REVIEW REPORT AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

Separate financial statements - For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

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Review report

To: The Board of Directors of Edita Food Industries Company (S.A.E.)

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying separate statement of financial position of Edita Food Industries (S.A.E.) as of 30 September 2021 and the related separate statements of profit or loss, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the nine months period then ended, and notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these Separate interim financial statements in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these Separate interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with Egyptian Standard on Review Engagements No. 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Statements Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of Separate interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Egyptian Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on these Separate interim financial statements.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying separate interim financial statements do not present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of Edita Food Industries (S.A.E.) as of 30 September 2021, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the nine months period then ended in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards.

Ashraf Mamdouh R.A.A. 26231

F.R.A. 383

2 November 2021 Cairo Separate statement of financial position - At 30 September 2021

(All amounts in Egyptian Pounds)		30 September	31 December
	Note	2021	2020
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	5	1,795,603,547	1,789,633,324
Intangible assets	6	165,705,675	166,552,579
Investments in subsidiaries	7	179,774,445	179,774,445
Total non-current assets		2,141,083,667	2,135,960,348
Current assets			
Inventories	8	350,599,642	248,328,281
Trade and other receivables	9	158,783,664	74,357,083
Due from related parties	10	16,174,836	14,590,757
Financial assets at amortised cost	11	690,192,707	499,232,147
Cash and bank balances	12	47,301,180	143,662,933
Total current assets		1,263,052,029	980,171,201
Total assets		3,404,135,696	3,116,131,549
Equity and liabilites			
Equity	1.0	144 (11 (00	145 072 590
Share capital	13	144,611,688	145,072,580
Legal reserve	14	72,536,290	72,536,290
Treasury shares	13	1 505 770 510	(22,556,296)
Retained earnings		1,595,779,519	1,500,637,889 1,695,690,463
Total equity		1,812,927,497	1,095,090,405
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	15	352,539,129	510,367,243
Deferred government grant	15	9,277,655	9,271,911
Employee benefit obligations	16	19,713,305	20,164,016
Deferred tax liabilities, net	17	167,461,847	153,582,847
Total non-current liabilities		548,991,936	693,386,017
		W	
Current liabilities			
Provisions	18	24,744,758	25,408,958
Bank overdraft	19	290,416,559	64,311,046
Trade and other payables	20	517,928,814	446,928,307
Due to related parties	10	39,301,781	4,280
Borrowings	15	145,352,581	142,819,780
Current income tax liabilities, net	21	24,471,770	47,582,698
Total current liabilities		1,042,216,263	727,055,069
Total liabilities		1,591,208,199	1,420,441,086 3,116,131,549
Total equity and liabilites		3,404,135,696	3,110,131,349

- The accompanying notes on pages 7 to 43 form an integral part of these separate financial statements.

- Review report attached

M. Sameh Naguib Vice President - Finance Eng. Hani Berzi Chairman

2 November 2021

Giza

Separate statement of profit or loss
For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(All amounts in Egyptian Pounds)

*12)	Nine months period ended 30 September		Three months 1	
Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
	3,031,760,601	2,259,977,442	1,146,640,945	852,517,703
27	(2,318,180,418)	(1,657,880,289)	(894,182,441)	(617,403,299)
•	713,580,183	602,097,153	252,458,504	235,114,404
22	32,642,651	61,447,892	7,872,807	24,760,594
27		(120,991,711)	(62,459,902)	(37, 107, 424)
27	. , , ,	(192,439,354)	(55,886,474)	(61,179,002)
23		(23,990,900)	(4,444,315)	(8,815,831)
•	371,953,603	326,123,080	137,540,620	152,772,741
24	17,690,315	4,733,093	5,955,341	8,456,503
	389,643,918	330,856,173	143,495,961	161,229,244
25	(89,356,884)	(77,157,059)	(32,255,090)	(37, 196, 768)
	300,287,034	253,699,114	111,240,871	124,032,476
26	0.42	0.35	0.15	0.17
26	0.42	0.35	0.15	0.17
	Note 27 22 27 27 27 23 24 25	Nine months p	Note 30 September Note 2021 2020 3,031,760,601 2,259,977,442 (2,318,180,418) (1,657,880,289) 713,580,183 602,097,153 22 32,642,651 61,447,892 27 (177,253,844) (120,991,711) 27 (184,554,599) (192,439,354) 23 (12,460,788) (23,990,900) 371,953,603 326,123,080 24 17,690,315 4,733,093 389,643,918 330,856,173 25 (89,356,884) (77,157,059) 300,287,034 253,699,114	Nine months period ended 30 September 30 Sept

⁻ The accompanying notes on pages 7 to 43 form an integral part of these separate financial statements.

Separate statement of comprehensive income For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(All amounts in Egyptian Pounds)

	Nine months period ended 30 September		Three months 30 Sept	•	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Profit for the period	300,287,034	253,699,114	111,240,871	124,032,476	
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax		-			
Total comprehensive income for the period	300,287,034	253,699,114	111,240,871	124,032,476	

⁻ The accompanying notes on pages 7 to 43 form an integral part of

Separate statement of changes in equity
For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(All amounts in Egyptian Pounds)			Treasury	Retained	
	Share capital	Legal reserve	Shares	carnings	Total
Balance at 31 December 2019 and	1 1 7 0 7 2 7 0 8	72 71 700		1 201 122 201	1 500 501 101
1 January 2020	145,072,580	72,536,290		1,291,155,291	1,508,764,161
Change of equity in 2020					
Profit for the period		_	-	253,699,114	253,699,114
Total comprehensive income for the period			-	253,699,114	253,699,114
Shareholders transactions					
Acquisition of treasury shares	-	-	(22,556,296)	-	(22,556,296)
Dividends distribution for 2019	-	*	-	(179,972,580)	(179,972,580)
Balance at 30 September 2020	145,072,580	72,536,290	(22,556,296)	1,364,881,825	1,559,934,399
Balance at 31 December 2020 and			(44 44 40 6)	4 #00 C3M D00	1 20 5 200 123
1 January 2021	145,072,580	72,536,290	(22,556,296)	1,500,637,889	1,695,690,463
Change of equity in 2021					
Profit for the period	-	_	_	300,287,034	300,287,034
Total comprehensive income for the period		_	_	300,287,034	300,287,034
Shareholders transactions					
Write off treasury shares	(460,892)	-	22,556,296	(22,095,404)	-
Dividends distribution for 2020		-	-	(183,050,000)	(183,050,000)
Balance at 30 September 2021	144,611,688	72,536,290	-	1,595,779,519	1,812,927,497

⁻ The accompanying notes on pages 7 to 43 form an integral part of these separate financial statements.

Separate statement of cash flows

For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(All amounts in Egyptian Pounds)		30 September	30 September
	Notes	2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit for the period before income tax		389,643,918	330,856,173
Adjustments for:		000,000,000	,,
Provisions	22	1 079 100	10,974,456
	23	1,978,109	
Provisions no longer required	22	-	(42,075)
Provision for employee benefit obligation	23	1,500,000	6,750,000
Interest expenses	24	39,510,882	55,990,224
Interest income	24	(51,321,387)	(56,754,436)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	5	96,237,828	88,240,782
Amortization of intangible assets	6	2,002,488	1,966,190
Provision of slow moving inventory	23	1,403,277	616,500
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	22	(3,051,824)	(762,690)
Foreign currency exchange (gain)		3,874,965	(7,020,348)
Grant income		(2,808,806)	420 014 776
Language State		478,969,450	430,814,776
Inventories		(103,577,696) (84,426,581)	(13,355,599) (52,775,213)
Trade and other receivables		(1,584,079)	(2,887,965)
Due from related parties Trade and other payables		103,568,524	7,127,110
Due to related parties		39,297,501	19,605,167
Provision utilized		(2,739,251)	(288,383)
Payments of employee benefit obligations		(1,950,711)	(307,680)
Dividends paid to Company's employees		(37,038,202)	(31,325,209)
Cash inflow from operating activities		390,518,955	356,607,004
Interest paid		(39,640,704)	(53,875,140)
Income taxes paid		(98,588,812)	(105,719,651)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		252,289,439	197,012,213
r -			127,101.20,
Cash flows from investing activities		(134,592,689)	(139,742,094)
Payment of property, plant and equipment Payment of intangible assets		(134,392,009)	(906,630)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	5	4,918,206	770,132
Interest received	,	41,494,627	59,582,521
Payment for purchase of treasury bills		(516,076,516)	(58,079,400)
Proceeds from treasury bills		287,526,296	476,336,397
Net cash inflow (outflow) from investing activities		(316,730,076)	337,960,926
Cash flows from financing activities			
Dividends paid to company's shareholders		(150,000,000)	(145,072,580)
Acquisition of treasury shares		(150,000,000)	(22,556,297)
Proceeds from borrowings		99,542,407	108,428,796
Repayment of borrowings		(254,985,456)	(163,436,310)
Net cash (outflow) from financing activities		(305,443,049)	(222,636,391)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(369,883,686)	312,336,748
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		237,454,443	31,172,887
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	12	(132,429,243)	343,509,635
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⁻ The accompanying notes on pages 7 to 43 form an integral part of these separate financial statements.

