 5% of annual net profit is transferred to the legal reserve. Upon the approval of the general assembly, the Company may stop such transfer when the legal reserve reaches 50% of the issued capital.

#### 29- Share premium reserve

The company's capital was increased on April 14,2016 and April 5, 2017 and November 5,2018 and October 3,2019 which results share premium reserve as follows:

Share premium reserve as at December 31, 2015	
No. of shares increased	1 750 161 shares
Amount of increase in capital	17501610 EGP
Share premium amount	28 780 324 EGP
Share premium reserve as at December 31, 2016	28 780 324 EGP
No. of shares increased	968 378 shares
Amount of increase in capital	9 683 780 EGP
Share premium amount	35 486 386 EGP
Share premium reserve as at December 31, 2017	64 266 710 EGP
No. of shares increased	95 108 696 shares
Amount of increase in capital	15 217 391 EGP
Share premium amount	684 782 612 EGP
Share premium reserve as at December 31, 2018	749 049 322 EGP
No. of shares increased	448 865 304 shares
Amount of increase in capital	71 818 449 EGP
Share premium amount	1 359 820 EGP
Share premium reserve as at December 31, 2019	750 409 142 EGP
Share premium amount	4 037 460 EGP
Share premium reserve as at March 31, 2020	754 446 602 EGP

According to law No.159 for year 1981 and its executive regulations, the amount of share premium is to be added to the legal reserve of the company up to reaching 50% of the issued capital. Any excess is recognized as a special reserve and cannot be distributed as dividends.

Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Inve Notes to the Consolidated Financial State (All amount are shown in EGP unless oth	estments (S.A.E) ements for the period ended N	tements originally issued in Arabic March 31, 2020 (continued)
30- Retained Earnings		
The legal reserves and general reserves for these consolidated financial statements has EGP 48 296 646 as at March 31, 2020, E In addition, the retained earnings include amount of EGP 310 200 814 as at March offering memorandum for the outstanding allowed to distribute any dividends unless	owever they should not be dis GP 33 842 544 as at December the retained earnings for Sar 31, 2020, EGP 202 569 460 g issuances state that Sarwa S	stributed. They amount to per 31, 2019.  Twa Securitization company with as at December 31, 2019 the Securitization company is not
31- Loans and overdrafts	<u>31-Mar-20</u>	31-Dec-19
	Mana than	37. 4

Total	400 303 348 1 447 78	1 047 479 746	345 389 630	1 194 226 780 516 410
Syndication loan	16 819 326	52 556 479	16 051 639	390 032 557
Egyptian Mortgage Refinancing Company	4 982 732	339 116 192	4 551 064	337 122 118
Short term facilities	240 018 374	_	130 650 781	_
Loans	138 482 916	655 807 075	194 136 146	467 072 105
	Within a year	More than one year	Within a year	More than one year

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic
Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued)
(All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

# 32-Suppliers and other credit balances

	<u>31-Mar-20</u>		31-Dec-19	
	Within a year	More than one year	Within a year	More than one year
Suppliers	17 605 768	-	43 060 172	_
Accounts Receivables - Credit balances	4 397 603	-	5 710 466	-
Tax authority	23 529 158		29 240 653	-
Custodian*	7 639 516	-	59 310 955	-
Accrued interest	20 960 143		20 507 038	_
Insurance and reinsurance companies	22 407 683	-	7 631 765	_
Accrued expenses	18 472 385	_	21 966 999	_
Deposits held with others	5 547 651	574 867	5 435 583	676 937
Insurance companies- credit	24 211 961		24 940 812	-
Default reserve-discounting portfolios	-	-	3 540 306	
Dividends-credit	117 749 480	-	-	_
Other credit balances	14 756 497	4 639 474	11 325 066	4 573 107
Contingent provision	34 689 807	-	32 516 412	_
<del>_</del>	311 967 652	5 214 341	265 186 227	5 250 044
Total	317 181 993		270 436 271	

<sup>\*</sup> According to the custody agreement between the company and the custodian, it was agreed that the company will collect the installments related to customers' contracts which are transferred to Sarwa Securitization on its behalf. Its they are subsequently transferred to the custodian, the balance above represents the collected amounts that have been subsequently transferred to the custodian.

Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued) (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

#### 33-Related Parties

#### 33-1 Financial Position Balances

be a maneral a difficult Datances			
Related Party		31-Mar-20	31-Dec-19
Due from related parties - debit	Relation Nature		
Star Auto Credit	Associate 33.4%	12 808 205	10 087 988
Motor Care Egypt	Associate 40.1%	1 612 966	1 492 805
Bavarian Contact Car Trading	Associate 49%	15 630 904	20 856 031
Ezz El-Arab - Contact Financial	Associate 49%	1 998 556	1 597 886
Tamwil Holding	Parent Company	64 063	64 063
Other shareholders		30 283	30 283
Total		32 144 977	34 129 056
Due to related parties - credit		31-Mar-20	31-Dec-19
Consolidated Financial Holding	Shareholder 60.53%	3 584 094	3 828 285
Total		3 584 094	3 828 285
33-2 Income Statements Transactions		31-Mar-20 Expense (R	31-Mar-19 sevenue)
Bavarian Contact Car Trading Operating Income - Management and	Associate 49%		
incentive fees		(1 735 192)	(306 000)
Star Auto Credit	Associate 33.4%		
Operating Income - Management fees		( 60 278)	(2 682 573)
Ezz El-Arab / Contact Financial	Associate by 49%		
Operating Income - Management fees		( 192 336)	( 145 194)
_		( 32 = 22 3)	( - 10 12 1)

ers of Sarwa Secuacts concluded with the custodian in of such fees as at March 31, 2019.	th Sarwa return for March 31,
acts concluded with the custodian in of such fees as at North tech 31, 2019.	th Sarwa return for March 31,
to the custodian in of such fees as at North 1966.	return for March 31,
of such fees as at Noch 31, 2019.	March 31,
rch 31, 2019.	
group as of March	
group as of March	
	31, 2020
	·
preparing needed c	locuments for
<u>31-Mar-20</u>	31-Dec-19
3 000 000	3 000 000
3 000 000	3 000 000
	3 000 000

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arab Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)  Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued)  (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)	ic
36-Guarantees and securities	
<ul> <li>Contact Auto Credit provided joint guarantees to each of the associated and subsidiary companies operating under Contact Auto Credit system and the credit limit is given on behalf of Contact Auto Credit, provided that the purpose of such credit limit and the use thereof shall be directed to finance the activity of the Company and/or finance an activity of any of the associated companies. Borrowing shall be carried out under the name of each company utilizing the credit facility separately and within the limit of the total credit facility granted to Contact Auto Credit.</li> <li>Each company remains committed to pay the liabilities and assume any losses and risks resulting from nonpayment. The balance of credit facilities secured by the joint guarantee as at March 31, 2020 amounted to EGP 389 999 862 compared to EGP 716 667 306 as at December 31, 2019.</li> </ul>	
This Disclosure presents information about to the extent to which the company is subject to the following risks resulting from using the financial instruments, the company's goals, policies and operations regarding the measurement and management of such risks and the company's capital management as well.  The company's Board of Director is responsible for setting the framework for the risk management process and its monitoring. The company's top management is the responsible for setting and monitoring the risk management policies and report on a regular base to the parent company the risk management activities.  The internal audit committee monitor the compliance of the company's top management with policies and procedures adopted for the financial risk management process and the adequacy of the current policies and procedures to manage the risks.	
Credit risk is the risk that a person or an organization defaults in the repayment of his obligations to the Group in respect of the terms and conditions of the credit facilities granted to him by the Group.  The company mainly faces credit risks from clients' receivable, notes receivable, sundry debtors, other assets, due from related parties and its financing activities including deposits in banks and financial institutions.  Client receivables  The credit risk is managed through the company's policies, procedures and control structure related to risk management. As the credit worthiness is being measured for each client separately through doing the needed investigation to assure good reputation and credit worthiness that the client have; also his ability to repay all his liabilities. The credit limit is being determined	

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)  Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued) (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)
according to this evaluation. A client's accounts to be always monitored. Impairment study is to be made at the financial position date.
37-2 Liquidity Risk
The liquidity risk is represented in the factors that could affect the ability of the group to repay all or part of its liabilities.
The management of the company observes the cash flows and the financing and liquidity requirements of the company. The aim of the company in achieving the balance between the financing continuity and flexibility through borrowings from banks. This is performed through monitoring expected and actual cash flows and matching the maturities of financial assets and liabilities.
The company has enough cash to pay the expected operating expenses which includes the financial liabilities.
37-3 Market risk
Market risk arises from the instability of the fair value of cash flows for financial instruments as a result of changes in market prices. Examples for market risks are foreign currency risk and interest rate risk, these risks may have effect the income of the company the financial instruments that are affected by market risk includes interest bearing loans and deposits. The purpose of managing market risk is to manage and control risk within acceptable limits and in the same time achieving sufficient returns. The company doesn't keep derivative financial instruments.
37-3-1 Interest rate risk
Interest rate risk arises from the sensitivity of earnings to future movements in the interest rate prices in the market. The management of the group decreases the interest rate risk through matching the interest rates applied for clients (fixed/variable interest rate) with the interest rates for the liabilities (borrowings) of the company.
37-3-2 Foreign currency risk
This risk is considered limited, as the value of the financial instruments in foreign currencies and different transactions that occur in a currency different from the presentation and functional currency, are not relatively influential from a management perspective.
38- Bases of Measurements - The financial statements are prepared on a historical cost basis except for financial
instruments that are measured at fair value, amortized cost or cost as appropriate.
instruments that are measured at fair value, amortized cost or cost as appropriate.  39- Significant accounting policies  - The accounting policies described below have been applied consistently during the

years/periods presented in these financial statements.