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

1. General information

Edita Food Industries S.A.E. was established on 9 July 1996, under the investment Law No. 230 of 1989 which had been replaced by law No. 8 of 1997 and the capital market Law No. 95 of 1992 and is registered in the commercial register under number 692 Cairo, and the company's period is for 25 years.

The Company is located in Sheikh Zayed city - Central Axis, Giza.

The company provides manufacturing, producing and packing of all food products and producing and packing of juices, jams, readymade food, dry goods, cakes, pastry, dairy products, meat, vegetables, fruits, chocolate, vegetarian products and other food products with all necessary ingredients, the company is registered in Egypt and London's stock exchange.

The main shareholders are Quantum Investment BV which owns 41.95% of the Company's share capital and the Bank of New York Mellon "depositary bank for shares traded in London Stock Exchange" which manages 11.96% of the Company share capital and Kingsway Fund Frontier Consumer Franchises which owns 6.31% of Company's share capital and other shareholders owning 39.78% of company's share capital.

These separate financial statements have been approved by the Chairman and Managing Director on 2 November 2021, and the General Assembly of shareholders has the right to amend the separate financial statements after being approved.

2. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these separate financial statements are set out below which have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

A. Basis of preparation

The separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards (EASs) and applicable related laws and regulations. The separate financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for employees' end of services obligations, which is measured by the present value of the obligation.

The preparation of separate financial statements in conformity with Egyptian Accounting Standards (EAS) requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the separate financial statements are disclosed in Note (4).

Egyptian Accounting Standards (EAS) requires referring to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) in treating certain balances and transactions, which have not been covered in any Egyptian Accounting Standards or legal requirements.

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

B. Foreign currency translation

(1) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the separate financial statements of each of the company's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency') (Egyptian Pounds). The separate financial statements are presented in Egyptian Pounds which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

(2) Transaction and balances

Transactions in foreign currency during the period are recognised at the initial recognition with the functional currency of the company on the basis of translation of foreign currency which is the transaction is recorded with using the exchange intraday prevailing rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction, as well as monetary items translated or translation of items in foreign currency using the closing rate at the end of each fiscal period. And the company recognizes foreign currency revaluation differences resulting from the settlement of monetary items or for the translation of monetary items - by using the exchange rates different from those used in the translation at initial recognition in the same period or in previous financial statements - and within profit or loss in the period in terms of where these differences arise except when the postponement of the currency translation differences on the nature of the non-monetary items in the other comprehensive income, which is an effective part of the process to cover the net investment in a foreign currency or the effective portion of cash flow to cover the risk.

C. Property, plant and equipment

The company applies the historical cost model at measuring Property, plant and equipment, all property, plant, and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Historical cost includes all costs associated with acquiring the asset and bringing it to a ready-foruse condition by the company's management

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Depreciation is calculated by using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of each asset to its residual value over the estimated useful lives of assets except land, which is not depreciated.

Buildings	25 years
Machinery	20 years
Vehicles	5 years
Tools & equipment	5 years
Furniture & office equipment	4 – 5 years

Salvage value and useful lives are reviewed and changed if necessary, by the company at the end of each fiscal year.

Where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount, and this will be considered as an impairment loss.

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Gains and losses on disposals for an item of fixed assets items are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within 'Other (losses)/gains – net' in the statement of profit or loss from the disposition of fixed assets.

Projects under construction are stated at cost less realized impairment losses. Cost includes all expenses associated with the acquisition of the asset and make it usable. Depreciation of these assets is determined on the same basis as depreciation of fixed assets when these assets are ready for their intended use.

D. Intangible assets

Intangible assets (Trademarks & know how) have indefinite useful lives as there is no foreseeable limit on the year of time over which the brands are expected to exist and generate cash flows and are carried at cost less impairment losses. Historical cost includes all expenses associated with the acquisition of an intangible asset,

The trademark and know how is recognized as an indefinite intangible asset as the license is perpetual, irrevocable and exclusive including the trademark in the territory related to cake products. The brand has an established presence in the territory since 1990s. In addition, the Company has a strong historic financial track-record and forecasts continued growth also, the know-how of perpetual license not exposed to typical obsolescence as it relates to food products. The brand remains popular in the Middle East and the Company does not foresee any decline in the foreseeable future.

Computer software

Separately acquired software licences are shown at cost less the accumulated amortization and the accumulated impairment losses. The Company charges the amortization amount of the software licences consistently over their estimated useful lives of four years using the straight-line method.

The costs of the acquisition of computer software licenses that are not considered an integral part of computers are recognized as intangible assets on the basis of costs related to preparing the asset for use in the purpose for which it was acquired.

E. Impairment of non-financial assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life or intangible assets not ready to use are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. At the date of the financial statements.

Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

For impairment assessment for an asset, comparison is performed between the amount by which the asset's carrying amount and its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use, for the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

Impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed by the company for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

The impairment loss is reversed by the amount recognized in prior year when there is an indication that these losses may no longer exist or decreased as is reversed impairment losses, which should not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation) recognizing this reverse in statement of profit or loss.

F. Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries is accounted for using the cost method. Investment in subsidiaries in the separate financial statements is stated at cost. The Cost method require recognition of investment at cost and recording of investment income to the extent of dividends distribution received from investee. The subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Company, a subsidiary is separate when the Company is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

G. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity) but excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the costs of completion and selling expenses. And the provision for obsolete inventory is created in accordance with the management's assessment.

H. Financial assets under EAS 47

a. Classification

From 1 January 2020, the Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through OCI, or through profit or loss), and
- Those to be measured at amortized cost. The Company's financial asset at amortized cost comprise of trade receivables, other debit balances and treasury bills.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or OCI. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

The company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

Financial assets under EAS 47 (continued)

b. Measurement

At initial recognition, the company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Debt instruments - treasury bills

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. According to the company business model the company subsequently measure debt instruments at amortised cost for Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognized directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains/(losses), together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.

c. Impairment

From 1 January 2020, the company assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit loss associated with its debt instruments carried at amortized cost and FVOCI. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the company applies the simplified approach permitted by EAS 47, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from initial recognition of the receivables.

I. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of nine months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand which is characterized by fluctuating bank balance from a positive balance to an overdraft balance, bank overdrafts are shown in current liabilities in the separate statement of financial position.

J. Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

K. Treasury Shares

When any Group entity purchases the company's equity share capital (treasury shares), the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes), is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's shareholders until the shares are cancelled or reissued. Repurchased shares are classified as treasury shares and are presented in equity. Where such shares are subsequently sold or reissued, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects is included within equity.

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

L. Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the statement of profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the statement of financial position date.

M. Borrowings costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

The amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalization on that asset shall be determined as the actual borrowing costs incurred on that borrowing during the period less any investment income on the temporary investment of those Loans.

The company recognizes all other borrowing costs in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

N. Current and deferred income tax

The company recognizes the tax expense for the period, comprises current and deferred tax. In the statement of profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries and associates operate and generate taxable income. Management Annually evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is recognized on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the separate financial statements.

Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the statement of financial position date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Notes to the separate financial statements

For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

Current and deferred income tax (continued)

The deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit nor loss.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax liabilities are provided on taxable temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the company and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Generally, the company is unable to control the reversal of the temporary difference for associates. Only where there is an agreement in place that gives the company the ability to control the reversal of the temporary difference not recognised.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised on deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements only to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will reverse in the future and there is sufficient taxable profit available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

O. Employee benefits

The company operates various post-employment schemes, including both defined benefit and defined contribution pension plans and post-employment medical plans.

(1) Pension obligations

Defined contribution plan

For defined contribution plans, the company pays contributions to publicly or privately administered pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

Defined benefit plan

The Company has a defined benefit plan which is a plan that defines an amount of benefits to be provided in the form of half month payment for each period they had worked for the Company for employees who reach the age of sixty, according to the following criteria:

- The contribution is to be paid to employees for their working period at the Company only.
- The working period must be not less than ten years.
- The maximum contribution is 12 months' salary.

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

Employee benefits (continued)

The liability in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the statement of financial position date minus the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for actuarial gains/losses and past service cost. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of government bonds, which have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related liability.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments, changes in actuarial assumptions and amendments to retirement plans are recognized in other comprehensive income.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of profit or loss.

(2) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the company before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The company recognises termination benefits at the earlier of the following dates: (a) when the company can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits; and (b) when the entity recognises costs for a restructuring that is within the scope of Egyptian accounting standard no (28) and involves the payment of termination benefits. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to their present value.

P. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. The Company recognizes the necessary commitments for restructuring and non-related activities of the Company in the provision for restructuring costs.

Contingent liability is a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognized because it is not probable that an out flow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability. Contingent liabilities are only disclosed in the separate financial statement and not recognized.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small and it is expected for the outflow of resources is necessary to settle all the elements of commitment.

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

Provisions (continued)

When the time value of money assumption is significant, provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense in the statement of profit or loss.

When it is expected to re-charge some or all required expenses to settle a provision to a third party outside the company, the Company recognize the recovered amount when it is certain that the recovery will take place if the company has to settle the obligation, and treats recovery as a separate asset in the statement of financial position, and shall not exceed the value that is recognized to recover the amount of the provision.

Q. Trade payables and other credit balances

Trade payables are recognized initially at the value of goods or services received from others whether their invoices were received or not and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate. Trade payables are presented later with amortized cost using the effective interest rate.

R. Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances, rebates and amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

The company recognizes revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and when specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities, as described below. The Company bases its estimate of return on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

Sales of goods - wholesale

Sales are recognized when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the wholesalers, the wholesaler has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the wholesaler's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of damage and loss have been transferred to the wholesaler, and either the wholesaler has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

The products is often sold with retrospective volume discounts based on aggregate sales over a 3 months period. Revenue from these sales is recognized based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated volume discounts. Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for the discounts, based on actual volume, and revenue is only recognized to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. A contract liability is recognized for expected volume discounts payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period. No element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with a credit term of 90 days, which is consistent with market practice. A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

Revenue recognition (continued)

1) Interest income

Interest income is recognized on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method. When a receivable is impaired, the company reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount.

2) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

3) Export subsidy

The Company obtains a subsidy against exporting some of its production. The subsidy is calculated based on a percentage from the total exports invoices determined by the Export Development Fund related to the Commercial and Industry Ministry. Export subsidy is recognized in the statement of profit or loss as other income after meeting all required criteria.

S. Dividends distribution

Dividend distribution is recorded in the company's separate financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's General assembly of Shareholders.

T. Government Grants

The Group receives government grants in form of loan at below market rate of interest. Government grants are initially recognized within other liabilities at fair value when there is reasonable assurance that it will be received, and the Group will comply with the conditions associated with the grant. Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognized in the profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

U. Operating Segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the Company. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the chief executive officer for the company.

V. Comparative figures

Where necessary, comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to changes in presentation in the current period.

W. Government export subsidy

The government of Egypt operates an export subsidy program managed by the Export Development Fund. The scheme was established under law 155 of 2002 to create incentives for Egyptian companies to grow exports. The Group operates in a qualifying sector and the subsidy represents a percentage of the export value depending on a set of variables including the percentage of local components, location of the factory, export destination and amongst others. The subsidy on export sales is recognized when there is proper evidence that the group will deserve this subsidy under the prevailing rules and conditions. The subsidy is recognised under other income in the statement of profit or loss.

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

3. Financial risk management

(1) Financial risk factors

The company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, price risk and cash flow and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The company's efforts are addressed to minimize potential adverse effects of such risks on the company's financial performance.

The company does not use any derivative financial instruments to cover specific risk.

A. Market risk

i. Foreign exchange risk

The company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the Euro and US dollar. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognized assets and liabilities at financial position date and net investments in foreign operations.

The Company covers part of its imports of raw materials in foreign currency by local banks that the Company deals with in official rates and the rest from its exports in US Dollars.

During the period, the following foreign exchange related amounts were recognized in profit or loss:

	30 September 2021	30 September 2020
Amounts recognized in profit or loss Net foreign exchange profit gain included in		
Finance cost	5,879,810	3,968,881
Total	5,879,810	3,968,881

The following table shows the currencies position denominated in Egyptian Pounds at the date of the statement of financial position.

	30 September 2021			31 December 2020
	Assets	Liabilities	Net	Net
Euros	53,057,359	(61,720,968)	(8,663,609)	(78,690,790)
US Dollars	46,960,690	(167,547,311)	(120,586,621)	(188,104,567)

At 30 September 2021, if the Egyptian Pounds had weakened / strengthened by 10% against the Euro with all other variables held constant, profit for the year would have been EGP 866,361 (31 December 2020: EGP 7,869,079) higher / lower, mainly as a result of foreign exchange gains/losses on translation of Euro-denominated financial assets and liabilities.

At 30 September 2021, if the Egyptian Pounds had weakened / strengthened by 10% against the US Dollar with all other variables held constant, profit for the period would have been EGP 12,058,662 (31 December 2020: EGP 18,810,457) lower, mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses on translation of US dollar-denominated assets and liabilities.

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

Financial risk management (continued)

ii. Price risk

The company has no investment in quoted equity securities, so it's not exposed to the fair value risk due to changes in the prices.

iii. Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Company's interest rate risk arises from long-term Loans. Loans issued at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. Which is partially offset by short term time deposits which are renewed with the applicable interest rate at the time of renewal. Loans measured at amortized cost with fixed rates do not expose the Company to fair value interest rate risk.

On 30 September 2021, if interest rates on Egyptian pound-denominated net interest bearing liabilities had been 1% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, profit for the period would have been EGP 5,683,837 (31 December 2020: EGP 6,015,904) lower/higher, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate Loans.

Borrowing at statement of financial position date as of 30 September 2021 with variable interest rate amounted to EGP 277,967,168 (31 December 2020: EGP 537,279,353).

Overdraft at the statement of financial position date as of 30 September 2021 amounted to EGP 290,416,559 (31 December 2020: EGP 64,311,046).

B. Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, and deposits with banks and financial institutions, treasury bills, as well as credit exposures to wholesalers and retail customers, including outstanding accounts and notes receivables.

For banks and financial institutions, the company is dealing with the banks which have a high independent rating and banks and financial institutions with a good reputation and subject to supervision of the Central Bank of Egypt.

For the wholesalers, the Credit Controllers assess the credit quality of the wholesale customer, considering its financial position, and their market reputation, past experience and other factors. Sales of the company are for a major customer (Digma for Trading – company's subsidiary), which represent 90% of total company's sales.

For Treasury bills, the Company deals with governments, which are considered with a high credit rating (Egypt B+).

For corporate Bonds the Group deals with EFG Hermes which are considered with a high credit rating (A +)

The maximum exposure to credit risk is the amount of receivables and the intercompany receivable, treasury bills as well as the cash and cash equivalents.

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

Financial risk management (continued)

C. Credit quality of financial assets

Trade receivables

Counter parties without external credit rating:

	30 September 2021	31 December 2020	
Trade receivables	5,448,839	7,309,560	
Total	5,448,839	7,309,560	

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold in the ordinary course of business. They are generally due from settlement within 90 days.

Outstanding trade receivables are current and not past due.

Cash at bank and short-term bank deposits:

All cash balances are deposited at banks that are subject to the supervision of the Central Bank of Egypt.

D. Liquidity risk

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the company's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Company does not breach borrowing limits or covenants) on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the company debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal statement of financial position ratio targets.

The table below summarizes the maturities of the Company's undiscounted financial liabilities at 30 September 2021 and 31 December 2020 based on contractual payment dates and current interest rates.

		Between		
	Less than	6 month &	Between	More than
	6 month	1 year	1 & 2 years	2 years
30 September 2021				
Borrowings	71,848,270	73,504,311	154,622,199	197,916,930
Future interest payments	8,538,300	13,270,715	23,483,636	49,429,027
Trade and other payables	419,883,272	·	**	<u></u>
Due to related parties	39,301,781		-	-
Bank overdraft	290,416,559		~	~
Notes payable	49,719,807	**	~	<u>-</u>
Total	879,707,989	86,775,026	178,105,835	247,345,957
31 December 2020				
Borrowings	74,390,762	64,739,985	300,319,562	210,047,682
Future interest payments	13,288,329	19,512,843	30,895,183	41,524,747
Trade and other payables	339,953,728	**	~	ra
Due to related parties	4,280	•	~	_
Bank overdraft	64,311,046		-	-
Notes payable	61,578,440	-		19
Total	553,526,585	84,252,828	331,214,745	251,572,429

Notes to the separate financial statements

For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

Financial risk management (continued)

The amount of unused credit facility is EGP 761,397,484 of 30 September 2021 (31 December 2020: EGP 597,531,044) also the Company will have future interest payments related to Loans amounted to EGP 94,721,678 (31 December 2020: EGP 105,221,102).

(2) Capital management

The company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain an optimum, the capital structure, the company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The company monitors the capital structure on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net loan represents all loans and overdraft and less cash and bank balances. Total capital is calculated as equity, plus net debts.