Notes to the	Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic tal Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)  Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued) are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)
39-1 ] - The trai me test	Business combination  e Group accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method when control is a specific to the Group. The consideration transferred in the acquisition is generally assured at fair value, as are the identifiable net assets acquired. Any goodwill that arises is ted annually for impairment. Any gain on a bargain purchase is recognized in profit or immediately. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except if related to the issue debt or equity securities.
	existing relationships. Such amounts are generally recognized in profit or loss.
obl is c equ rep	y contingent consideration is measured at fair value at the date of acquisition. If an igation to pay contingent consideration that meets the definition of a financial instrument classified as equity, then it is not premeasured and settlement is accounted for within city. Otherwise, other contingent consideration is premeasured at fair value at each corting date and subsequent changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration are ognized in profit or loss.
	ubsidiaries
	osidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is
	osed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the
	ity to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of
	sidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which
	trol commences until the date on which control ceases.
	Ion-controlling interests  n-controlling interest are measured at their proportionate share of the acquirer's
ider	ntifiable net assets at the date of acquisition.
- Cha	inges in the Group's interest in subsidiaries which do not result in a loss of control are
acco	ounted for as equity transactions.
- Who the Any	en the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognizes the assets and liabilities of subsidiary, and any related Non-controlling interest and other components of equity.  Veresulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss. Any interest retained in the former sidiary is measured at fair value when control is lost.

<u>.</u>

otes	Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabi Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E) to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued) nount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)
39	9-5 Investments accounted with equity method
-	Group's interests in equity- accounted investees comprise interests in associates and a joint
	venture.
-	Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not
-	Control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies. A joint venture is an
	arrangement in which the Group has joint control, whereby the Group has rights to the net
	assets of the arrangement, rather than rights to its assets and obligations for its liabilities.
-	Interests in associates and the joint venture are accounted for using the equity method. They
	are initially recognized at cost, which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial
	recognition, the consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or
	loss and other comprehensive income of equity accounted investees, until the date on which
	significant influence or joint control ceases.
	from intra- group transactions, are eliminated. Unrealized gains arising from transactions with equity accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealized losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealized gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.
39	0-7 Foreign currency
	Foreign currency transactions
-	Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currencies of the
	company at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.
-	Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the
	functional currency at the exchange rate at the financial statements date. Non-monetary
	assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into
	the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined.
	Non- monetary items that are measured based on historical cost in foreign currency are
	translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency differences
	2 and the state of

are recognized in other comprehensive income:

- However, foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the following items

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)  Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued) (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)
<ul> <li>available- for- sale equity investments (except for impairment in which case foreign currency differences that have been recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss);</li> <li>a financial liability designated as a hedge of the net investment in a foreign operation to</li> </ul>
the extent that the hedge is effective; and  understand the hedge is effective; and  understand the hedge is effective; and  understand the hedge is effective; and
39-8 Revenue Recognition
<ul> <li>a- Cars and goods sales and related services</li> <li>Revenues from selling cars and goods are recognized in income statement when the significant risks and rewards of ownership is transferred to the purchaser. The revenue from rendered services are recorded in income statement when the services are rendered. No revenue shall be recorded in case there is a doubt in respect of the reimbursement of the amount in consideration of this revenue or the related costs, or in case there is an expectation that sales returns shall be made or the administrative connection regarding the sold cars and goods shall continue to exist.</li> <li>Sales are represented in the value of cars and goods to be sold to customers at the cash selling price; however, the difference between the cash selling price and the total sale value are recognized as deferred revenue. These returns shall be recorded as revenues in the income statement. The same basis shall be applied in recording the revenues of other services represented in providing insurance services, and maintenance for the customers (Contact Service Club) through other companies specialized in this field and revenues from financial consulting.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>The value of the revenue is measured with fair value for the received or accrued payment for the company</li> <li>Interest income</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Interest income return is recognized in the income statement on the accrual basis using the effective interest rate.</li> </ul>
Effective interest method  This is a method to calculate the amortized cost for a financial asset or a financial liability  (or a combination of financial assets or financial liabilities) and allocates the interest cost and Interest income over the lifetime of the financial asset or financial liability using effective interest rate