The gearing ratio at 30 September 2021 and 31 December 2020 were as follows:

Description	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Total Borrowings	497,891,710	653,187,023
Bank Overdraft	290,416,559	64,311,046
Total borrowings and overdraft	788,308,269	717,498,069
Less: Cash and bank balances	(47,301,180)	(143,662,933)
Net debt	741,007,089	573,835,136
Total equity	1,812,927,497	1,695,690,463
Total capital	2,553,934,586	2,269,525,599
Gearing ratio	29%	25%

The increase in the gearing ratio mainly results from the increase in Bank Overdraft during the period.

Loan covenants:

Under the terms of the major borrowing facilities, the Company is required to comply with the following financial covenants:

- The debt to equity ratio must be not more than 1:1.
- Debt service ratio shall not fall below 1.25.
- Leverage ratio shall not exceed 1.5:1.
- Current ratio shall not be less than 1

As of 30 September 2021, the Company was in compliance with the debt covenants.

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

Financial risk management (continued)

(3) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets or liabilities with maturities date less than one year is assumed to approximate their carrying value. The fair value of financial liabilities – for disclosure purposes – is estimates by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the company for similar financial instruments.

4. Critical accounting estimates and judgments and personal judgement

(1) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Estimates and adjustments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results.

Impairment of infinite life intangible assets (Trademark & Know How)

The Company tests whether infinite life intangible assets have suffered any impairment on an annual basis.

The recoverable amount of a cash generating unit (CGU) is determined based on a value in use calculations which require the use of assumptions (Note 6).

Employee benefit retirement obligation

The present value of employees' defined benefits obligations depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost of employees' benefits include the discount rate of future cash outflows and any changes in these assumptions will impact the carrying amount of employees' benefits.

The Company determines the appropriate discount rate of cash flows at the end of each financial period. The discount rate is the interest rate that should be used to determine the present value of estimated future cash outflows expected to be required to settle the defined benefits obligations. The Company considers the discount rate at the end of the financial period on market returns on the government bonds denominated in the currency and the period estimated for the defined benefits obligations.

Note (16) shows the main assumptions used to estimate the employees' benefit obligation.

(2) Critical judgments in applying the company's policies

Revenue recognition

The Company, based on past performance, are confident that the quality of products is such that the expiry and dissatisfaction rate will be below 1%. Management has determined that it is highly probable that there will be no reversal of revenue recognized and a significant reversal in the amount of revenue will not occur.

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021 (In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

5. Property, plant and equipment

	Land	Buildings	Machinery & equipment	Vehicles	Tools & equipment	Furniture & office equipment	Projects under construction	T Ota
At 1 January 2020	0000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	1 00 305 044	40.055.010	110 000	2000000	007 70	
Cost	120,908,260	815,192,992	1,008,505,844	40,955,670	119,712,808	(27,618,77	86,490,767	2,267,386,066
Accumulated depreciation	1 6	(159,215,555)	(328,1/9,828)	(17,045,210)	(11,942,992)	(559,/00,/5)		(628,649,196)
Net book amount	120,908,260	673,977,459	671,526,016	23,912,460	41,769,816	20,152,092	86,490,767	1,638,736,870
Vear ended 31 December 2020								
Opening net book amount	120,908,260	673,977,459	671,526,016	23,912,460	41,769,816	20,152,092	86,490,767	1,638,736,870
Additions	1	ŧ	1,894,261	5,163,150	9,991,744	1,730,908	251,029,644	269,809,707
Depreciation charge	•	(33,191,078)	(51,545,389)	(7,156,432)	(18,676,950)	(8,335,961)	•	(118,905,810)
Accumulated depreciation of disposals	ŧ	•	87,264	1,691,940	3,021,909	393,367	•	5,194,480
Disposals	š	•	(87,264)	(1,691,940)	(3,029,352)	(393,367)	,	(5,201,923)
Transfers from Projects under construction	•	26,003,384	123,191,114	,	30,500,918	288,788	(179,984,204)	
Closing net book amount	120,908,260	666,789,765	745,066,002	21,919,178	63,578,085	13,835,827	157,536,207	1,789,633,324
At 31 December 2020								
Cost	120,908,260	839,196,376	1,133,303,955	44,426,880	157,176,118	79,446,054	157,536,207	2,531,993,850
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	•	(172,406,611)	(388,237,953)	(22,507,702)	(93,598,033)	(65,610,227)	\$	(742,360,526)
Net book amount at 31 December 2020	120,908,260	666,789,765	745,066,002	21,919,178	63,578,085	13,835,827	157,536,207	1,789,633,324
Period ended 30 September 2021								
Opening net book amount	120,908,260	666,789,765	745,066,002	21,919,178	63,578,085	13,835,827	157,536,207	1,789,633,324
Additions	t	•	369,548	1,942,074	5,491,609	1,788,151	95,638,635	105,230,017
Depreciation charge	1	(25,142,111)	(44,532,241)	(5,079,283)	(16,117,428)	(5,366,765)	1	(96,237,828)
Disposals	•	1	*	(5,687,339)	(528,978)	(170,194)	1	(6,386,511)
Accumulated depreciation of disposals	1	•	1	3,829,917	520,018	170,194	,	4,520,129
Transfers from Projects under construction	1	650,748	162,485,796	-	9,839,116	4,490,250	(178,621,494)	(1,155,584)
Closing net book amount	120,908,260	642,298,402	863,389,105	16,924,547	62,782,422	14,747,463	74,553,348	1,795,603,547
At 30 September 2021								
Cost	120,908,260	839,847,124	1,296,159,299	40,681,615	171,977,865	85,554,261	74,553,348	2,629,681,772
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	1	(197,548,722)	(432,770,194)	(23,757,068)	(109,195,443)	(70,806,798)	3	(834,078,225)
Net book amount at 30 September 2021	120,908,260	642,298,402	863,389,105	16,924,547	62,782,422	14,747,463	74,553,348	1,795,603,547

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

Property.	plant and	equipment ((continued)
. x	ELNEIGH PESSE	Coloribitions .	CORRECTION

	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Charged to cost of sales	83,826,793	101,238,070
Charged to administrative expenses	12,164,354	17,240,537
Charged to distribution costs	246,681	427,203
	96,237,828	118,905,810

The project under construction represents the following Categories:

JJ	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Machinery and equipment	36,885,469	139,284,152
Technical and other installations	18,157,676	6,219,892
Tools and equipment	12,451,590	3,750,017
Buildings	7,058,613	8,282,146
•	74,553,348	157,536,207

Cash flow statement

The proceeds from disposal of fixed assets amount in the cash flow represented as follows:

	30 September 2021	31 December
Net book value of the assets disposed	1,866,382	7,442
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment (Note 22)	3,051,824	762,690
	4,918,206	770,132

6. Intangible assets

		30 Septem	iber 2021	
	Trademark (A)	Know how (B)	Software (C)	Total
Cost	131,480,647	31,430,995	6,271,638	169,183,280
Accumulated amortisation		, , , <u>-</u>	(2,630,701)	(2,630,701)
Transferred from PUC (Note 5)	v41	**	1,155,584	1,155,584
Amortisation for the period	-	-	(2,002,488)	(2,002,488)
Balance as of	131,480,647	31,430,995	2,794,033	165,705,675
		31 Decem	ıber 2020	
	Trademark (A)	Know how (B)	Software (C)	Total
Cost	131,480,647	31,430,995	5,365,008	168,276,650
Additions		Peal	906,630	906,630
Amortisation for the year	-		(2,630,701)	(2,630,701)
Balance as of	131,480,647	31,430,995	3,640,937	166,552,579

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

Intangible assets (continued)

A. Trademark

	Trade (HOHOS, Twink	
	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Cost	-	
Opening Balance	131,480,647	131,480,647
Balance as of	131,480,647	131,480,647

The intangible assets in the amount of ten million US Dollars equivalent to EGP 68,618,658 paid against buying all the rights to the trademarks (HOHOS, Twinkies & Tiger Tail) and the consequences of this acquisition of the trademark in the countries of Egypt, Jordan, Libya and Palestine these rights do not have a finite life, and on the 16th of April 2015 the Company had signed a new contract for expanding the scope of the rights to the trademarks (Hohos, Twinkies, and Tiger Tail) to include Algeria, Bahrain, Iraq,, Kuwait, , Lebanon, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, Syria, Tunisia, United Arab Emirates and this trademarks have infinite useful lives, and the this is against USD 8 Million equivalent to EGP 62,861,989.