 $\Box$ 

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)  Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued) (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)
<ul> <li>Effective interest rate</li> <li>This is an accurate rate used to discount future payments expected to be paid or collected over the term of the financial instrument (or less period if applicable) to determine the present value of financial asset or financial liability).</li> <li>c- Revenue from dividends</li> <li>Revenue from dividends resulting from group investments are recognized on income statement at the date of declaration.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>d- <u>Securitization profit</u></li> <li>The revenue from securitization transactions is recognized when the terms of derecognition of the financial asset are fulfilled for the asset that has been securitized. The revenue from securitization process is measured by the increase in the price transfer compared to the book value of the securitization portfolios in the date of transfer.</li> </ul>
39-9 Expenses  Rent Rental expense is recognized in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the contract duration.  Interest expense Interest expense on loans is recognized in profit or loss using the effective interest method.  39-10 Employee benefit
<ul> <li>Short – term employee benefits</li> <li>Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.</li> <li>Define contribution plans</li> <li>Obligations for contributions to be defined contribution plans are expensed as the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available.</li> <li>The Company pays contributions to the Public Authority for Social Insurance for their employees based on the rules of the social insurance law no 79 for the year 1975. The employees and employers contribute under this law with a fixed percentage of wages. The group's commitment is limited to the value of their contribution. And the Company's</li> </ul>
contribution amount expensed in profits and losses according to accrual basis.

Notes	Translation of financial statements originally issued in Aral a Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E) to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued) nount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)
-	Profit sharing to employees The holding company pays 10% of its cash dividends as profit sharing to its employees provided that it will not exceed total employees annual salaries. Profit sharing is recognized as a dividend distribution through equity and as a liability when approved by the Company's shareholders.
39-	11 Income Tax
-	The recognition of the current tax and deferred tax as income or expense in the profit or loss for the period, except in cases in which the tax comes from process or event recognized - at the same time or in a different period - outside profit or loss, whether in other comprehensive income or in equity directly or business combination.
-	Current income tax  The recognition of the current tax for the current period and prior periods and that have not been paid as a liability, but if the taxes have already been paid in the current period and prior periods in excess of the value payable for these periods, this increase is recognized as an asset. The current taxable liabilities (assets) for the current period and prior periods measured at expected value paid to (recovered from) the tax authority, using the current tax rates (and tax laws) or in the process to issue in the end of the financial period. Dividends are subject to tax as part of the current tax. But do not be offset for tax assets and liabilities only when certain conditions are met.
*	Deferred tax  Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purpose and the amounts used for taxation purposes.
-	<ul> <li>Deferred tax is not recognized for:</li> <li>Taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.</li> <li>Temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not:</li> </ul>
	<ol> <li>A business combination.</li> <li>And not affects neither accounting nor taxable profit nor loss.</li> <li>Temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint</li> </ol>

arrangements to the extent that the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)  Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued)  (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)
of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.
Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Future taxable profits are determined based on business plans for individual subsidiaries in the Company. deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date, and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.
<ul> <li>Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences using current tax rate or future expecting rate.</li> </ul>
- The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.
<ul> <li>Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria are met.</li> <li>39-12 Property, plant and equipment and depreciation</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>Recognition and measurement</li> <li>Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.</li> <li>If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.</li> <li>Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.</li> </ol>
<ul> <li>Subsequent expenditure</li> <li>Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Depreciation</li> <li>Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values using the (straight-line method) over their estimated useful lives for each item, and is generally recognized in profit or loss.</li> <li>Land is not depreciated.</li> </ul>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued) (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)	Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)  Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued) (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)	;
--	---	---

- Estimated depreciation rates for each type of assets for current and comparative periods are as follow:

<u>Asset</u>	<b>Depreciation years</b>
Building	20
Furniture	10
Computers	3-5
Machinery & equipment	5
Fixtures	10
vehicles	5

- Leased improvements depreciated on the less of the lease contract period or on the useful life of the asset.
- Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

# 39-13 Projects under Construction

- Projects under construction are carried at cost, less accumulated impairment, if any. Costs include all costs associated with the acquisition of the asset and bringing it to be ready for its intended use. Projects under construction are transferred to fixed assets when they become ready for their intended use.
- Then the group starts its depreciation using the assumptions that is used in depreciate the same types of the assets.

### 39-14 Goodwill

 $\Box$ 

- Goodwill arising on the acquisition of a subsidiary or a jointly controlled entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the subsidiary or jointly controlled entity recognized at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognized as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.
- For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cashgenerating units expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired.
- If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to

Notes t	Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E) to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued) ount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)
	the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount
	of each asset in the unit. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in a
	subsequent period.
-	On disposal of a subsidiary or a jointly controlled entity, the attributable amount of goodwill
	is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal. This applies as well on
	investments in associates, where goodwill is included within the carrying amount of the
	investment.
_	The Group's policy for goodwill arising on the acquisition of an associate is described
	above at "Investments in associates.
20.1	
39-1 -	5 <u>Earnings per share</u> Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit or loss attributable to ordinary
	equity holders of the parent company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares
	outstanding during the period/year.
	outstanding during the period/year.
39 <b>-</b> 1	6 <u>Dividends Distribution</u> Dividends distribution is recognized as a liability in the financial statements in the period in
	which the dividends are declared.
39-1	7 <u>Financial instrument</u>
-	The Company classifies non-derivative financial assets into the following categories:
	financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and debit balance, investment
	available for sale.
-	The Company classifies non-derivative financial liabilities into the following categories:
	financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and other financial liabilities.
1)	Non-derivative financial assets and financial liabilities – Recognition and de-recognition
-	The Company initially recognizes loans and receivables and debt securities issued on the
	date when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially
	recognized on the trade date when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions
	of the instrument.
_	The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows
	from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a
	transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial
	•
	asset are transferred, or it neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)  Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued)  (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)
rewards of ownership and does not retain control over the transferred asset. Any interest in such derecognized financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognized as a separate asset or liability.
<ul> <li>The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire.</li> </ul>
- Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously
2) Non-derivative financial assets – Measurement
First: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss  A financial asset is classified as at fair value through profit or loss if it is classified as held for-trading or is designated as such on initial recognition. Directly attributable transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value and changes therein, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.
Second: Loans and receivables
- These assets are initially measured at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.
<ul> <li>Third: Held-to-maturity financial assets</li> <li>These assets are initially measured at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.</li> </ul>
Forth: Available-for-sale financial assets  These assets are initially measured at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at fair value and changes therein, other than impairment losses and foreign currency differences on debt instruments, are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve. When these assets are derecognized, the gain or loss accumulated in equity is reclassified to profit or loss.

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)  Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued) (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)
<ul> <li>3) Non-derivative financial liabilities – Measurement</li> <li>- A financial liability is classified at fair value through profit or loss if it is classified as</li> </ul>
held-for-trading or is designated as such on initial recognition. Directly attributable
transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Financial liabilities at fair value
through profit or loss are measured at fair value and changes therein, including any interest
expense, are recognized in profit or loss.
- Other non-derivative financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value less any directly
attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured
at amortized cost using the effective interest method.
39-18 <u>Impairment</u>
Non-derivative financial assets - Financial assets not classified at fair value through profit or loss, including an interest in an
equity- accounted investee, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is
objective evidence of impairment.
- Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired includes:
<ul> <li>Default or delinquency by a debtor;</li> <li>Restructuring of an amount due to the Company on terms that the Company would not consider otherwise;</li> <li>Indications that a debtor or issuer will enter bankruptcy;</li> <li>Adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers or issuers;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>The disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties; or</li> <li>Observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the expected cash flows from a Company of financial assets.</li> </ul>
- For an investment in an equity security, objective evidence of impairment includes a
significant or prolonged decline in its fair value below its cost. The Company considers a
decline of 20% to be significant and a period of nine months to be prolonged.
First: Financial assets measured at amortized cost
- The Group considers evidence of impairment for these assets at both an individual asset and
a collective level. All individually significant assets are individually assessed for
impairment. Those found not to be impaired are then collectively assessed for any
impairment that has been incurred but not yet individually identified. Assets that are not
individually significant are collectively assessed for impairment. Collective assessment is
carried out by grouping together assets with similar risk characteristics.
- In assessing collective impairment, the Group uses historical information on the timing of
recoveries and the amount of loss incurred, and makes an adjustment if current economic

[..]

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued) (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)
--

and credit conditions are such that the actual losses are likely to be greater or lesser than suggested by historical trends.

- An impairment loss is calculated as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Losses are recognized in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account. When the Group considers that there are no realistic prospects of recovery of the asset, the relevant amounts are written off. If the amount of impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, then the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

## Second: Available-for-sale financial assets

- Impairment losses on available-for-sale financial assets are recognized by reclassifying the losses accumulated in the fair value reserve to profit or loss. The amount reclassified is the difference between the acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortization) and the current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognized in profit or loss. If the fair value of an impaired available-for-sale debt security subsequently increases and the increase can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized, then the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. Impairment losses recognized in profit or loss for an investment in an equity instrument classified as available-for-sale are not reversed through profit or loss.

#### Third: Equity-accounted investees

- An impairment loss in respect of an equity-accounted investee is measured by comparing the recoverable amount of the investment with its carrying amount. An impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss, and is reversed if there has been favorable changes in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

## Non-financial Assets

- At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than biological assets, investment property, inventories and deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

the increase of the capital.

from the executive regulations for law no. 159 for the year 1981; no dividends paid from these reserves and the legal reserve is allowed to be used to cover the company's losses and

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic
Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued)
(All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

### 39-21 <u>Capital</u>

# 1) Ordinary Shares

- Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognized as a deduction from equity. Income tax relating to transaction costs of an equity transaction are accounted for in accordance with EAS No. (24) "Income Tax".