B. Know how

	Know	/ 110W
Cost	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Opening Balance	31,430,995	31,430,995
Balance as of	31,430,995	31,430,995

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On the 16 April 2015 the Company had signed a "License and Technical Assistance Agreement" with the owner of the know-how with purpose to acquire the license, know-how and technical assistance for some Hostess Brands products in the countries Egypt, Libya, Palestine, Jordan, Algeria, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Lebanon, Kuwait, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, Syria, Tunisia, and the United Arab Emirates, and this is against an amount of USD 4 Million equivalent to EGP 31,430,995.

C. Software

	Softv	vare
	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Opening balance	6,271,638	5,365,008
Accumulated amortization	(2,630,701)	·
Transferred from PUC (Note 5)	1,155,584	906,630
Amortization for the period	(2,002,488)	(2,630,701)
Balance as of	2,794,033	3,640,937

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

7. Investments in subsidiaries

On 6 March 2019, the company signed an official agreement with Confindel LTD for the acquisition of 2,279,287 shares (22.27%) which is their total ownership in Edita Confectionary Industries for a total consideration of 55,297,782. The deal was finalized in June of 2019; and Edita Food Industries' share in Edita Confectionary Industries increased from 77.71% to 99.98%.

	Country of Incorporation	% interest held	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Digma for Trading Company	Egypt	99.80%	44,939,639	44,939,639
Edita Confectionary Industries	Egypt	99.98%	134,820,782	134,820,782
Edita Participation Ltd.	Cyprus	100%	14,024	14,024
Balance at			179,774,445	179,774,445

8. Inventories

	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Raw and packaging materials	280,825,063	187,123,564
Spare parts	31,182,025	31,071,676
Finished goods	18,464,096	13,841,339
Work in process	16,916,833	12,386,648
Consumables	6,943,828	6,330,922
Total	354,331,845	250,754,149
Less: allowance for slow moving and obsolete inventory	(3,732,203)	(2,425,868)
Net	350,599,642	248,328,281

The cost of individual items of inventory are determined using moving average cost method.

During the period ended 30 September 2021, there has been a slow moving and obsolete inventory addition amounted to EGP 1,403,277 (30 September 2020: EGP 616,500) (Note 22) and utilized amounted to EGP 96,942 (30 September 2020: EGP 288,383).

The cost of inventory recognized as an expense and included in cost of sales amounted to EGP 1,821,521,745 as of 30 September 2021 (30 September 2020: EGP 1,206,449,219)

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

9. Trade and other receivables

ø	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Trade receivables *	5,448,839	7,309,560
Notes Receivables	•	6,812,170
Advances to suppliers	100,963,783	25,741,096
Prepaid expenses	28,256,092	17,787,451
Deposits with others	12,658,421	12,658,421
Other current assets	10,326,364	3,777,694
Value added tax – receivables	373,077	, , ,
Letters of credit	612,533	218,521
Employee loans	144,555	52,170
Total	158,783,664	74,357,083

^{*} The balance included due from related party (Dislog SA) amounted to EGP 5,187,232 (31 December 2020: EGP 7,302,298 (Note 10).

10. Related parties

The company entered into several transactions with companies and entities that are included within the definition of related parties, as stated in EAS 15, "Disclosure of related parties". The related parties comprise the company's board of directors, their entities, companies under common control, and/ or joint management and control, and their partners and employees of senior management. The partners of joint arrangement and non-controlling interest are considered by the Company as related parties. The management decides the terms and conditions of transactions and services provided from/ to related parties, as well as other expenses. Below is the statement that shows the nature and values of transaction with related parties during the year, and the balances due at the date of the financial statements.

a. Due from related parties

a. Due from related parties		
	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Edita Participation Ltd.	9,293,499	7,436,920
Edita Confectionary Industries	5,082,286	-
Edita Food Industries Morocco.	1,799,051	917,174
Digma for Trading Company	PA.	6,236,663
Total	16,174,836	14,590,757
b. Due to related parties		
•	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Digma for Trading Company	39,301,781	w
Edita Confectionary Industries	•••	4,280
Total	39,301,781	4,280

Notes to the separate financial statements

For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

Related parties (continued)

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

1. Edita Confectionary Industries

The nature of transaction during the period ended 30 September 2021 is represented in sale of raw material amounting to EGP 5,151,759.

Edita Confectionary Industries is considered a related party as the Company is the main shareholder in Edita Confectionary Industries.

2. Edita Participation Ltd

During the year, the nature of transaction was evaluation for the foreign currency amounted to Nill (31 December 2020: settlement amounted to EGP 1,985,813) to Edita Participation Company Ltd (EPL) for the purpose of supporting EPL in establishing a company in Morocco.

3. Digma for Trading Company S.A.E.

Digma for Trading is handling the distribution of all the company's products in local market. The total sales to Digma for Trading during the year ended 30 September 2021 amounted to EGP 2,843,985,906.1 (30 September 2020: EGP 3,008,846,995).

Digma for Trading is considered a related party as the company is the main shareholder in Digma for Trading.

4. Edita Food Industries Morocco

The nature of transaction during the period ended 30 September 2021 is represented in payment on behalf amounted to EGP 155,467.

Edita food industries Morocco is considered a related party as Edita Participation Ltd is the Main Shareholder (76%).

5. La Marocaine De Distribution De Logistiqus (Dislog S.A)

The nature of transaction during the period ended 30 September 2021 is represented in sale of finished goods amounting to EGP 4,434,325 (30 September 2020: EGP 10, 953,610).

La Marocaine De Distribution De Logistiqus (Dislog S.A) is considered a related party as the Company is the shareholder in Edita Food Industries Morocco.

c. Key management compensation

During the period ended 30 September 2021, the company paid an amount of EGP 56,740,817 as salaries to the key management members (30 September 2020: EGP 61,754,676).

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

11. Financial assets at amortised cost

	30 September2021	31 December 2020
Treasury bills	635,593,940	448,889,188
Corporate bonds	54,598,767	50,342,959
	690,192,707	499,232,147
11.1 Treasury bills	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Treasury bills par value		
91 Days maturity	112,000,000	159,850,000
250- 273 Days maturity	572,400,000	314,675,000
	684,400,000	474,525,000
Unearned interest	(59,843,064)	(32,297,095)
Amount of treasury bills paid	624,556,936	442,227,905
Interest income recognized to profit or loss	11,037,004	6,661,283
Treasury bills balance	635,593,940	448,889,188

The average effective interest rate related to treasury bills is 12.91%.

The group has adopted 12-month ECL approach, based on management assessment, there will be immaterial impact on treasury bills due to the following factors:

- It is issued and guaranteed by Government of Egypt.
- There is no history of default.
- Incorporating forward-looking information would not result in an increase in Expected default rate.

11.2 Corporate Bonds

	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Corporate bonds		
More than 90 Days maturity	50,000,000	50,000,000
Interest income recognized to profit or loss	4,598,767	342,959
•	54,598,767	50,342,959

On December 2020, the group purchased Corporate bonds of EFG-Hermes amounted to EGP 50 million with a maturity on December 2021 and effective interest rate 11.38%.

The carrying value of the bonds approximate the fair value at initial recognition since the bonds bear a prevailing market rate of interest.

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

12. Cash and banks balances

	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Cash on hand	986,634	398,244
Cash at banks	5,842,866	6,507,499
Time deposit – Foreign currency	40,471,680	136,757,190
Cash and bank balances	47,301,180	143,662,933

The average rate on time deposit in USD is 1% with a maturity of less than a month.

For the purpose of the preparation of the cash flow statements, cash and cash equivalents consist of:

	30 September 2021	30 September 2020
Cash and bank balances	47,301,180	74,777,806
Treasury bills with maturities of 3 months or less	110,686,136	455,471,528
Bank overdraft (Note 19)	(290,416,559)	(186,739,699)
Total	(132,429,243)	343,509,635

Non-cash Investing and Finance Activities

Transfer to Property, Plant and Equipment from Projects under construction. (Refer note 5). Purchase of property, plant and equipment on credit. (Refer note 20).

13. Share capital

Authorized capital EGP 360,000,000 (1,800,000,000 share, par value EGP 0.2 per share).

The issued and paid up capital amounted to EGP 72,536,290 after trading distributed on 362,681,450 shares (par value EGP 0.2 per share) are distributed as follow:

Shareholders	No. of shares	Shares value	Percentage of ownership
Berco Ltd.	151,654,150	30,330,830	41.815%
Exoder Ltd.	47,056,732	9,411,346	12.975%
Africa Samba B.V.	54,402,233	10,880,447	15.000%
Others (Public stocks)	109,568,335	21,913,667	30.210%
	362,681,450	72,536,290	100%

On 30 March 2016 an extra ordinary general assembly meeting was held in which the shareholders approved the increase of issued and paid up capital from 72,536,290 EGP to be 145,072,580 EGP. An increase amounted to 72,536,290 EGP distributed on 362,681,450 shares with a par value of LE 0.2 per share financed from the dividends of the year ended 31 December 2015 distributed as a free share for each original share which has been registered in commercial register on 9 May 2016.