## 39-22 Provisions

- Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events and that it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, the costs to settle related obligations are probable and a reliable estimate is made of the amount of the obligation.
- The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

# 40 -Significant Events

40-1 On March 18, 2019, the Minister of Investment and International Cooperation introduced amendments to some provisions of the Egyptian Accounting Standards issued thereby by virtue of Decree No. 110 of 2015, which include some new accounting standards as well as introducing amendments to certain existing standards. The most prominent amendments are as follows:

New or	A Summary of the Most Significant	The Possible	Date of Implementation
Amended	Amendments	Impact on the	
Standards		Financial	
		Statements	
The new	1- The new Egyptian Accounting	The	This standard No. (49)
Egyptian	Standard No. (49) "Lease Contracts"	Management is	applies to financial periods
Accounting	shall supersede and revoke Standard	currently	beginning on or after January
Standard No.	No. (20), "Accounting Rules and	assessing the	1st, 2020, and the early
(49) "Lease	Standards related to Financial	potential	implementation thereof is
Contracts	Leasing" issued in 2015	impact of	permitted if Egyptian
	2- The Standard introduces a single	implementing	Accounting Standard No.
	accounting model for the lessor and	the amendment	(48) "Revenue from
	the lessee where the lessee recognizes	of the standard	Contracts with Customers" is
	the usufruct of the leased asset as part	on the financial	simultaneously applied.
	of the company's assets and	statements.	Except for the above-
	recognizes a liability that represents		mentioned date of
	the present value of the unpaid lease		enforcement, Standard No.
	payments under the company's		(49) applies to lease
	liabilities, taking into account that the		contracts that were subjected
	lease contracts are not classified in		to Finance Lease Law No.
<u> </u>	respect of the leassee as operating I or		95 of 1995 and its

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E) Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued) (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated) finance lease contracts. amendments and were 3- As for the lessor, he shall classify treated according to Egyptian each lease contract either as an Accounting Standard No. 20. operating lease or a finance lease "Accounting rules and contract. standards related to financial 4- As for the finance lease, the lessor leasing" as well as the must recognize the assets held under a finance lease contracts that finance lease contract in the arise under and are Statement of Financial Position and subjected to Law No. 176 of present them as amounts receivable 2018 to the effect of with an amount equivalent to the regulating both financial amount of the net investment in the leasing and factoring lease contract. activities starting from the 5- As for operating leases, the lessor beginning of the annual must recognize the lease payments of reporting period in which operating lease contracts as income Law No. (95) of 1995 was either based on the straight-line revoked and Law No. (176) method or based on any other of 2018 was issued. regular basis. 44

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued)

(All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

New or	A Summary of the Most Significant	The Possible	Data of Incolors and disco
Amended	Amendments	Impact on the	Date of Implementation
Standards	rinondinonts	Financial	
		Statements	
The new	1-The new Egyptian Accounting	The	
Egyptian	Standard No. (47), "Financial	Management is	This standard applies to
Accounting	Instruments", supersedes the	currently	financial periods
Standard	corresponding related issues included in	assessing the	beginning on or after
No. (47)	the Egyptian Accounting Standard No.	potential	January 1st, 2020, and the
"Financial	(26), "Financial Instruments:	impact of	early implementation
Instruments"	Recognition and Measurement".	implementing	thereof is permitted;
	Accordingly, Egyptian Accounting	the amendment	provided that the amended
	Standard No. 26 was amended and	of the standard	Egyptian Accounting
	reissued after cancelling the paragraphs	on the financial	Standards Nos.(1), (25),
	pertaining to the issues addressed in the	statements.	(26) and (40) are to be
	new Standard No. (47) and the scope of		simultaneously applied.
	the amended Standard No. (26) was		(postponed)
	specified and intended to deal only with		
	limited cases of Hedge Accounting		
	according to the choice of the enterprise.		
	2- Pursuant to the requirements of the		
	Standard, financial assets are classified	ì	
	based on their subsequent measurement whether at amortized cost, or fair value		
	through other comprehensive income or		
	at fair value through profit or loss, in		
	accordance with the enterprise business		
	model for managing financial assets and		1
:	the contractual cash flow characteristics		
	of the financial asset.		
	3-When measuring the impairment of		
	financial assets the Incurred Loss Model		
	is replaced by the Expected Credit Loss		1
	(ECL)Models, which requires		
	measuring the impairment of all		
	financial assets measured at amortized		
	cost and financial instruments measured		
	at fair value through other		
	comprehensive income from their initial		
	recognition date regardless whether		
	there is any indication of the occurrence		
	of loss event.		
	4-based on the requirements of this		
	standard the following standards were amended:		
	Egyptian Accounting Standard No. (1)"Presentation of Financial		These every to
	Statements" as amended in 2019 ]		-These ammendments are
	-Egyptian Accounting Standard No. (4)		effective as of the date of
	-"Statement of Cash Flows".		implementing Standard
	-Egyptian Accounting Standard No. (25)		]No. (47)
·	25)   45	L	

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic

Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued)

(All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

	- "Financial Instruments: PresentationEgyptian Accounting Standard No. (26)		
	- "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement".		
	Egyptian Accounting Standard - EAS No. (40) - "Financial Instruments: Disclosures"		
The new	1. The new Egyptian	The	Standard No(48) applies
Egyptian Accounting Standard No(48) "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"	Accounting Standard No. (48) - "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" shall supersede the following standards and accordingly such standards shall be deemed null and void: a-Egyptian Accounting Standard No. (8) - "Construction Contracts" as amended in 2015. b-Egyptian Accounting Standard No. (11) - "Revenue" as amended in 2015.  2. For revenue recognition, Control Model is used instead of Risk and Rewards Model.  3. incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer are recognized as an asset if the enterprise expects to recover those costs and the costs of fulfilling the contract are to be recognized as an asset when certain conditions are met  4. the standard requires that contract must have a commercial substance in order for revenue to be recognized  5. Expanding in the presentation and disclosure requirements	Management is currently assessing the potential impact of implementing the amendment of the standard on the financial statements	financial periods beginning on or after January1st, 2020, and the early implementation thereof is permitted (postponed)

Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued) (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)

Amended Standards  Egyptian Accounting Standard No. (42) )as ammended " Consolidated Financial Statements"  Statements"  Some paragraphs related to the exclusion of the Investment Entities from the consolidation process were added. This amendment to some of the standards related to the subject of the Investment Entities.  The standards related to the exclusion of the Investment Entities amendment is currently assessing the potential impact of implementing the amendment of the standard on the financial statements  - (ESA 15) Related Party Disclosures - (ESA 17)Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements - (ESA 18) Investments in Associates - (ESA 29)Business Combinations - ESA(30) Periodical Financial  Statements  Impact on the Financial Statement is currently assessing the potential impact of implementing the amendment of the standard on the financial statements.  - (ESA 17)Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements - (ESA 29)Business Combinations - ESA(30) Periodical Financial  Statements  Financial Statements  Amendments  The Statements  The Management is currently assessing the potential impact of implementing on the financial statements.  - (ESA 17)Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements - (ESA 29)Business Combinations - ESA(30) Periodical Financial  Statements  Financial Statements  Financial Statements  Financial Statements  Amendments  The Statements  The Management is currently assessing the potential impact of implementing on the financial statements.	New or	A Summary of the Most Significant	The Possible	Date of Implementation
Egyptian Accounting Standard No. (42) )as ammended " Consolidated Financial Statements Statements"  Some paragraphs related to the exclusion of the Investment Entities from the consolidation process were added. This amendment has resulted in introducing an amendment to some of the standards related to the subject of the Investment Entities. The standards that were ammended are as follows:  - (ESA 15) Related Party Disclosures - (ESA 17)Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements - (ESA 18) Investments in Associates - (ESA 29)Business Combinations - ESA(30) Periodical Financial  Financial Statements  The Management is currently beginnin assessing the potential impact of implementing the amendment of the standard on the financial statements.  - (ESA 17)Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements - (ESA 24) Income Taxes - (ESA 29)Business Combinations - ESA(30) Periodical Financial  Financial Statements  Financial Management is currently beginnin assessing the potential impact of implementing the amendment on the financial statements.  - (ESA 18) Investments in Associates - (ESA 29)Business Combinations - ESA(30) Periodical Financial  Financial Statements  Financial Statements  Financial Statements  The Management is currently beginnin assessing the potential impact of implementing the amendment on the financial statements.			1	Date of implementation
Some paragraphs related to the exclusion of the Investment Entities from the consolidation process were added. This amendment has resulted in introducing an amendment to some of the standards related to the subject of the Investment Entities. The standards that were ammended are as follows:  - (ESA 15) Related Party Disclosures - (ESA 17)Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements - (ESA 18) Investments in Associates - (ESA 24) Income Taxes - (ESA 29)Business Combinations - ESA(30) Periodical Financial Statements  Some paragraphs related to the exclusion of the Investment is currently assessing the potential impact of implementing the amendment of the standard on the financial statements.  - (ESA 17)Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements - (ESA 24) Income Taxes - (ESA 29)Business Combinations - ESA(30) Periodical Financial  Some paragraphs related to the exclusion Management is currently assessing the potential impact of implementing the amendment of the standard on the financial statements.	Standards		-	
Accounting Standard No. (42) ) as ammended " Consolidated Financial Statements"  of the Investment Entities from the consolidation process were added . This amendment has resulted in introducing an amendment to some of the standards related to the subject of the Investment Entities. The standards that were ammended are as follows:  - (ESA 15) Related Party Disclosures - (ESA 17)Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements  - (ESA 18) Investments in Associates - (ESA 29)Business Combinations - ESA( 30) Periodical Financial Statements  The Management is currently assessing the potential impact of implementing the amendment of the standard on the financial statements.  The standards that were ammended are as follows: - (ESA 17)Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements - (ESA 29)Business Combinations - ESA( 30) Periodical Financial Statements  The Management is currently assessing the potential impact of implementing the amendment of the standard on the financial statements.	Fountian	Some never replaced to the time		
Other Butter	Accounting Standard No. (42) )as ammended " Consolidated Financial	of the Investment Entities from the consolidation process were added. This amendment has resulted in introducing an amendment to some of the standards related to the subject of the Investment Entities.  The standards that were ammended are as follows:  - (ESA 15) Related Party Disclosures - (ESA 17)Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements - (ESA 18) Investments in Associates - (ESA 24) Income Taxes - (ESA 29)Business Combinations - ESA(30) Periodical Financial Statements - EAS (44) Disclosure of Interests in	Management is currently assessing the potential impact of implementing the amendment of the standard on the financial	This standard applies to financial periods beginning on or after January 1st, 2020, and the early implementation thereof is permitted.  -The new or amended paragraphs Pertaining to the amended standards concerning the investment entities shall apply on the effective date of Egyptian Accounting Standard No. (42) "Consolidated Financial Statements", as amended and issued in 2019(postponed)