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

Share capital (continued)

The issued capital amounted to EGP 144,611,688 (par value EGP 0.2 per share) is distributed as follows as of 30 September 2021:

	No. of		Percentage of
Shareholders	shares	Shares value	ownership
Quantum Investment BV	303,308,300	60,661,660	41.95%
The Bank of New York Mellon "depositary bank			
for shares traded in London Stock Exchange"	86,470,530	17,294,106	11.96%
Kingsway Fund Frontier Consumer Franchises	45,623,461	9,124,692	6.31%
Others (Public stocks)	287,656,148	57,531,230	39.78%
	723,058,439	144,611,688	100%

The issued capital amounted to EGP 145,072,580 (par value EGP 0.2 per share) is distributed as follows as of 31 December 2020:

Shareholders	No. of shares	Shares value	Percentage of ownership
Quantum Investment BV The Bank of New York Mellon "depositary bank	303,308,300	60,661,660	41.815%
for shares traded in London Stock Exchange"	86,749,655	17,349,931	11.959%
Kingsway Fund Frontier Consumer Franchises	59,553,461	11,910,692	8.210%
Treasury shares	2,304,461	460,892	0.318 %
Others (Public stocks)	273,447,023	54,689,405	37.698%
	725,362,900	145,072,580	100%

Treasury shares

According to Board of Director resolution on 5 April 2020, the group purchased 2,304,461 shares from the stock market and held in treasury for a total consideration of EGP 22,556,296, the consideration paid has been accounted for as a reserve in the statement of shareholders' Equity.

On 4 April 2021, the extra ordinary general assembly meeting approved to write off the treasury shares. Accordingly, the share capital has been reduced by the par value of the treasury shares and the difference between the par value and the consideration paid to acquire those shares was absorbed in retained earnings.

14. Legal reserve

In accordance with company Law No. 159 of 1981 and the company's Articles of Association, 5% of annual net profit is transferred to the legal reserve. The company may stop such transfers when the legal reserve reaches 50% of the issued capital. The reserve is not eligible for distribution to shareholders.

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

15. Borrowings

	30 September 2021			31	December 202	20
	Short-term portion	Long-term portion	Total	Short-term portion	Long-term portion	Total
First loan	•	-	_	10,187,943	-	10,187,943
Second loan	18,900,750	-	18,900,750	18,675,563	9,000,000	27,675,563
Third loan	16,346,338	7,949,586	24,295,924	16,479,208	26,396,659	42,875,867
Fourth loan	40,072,257	76,342,412	116,414,669	40,086,373	132,747,039	172,833,412
Fifth Ioan	**	-	-	16,831	4,136,902	4,153,733
Sixth loan	64,998,509	56,736,000	121,734,509	57,229,635	222,323,200	279,552,835
Seventh loan	172,096	89,576,753	89,748,849	112,762	82,798,473	82,911,235
Eighth Ioan	4,613,661	48,365,719	52,979,380	31,465	32,964,970	32,996,435
Ninth loan	234,470	44,746,933	44,981,403		-	_
Tenth loan	14,500	28,821,726	28,836,226		u.	
Total	145,352,581	352,539,129	497,891,710	142,819,780	510,367,243	653,187,023

The due short-term portion loans according to the following schedule:

	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Balance due within 1 year	141,793,370	139,130,748
Accrued interest	3,559,211_	3,689,032
Total	145,352,581	142,819,780

Borrower	Type of debt	Guaranties	Currency	Interest rate
First Ioan	Loan	Cross corporate guarantee Digma Trading Company amounted to LE 185,000,000	EGP/USD	1% above mid corridor rate of Central Bank of Egypt and 2.5% above the Libor rate3 months.
Second loan	Loan	Cross corporate guarantee Digma Trading Company amounted to LE 90,000,000	EGP	1 % above lending rate of Central Bank of Egypt.
Third loan	Loan	Cross corporate guarantee Digma Trading Company amounted to LE 202,234,888	EGP/USD	1% above mid corridor rate of Central Bank of Egypt and 4.5% above the Libor rate 1 month.
Fourth loan	Loan	Cross corporate guarantee Digma Trading Company amounted to LE 220,000,000 and 6,000,000 Euro	EGP/ USD	0.5% above mid corridor rate of Central Bank of Egypt and average 4% for USD above Libor rate 6 months.
Fifth loan	Loan		USD	3.85% above the USD Libor rate 3 months.
Sixth loan	Loan	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	USD	4% above the USD Libor rate – 6 months.
Seventh loan	Loan	Cross corporate guarantee Digma Trading Company	EGP	8 %
Eighth Ioan	Loan	Cross corporate guarantee Digma Trading Company	EGP	8 %
Ninth Loan	Loan	Cross corporate guarantee Digma Trading Company	EGP	8%
Tenth loan	Loan		EGP	8%

Notes to the separate financial statements

For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

Borrowings (continued)

Ninth loan

During the period, the group obtained a loan facility of EGP 90 million from one of the commercial banks under the central bank of Egypt initiative to support the Egyptian manufacturing companies, according to the initiative, the loan was obtained at interest rate of 8 % that is lower than the prevailing market rate of similar loans. The group utilised EGP 32.3 million from the total facility up to 30 September 2021.

Terms of payments:

Edita is obligated to pay the loan on 10 semi-annual instalments and the first instalment is due on September 2023.

Fair value:

The fair value of the loan at initial recognition has been calculated by discounting the future cash outflows using the prevailing market rate of interest which is determined to be 9.25%, the difference between the fair value and loan proceed has been accounted for as deferred government grant to be amortised over the loan's term.

Tenth loan

During the period, the group obtained a loan facility of EGP 150 million from one of the commercial banks under the central bank of Egypt initiative to support the Egyptian manufacturing companies, according to the initiative, the loan was obtained at interest rate of 8 % that is lower than the prevailing market rate of similar loans, The group utilised EGP 28.8 million from the total facility up to 30 September 2021.

Terms of payments:

Edita is obligated to pay the loan on 11 semi-annual installments and the first instalment is due in July 2023.

Fair value:

The fair value of the loan at initial recognition has been calculated by discounting the future cash outflows using the prevailing market rate of interest which is determined to be 9.75 %, the difference between the fair value and loan proceed has been accounted for as deferred government grant to be amortised over the loan's term.

Deferred government grant

During the year, the group obtained a loan facility of EGP 441 million from commercial banks under the central bank of Egypt initiative to support the Egyptian manufacturing companies, according to the initiative, the loan was obtained at interest rate of 8% that is lower than the prevailing market rate of similar loans, and recognized in the profit or loss over the year necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

Borrowings (continued)

The Deferred government grants is according to the following schedule:

	30	30 September 2021			December 20	20
	Short-term portion	Long-term portion	Total	Short-term portion	Long-term portion	Total
Seventh loan	2,357,337	5,488,626	7,845,963	2,244,311	7,159,895	9,404,206
Eighth Ioan	892,870	2,234,205	3,127,075	700,853	2,112,016	2,812,869
Ninth loan	387,921	1,254,837	1,642,758	_	-	-
Tenth loan	89,893	299,987	389,880	-	-	-
	3,728,021	9,277,655	13,005,676	2,945,164	9,271,911	12,217,075

16. Employee benefit obligations

Employees of the company are entitled upon their retirement based on a defined benefit plan. The entitlement is based on the length of service and final remuneration package of the employee upon retirement. The defined benefit obligation is calculated using the projected credit unit method takes into consideration the principal actuarial assumptions as follows:

30 September

31 December

	2021	2020
Discount rate	14.2%	14.2%
Average salary increase rate	10%	10%
Turnover rate	21%	21%
Life table	49-52	49-52
The amounts recognized at the statement of financial position	date are determined a	s follows:
	30 September	31 December
	2021	2020
Present value of obligations	22,706,604	20,164,016
Liability at the statement of financial position	22,706,604	20,164,016
Movement in the liability recognized in the statement of finan	icial position:	
	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Balance at beginning of the year	20,164,016	11,600,000
Interest expenses	2,147,468	1,647,200
Current service cost	(647,468)	2,648,486
Total amount recognised in profit or loss (Note 23)	1,500,000	4,295,686
Remeasurements: - Loss from change in assumptions	-	4,704,314
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income	_h	4,704,314
Paid during the period / year	(1,950,711)	(435,984)
Balance at end of the period / year	19,713,305	20,164,016
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Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

Borrowings (continued)

Sensitivity in Defined Benefit Obligation: -

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted principal assumptions is:

Change in assumption Increase in assumption Decrease in assumption

Discount rate 1% Decrease by 7% Increase by 12%

The above sensitivity analyses are based on a change in discount rate while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the defined benefit liability recognised in the separate balance sheet statement.

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021 (In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

17. Deferred tax liabilities, net

Deferred income taxes represent tax expenses on the temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements.

tax liabilities	31 December 2020	7,030,007 (822,548)	1,058,471	(145,275,114) (15,573,663)	(153,582,847)	(138,245,107) $(16,396,211) $ $1.058.471$	(153,582,847)
Net deferred tax liabilities	30 September 2021	7,265,930	7,723,852	(160,848,777)	(175,185,701)	(153,582,847) (13,879,000)	(167,461,847)
	Unrealized foreign exchange loss	285,355	285,355	1 I	285,355	285,355	285,355
	Other Provisions	6,980,575	7,438,497	t f	7,438,497	6,980,575	7,438,497
	Fixed assets depreciation	1 1	t I	(160,848,777)	(175,185,701) (175,185,701)	(160,848,777) (14,336,922)	(175,185,699)
		A. Deferred tax assets Balance at 1 January Charged to statement of profit or loss	Charged to statement of comprehensive income Ending balance as of	B. Deferred tax liabilities Balance at 1 January Charged to statement of profit or loss	Ending balance as of Net deferred tax liabilities	Balance at 1 January Charged to statement of profit or loss (Note 25)	Charged to statement of comprehensive income Ending balance as of

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

18. Provisions

	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Balance at 1 January Charged during the period / year (Note 23)	25,408,958 1,978,109	14,243,408 16,750,025
Utilized during the period / year	(2,642,309)	(2,500,000)
No longer required		(3,084,475)
Ending Balance as of	24,744,758	25,408,958

Provisions related to claims expected to be made by a third party in connection with the company's operations. The information usually required by Egyptian Accounting Standards is not disclosed because the management believes that to do so would seriously prejudice the outcome of the negotiation with that party. These provisions are reviewed by management every year and the amount provided is adjusted based on latest development, discussions and agreements with the third party.

19. Bank overdrafts

	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Bank overdraft	290,416,559	64,311,046
Total	290,416,559	64,311,046

Bank overdraft is an integral part of the Company's cash management to finance its working capital. The average interest rate for bank overdraft was 8.06% as of 30 September 2021 (31 December 2020: 9.29%).

20. Trade and other payables

	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Trade payables	287,131,872	176,761,044
Payables from purchase of property, plant, and equipment	34,815,214	64,177,886
Notes payable	49,719,807	61,578,440
Taxes payable	24,270,799	26,676,620
Accrued expenses	73,106,927	68,365,558
Other credit balances	20,615,857	21,533,626
Social insurance	9,451,124	6,286,325
Advances from customers	10,875,791	9,488,030
Dividends payable	932,364	4,920,566
Deposits from others	3,281,038	4,195,048
Deferred government grant (Note 15)	3,728,021	2,945,164
Total	517,928,814	446,928,307

Trade payables are unsecured and are usually paid within an average of 45 days of recognition.

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

21. Current income tax liabilities

	30 September 2021	31 December 2020
Balance at 1 January	47,582,698	68,778,282
Income tax paid during the period / year	(48,319,265)	(69,514,851)
Withholding tax receivable	(3,379,016)	(4,004,317)
Income tax for the period / year	75,477,884	101,565,244
Corporate income tax – advances	(38,845,000)	(31,943,343)
Tax on Treasury bills	(8,045,531)	(15,820,937)
Accrued interest – advances	`	(1,477,380)
Balance as of	24,471,770	47,582,698

22. Other income

	30 September2021	30 September 2020
Export subsidies	22,917,146	59,421,625
Provision no longer required	~	42,075
Gain from sale of property plant and equipment	3,051,824	762,690
Other income	6,673,681	1,221,502
Total	32,642,651	61,447,892

23. Other losses

	30 September 2021	30 September 2020
Other provisions	(1,978,109)	(10,974,456)
Provision for employees' retirement benefit obligation	(1,500,000)	(6,750,000)
Provision for slow moving inventory	(1,403,277)	(616,500)
Solidarity contribution	(7,579,402)	(5,649,944)
Other gains- Net	(12,460,788)	(23,990,900)

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

24. Finance income / (cost) - net

	30 September 2021	30 September 2020
Finance income		
Interest income	51,321,387	56,754,436
Foreign exchange	5,879,810	3,968,881
	57,201,197	60,723,317
Finance cost		
Interest expenses	(39,510,882)	(55,990,224)
	(39,510,882)	(55,990,224)
Finance cost – net	17,690,315	4,733,093

25. Income tax expense

The Company is subject to the corporate income tax according to tax law No. 91 of 2005 and its amendments at tax law 96 of 2015.

amondments at tax law 70 or 2013.	30 September	30 September 2020
Income tax for the period	75,477,884	68,396,265
Deferred tax	13,879,000	8,760,794
Total	89,356,884	77,157,059
Profit before tax	389,643,918	330,856,174
Tax calculated based on applicable tax rates	87,669,881	74,442,639
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	1,687,003	2,714,420
Tax effect of non-taxable revenues	<u>-</u>	
Income tax	89,356,884	77,157,059

26. Earnings per share

Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

	30 September2021	30 September 2020
Profit for the period	300,287,034	253,699,114
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue		
Ordinary shares	723,058,439	725,362,900
Treasury shares	<u>.</u>	(1,280,256)
·	723,058,439	724,082,644
Basic earnings per share	0.42	0.35

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

Earnings per share (continued)

Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The company does not have any categories of dilutive potential ordinary shares, hence the diluted earnings per share is the same as the basic earnings per share.

27. Expenses by nature

	30 September 2021	30 September 2020
Cost of sales	2,318,180,418	1,657,880,289
Distribution cost	177,253,844	120,991,711
Administrative expenses	184,554,599	192,439,354
	2,679,988,861	1,971,311,354
	1 001 501 515	1 006 440 010
Raw and packaging materials used	1,821,521,745	1,206,449,219
Salaries and wages	295,224,420	274,316,399
Advertising expense	164,396,788	101,602,674
Depreciation and amortization	98,240,316	90,206,972
Fuel, oil, water and electricity	70,154,340	62,927,528
Miscellaneous and other expense	54,737,057	75,935,660
Employees benefits	53,901,518	48,362,360
Company shares in social insurance	26,025,483	23,444,163
Transportation expense	39,697,885	36,398,501
Maintenance	31,862,550	25,346,149
Consumables	21,252,206	23,323,245
Vehicle expense	2,974,553	2,998,484
Total cost of sales, distribution costs, and administrative		
expenses	2,679,988,861	1,971,311,354

For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021 Notes to the separate financial statements

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

28. Segment reporting

Edita operates across four segments in Egyptian snack food market offering eight distinct brands:

***************************************	##	Total Total 30 September 30 September 2021 2020	3,031,761 2,259,977 713,580 602,097 371,954 326,123
	Traditional rolled filled and layered cake as well as brownies and packaged donut Sweet and savoury croissants and strudels Baked wheat salty snack Filled wafers	eptember 2020	7,356 3,311) (4,387)
ıct	II as brownies	Biscuits 30 September 30 S 2021	10,184 (1,629) (14,802)
Product	ed cake as we strudels	Wafer 30 September 30 September 2021 2020	196,909 33,109 (22,076)
	Traditional rolled filled and layered cake a Sweet and savoury croissants and strudels Baked wheat salty snack Filled wafers	VV 30 September 2021	369,307 80,467 4,298
	Traditional rolled filled a Sweet and savoury croiss Baked wheat salty snack Filled wafers	Rusks r 30 September 2020	171,551 31,112 13,241
		Rusks 30 September 30 September 2021 2020	163,818 29,795 17,697
	and HOHOS	P) sant 30 September 2020	845,294 210,740 69,153
Brand	Figer tail, Twinkies, Todo and HOHOS Molto Bake Rolz, Bake Stix Freska Oniro	(Amounts presented to the nearest thousands EGP) Cake 30 September 30 September 30 September 30 September 2020 2021 2020	1,130,200 245,152 109,607
1	Tiger tail, Twinkies, 1 Molto Bake Rolz, Bake Stix Freska Oniro	Cake 30 September 2020	1,038,868 330,447 270,192
Segment)ts	s presented to the neare Cake 30 September 30 September 2021 2020	1,358,252 359,795 255,153
Seg	Cake Croissants Rusks Wafer Biscuits	(Amount	Revenue Gross profit Profit from operations

Operating profit reconciles to net profit as follows:

326,123 (55,990)

60,723 (77,157)253,699

300,287

Net profit

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

Segment reporting (continued)

The segment information disclosed in the table above represents the segment information provided to the chief operating decision makers of the Company.