40-2 On April 12, 2020, the Financial Regulatory Authority issued a decision to postpone the application of the new accounting standards and the accompanying amendments issued in Resolution No. (69) of 2019 to the periodic financial statements issued during the year 2020 for the current conditions in the country through the outbreak of the new Corona virus and the necessary effects Economic and financial related, as well as the application of preventive measures and countering its spread from imposing restrictions on the presence of human resources in companies at their full capacity on a regular basis. And companies applying these standards and these operations to the annual financial statements of companies at the end of 2020 and including the comprehensive impact for the whole year by the end of 2020 with companies 'commitment to adequately disclose in their periodic lists during 2020 about this fact and its accounting effects if any.

And based on the company's keenness to adhere to the application of the standard on the periodic financial statements that will be issued during the financial year 2020. The company uses its internal and external experiences to start implementation of the application of the new Egyptian accounting standards and the accompanying amendments to the financial statements that will be issued during the financial year 2020 and once final results are reached It will make sufficient disclosures on its periodic financial statement during 2020.

Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)  Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued)  (All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)
<ul> <li>40-3 Most countries of the world, including Egypt, were exposed during the first quarter of 2020 to a state of slowdown and economic contraction as a result of the Covid-19 pandemic, and the governments of the world, including the Egyptian government, made packages of precautionary measures to prevent the spread of the epidemic. These procedures led to a state of economic slowdown at the global and local levels, which affected its impact on all activities in different ways.</li> <li>Regarding to the company's activities, the effects are:</li> <li>1- Reducing the number of employees working at the company's headquarters and branches</li> <li>2- Collection rates for some clients working in sectors directly affected by the crisis are potentially impacted</li> <li>3- The company's volumes of new financing to clients are impacted</li> <li>4- The finances of corporate clients have been affected</li> <li>5- The suspension of services by some government agencies, in particular notary public</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>services, new vehicle registration and Courts.</li> <li>1- The Financial Regulatory Authority took measures to ease the impact on clients of mortgage, leasing and factoring companies, directing companies to defer all client obligations for a period of six months without delay penalties.</li> <li>2- On March 22, 2020, the Central Bank instructed banks to defer clients's loan obligations for a period of six months without delay penalties</li> <li>Based on the specific effects mentioned above, it may have a significant impact on the elements of assets, liabilities and business results in the company's financial statements during the first quarter of 2020 and the following periods.</li> <li>The size and nature of the most significant or potential financial impacts of this risk on the items of the financial statements and the company's activities during the following period and periods are summarized in:</li> </ul>
- Clients' credit default risk.  - Defaults or breaches in the financial obligations with company's lenders  However, besides the measures taken by the government to support these activities, such as reducing the interest rate and postponing the payment of debts, the company's management has taken several measures to mitigate the above risks and reduce and mitigate the impact on its financial position, as follows:

_	ľ	Translation of financial statements originally issued in Arabic Sarwa Capital Holding for Financial Investments (S.A.E)  Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2020 (continued)  All amount are shown in EGP unless otherwise stated)
	1-	The company has provided the necessary technological infrastructure for employees so that they can perform their work outside the company's headquarters and branches
	2-	All company's financial covenants have been tested, and the company's ability to fulfill its commitment to all financial covenants with lenders has been verified
	3-	The company has measured the possible delay rates and contingent provisions of EGP 12 million have been made to mitigate any potential increase in default rates that may arise, with the company's management periodically reviewing collection rates
	4-	In coordination with the Financial Regulatory Authority and other companies operating in the securitization market, Sarwa Securitization moved to adjust tenors of outstanding securitization bonds to enable various underlying portfolio's services to adjust the terms of their contracts without affecting the credit rating of issuances
	5-	The company approached the clients of financial leasing, real estate, mortgages and factoring portfolios to determine whether they want to defer their financial dues, in order to proceed in implementing the FRA's decision after fulfilling all necessary documentation
	6-	The company is coordinating with lenders regarding the Ccentral Bank's decision to defer loans in case such a step is needed