- Management has determined the operating segments based on the information reviewed by the chief operating decision makers of the Company for the purpose of allocating and assessing resources.
- The chief operating decision makers consider the business from products perspective. Although Rusks, Wafer, and Candy do not meet the quantitative threshold required by EAS 41 for reportable segments, management has concluded that these segments should be reported as it is closely monitored by the chief operating decision makers as it is expected to materially contribute to the Company revenue in the future.
- The chief operating decision makers assesses the performance of the operating segments based on their operating profit.
- There were no inter-segment sales made during the period.
- Finance income and finance cost are not allocated to segments, as this type of activity is driven by the central treasury function which manage the cash position of the Company.

29. Contingent liabilities

The Company guarantees Digma for trading company and Edita confectionary Industries against third parties in borrowing from Egyptian Banks.

The Company had contingent liabilities in respect of letters of guarantee and letters of credit arising from ordinary course of business amounted to EGP 91,976,190 as of 30 September 2021 (31 December 2020: EGP 39,835,555).

Notes to the separate financial statements
For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

30. Tax position

Due to the nature of the tax assessment process in Egypt, the final outcome of the assessment by the Tax Authority might not be realistically estimated. Therefore, additional liabilities are contingent upon the tax inspection and assessment of the Tax Authority. Below is a summary of the tax status of the Company as of the date of the financial statements date.

Edita Food Industries Company

a) Corporate tax

- The company is tax exempted for a period of 10 years ending 31 December 2007 in accordance with Law No. 230 of 1989 and Law No. 59 of 1979 related to New Urban Communities. The exemption period was determined to start from the fiscal year beginning on 1 January 1998. The company submits its tax returns on its legal period.
- The tax inspection was performed for the period from the company's inception till 31 December 2012 and all due tax amounts paid.
- For the years 2013-2016; the company finalized the tax inspection and the difference was transferred to an internal committee. The company finalized the internal committee.
- For the years 2017 2020 the Company submitted the tax return according to law No. 91 of 2005 in its legal period and has not been inspected yet.

b) Payroll tax

- The payroll tax inspection was performed till 31 December 2019 and company paid tax due.

c) VAT & Sales tax

- The sales tax inspection was performed till 31 December 2019 and tax due was paid.

d) Stamp duty tax

- The stamp duty tax inspection was performed till 2018 and the difference was transfer to internal committee.
- Years from 2019 till 2020 tax inspection has not been performed.

31. Commitments

Capital comments

The Company has capital commitments as of 30 September 2021 of EGP 57.8 M (31 December 2020: EGP 66.7 M) in respect of the capital expenditure.

Notes to the separate financial statements For the nine months period ended 30 September 2021

(In the notes all amounts are shown in Egyptian Pounds unless otherwise stated)

32. Financial instrument by category

Assets as per statement of financial position Loans & receivables Total Trade and other receivables (excluding non- financial assets)** 29,190,712 29,190,712 29,190,712 29,190,712 29,190,712 29,190,712 600,192,707 600,192,707 600,192,707 600,192,707 600,192,707 600,192,707 782,859,435 782,851,410 497,891		30 Septem	ber 2021
Assets as per statement of financial position 29,190,712 29,190,712 Trade and other receivables (excluding non- financial assets) 16,174,836 16,174,836 Financial assets at amortised cost 690,192,707 690,192,707 Cash and bank balances 47,301,180 47,301,180 Total 382 Sept=359,435 782,859,435 Total 30 Sept=359,435 Liabilities as per statement of financial position Borrowings * 497,891,710 497,891,710 Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities)* 499,891,710 497,891,710 Due to related parties 39,301,781 39,301,781 Bank overdraft 290,416,559 1299,713,129 Total 1,297,213,129 1297,213,129 Borrowings * 10,297,213,129 1297,213,129 Trade and other receivables (excluding non-financial assets) * 30,828,536 30,828,536 Due from related parties 14,590,757 14,590,757 Financial assets at amortized cost 499,232,147 499,232,147 Cast and bank balances 688,314,373 688,314,373		Loans &	
Trade and other receivables (excluding non-financial assets)* 29,190,712 29,190,712 16,174,836 16,174,836 16,174,836 16,174,836 16,174,836 690,192,707 12,192,713,129 12,192,713,129 1		receivables	Total
Due from related parties 16,174,836 16,174,836 60,192,707 600,192,707 600,192,707 600,192,707 600,192,707 600,192,707 600,192,707 600,192,707 600,192,703 782,859,435 782,851,471 782,851,471 782,851,471 782,851,471,471 782,851,471,471 782,851,471,471 782,851,471,471 782,851,471,471 782,851,471,471 782,851,471,471<	Assets as per statement of financial position		
Due from related parties 16,174,836 616,174,836 600,192,707 600,192,707 600,192,707 600,192,707 600,192,707 600,192,707 600,192,707 600,192,707 782,859,435 782,851,475 782,851,475 782,851,475 782,851,475 782,851,475 782,851,475 782,851,475 782,852,475 782,852,475 782,852,475 782,852,475 782,852,4	Trade and other receivables (excluding non-financial assets) *	29,190,712	29,190,712
Financial assets at amortised cost 690,192,707 690,192,707 Cash and bank balances 47,301,180 47,301,180 Total 38 Sept-345 782,859,435 782,859,435 Total Base Sept statement of financial liabilities as per statement of financial position Total 497,891,710 497,	Due from related parties	16,174,836	16,174,836
Cash and bank balances 47,301,180 47,301,180 Total 782,859,435 782,859,435 Cash September of financial liabilities at amortised costs Total Liabilities as per statement of financial position Borrowings * 497,891,710 497,891,710 Due to related parties 490,603,079 469,603,079 Due to related parties 290,416,559 290,416,559 Bank overdraft 290,416,559 290,416,559 Total 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,4590,757 1,4590,757 1,297,213,129 1,4590,757 1,4590,757 1,297,213,129 1,4590,757 1,4590,757 1,297,213,129	Financial assets at amortised cost	690,192,707	
Total 3782,859,435 782,859,435 Colver financial liabilities at amortised costs Total Liabilities as per statement of financial position 497,891,710 497,991,712 497,291,31,20 497,291,31,20 497,291,31,20 497,291,31,20 497,291,31,20 497,291,31,20 497,291,31,20 497,291,31,20 497,291,31,20 497,291,31,20 497,291,31,20 497,291,31,20 497,291,31,20 497,291,31,20 497,291,31,20 497,291,31,20 497,291,31,20 497,291,31,20 497,291,31,20	Cash and bank balances		
Liabilities at liabilities at liabilities at mortised costs Total Liabilities as per statement of financial position 497,891,710 497,891,710 Borrowings * 497,891,710 497,891,710 Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) * 469,603,079 469,603,079 Due to related parties 39,301,781 39,301,781 Bank overdraft 290,416,559 290,416,559 Total 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 Loans & receivables receivables Total Assets as per statement of financial position Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets) * 30,828,536 30,828,536 Due from related parties 14,590,757 14,590,757 Financial assets at amortized cost 499,232,147 499,232,147 Cash and bank balances 143,662,933 143,662,933 Total 688,314,373 688,314,373 Total 140,502,167 140,502,167 Chier financial liabilities at amortised costs 140,502,167 401,502,167 Total 553,187,023 653,187,023 653,187,023	Total		
Liabilities at liabilities at liabilities at mortised costs Total Liabilities as per statement of financial position 497,891,710 497,891,710 Borrowings * 497,891,710 497,891,710 Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) * 469,603,079 469,603,079 Due to related parties 39,301,781 39,301,781 Bank overdraft 290,416,559 290,416,559 Total 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 Loans & receivables receivables Total Assets as per statement of financial position Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets) * 30,828,536 30,828,536 Due from related parties 14,590,757 14,590,757 Financial assets at amortized cost 499,232,147 499,232,147 Cash and bank balances 143,662,933 143,662,933 Total 688,314,373 688,314,373 Total 140,502,167 140,502,167 Chier financial liabilities at amortised costs 140,502,167 401,502,167 Total 553,187,023 653,187,023 653,187,023		30 Septem	ber 2021
Liabilities as per statement of financial position Borrowings * 497,891,710 497,891,710 Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) * 469,603,079 469,603,079 Due to related parties 39,301,781 39,301,781 39,301,781 Bank overdraft 290,416,559 290,416,559 290,416,559 Total 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 Loans & receivables Loans & receivables Total Assets as per statement of financial position 30,828,536 30,828,536 Due from related parties 14,590,757 14,590,757 Financial assets at amortized cost 499,232,147 499,232,147 Cash and bank balances 143,662,933 143,662,933 Total 688,314,373 688,314,373 Total Other financial liabilities at amortised cost 168,314,373 688,314,373 Borrowings * 653,187,023 653,187,023 653,187,023 Total 401,532,167 401,532,167 401,532,167 Due to related parties 4,280 4,280			
Liabilities as per statement of financial position Borrowings * 497,891,710 497,891,710 Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) * 469,603,079 469,603,079 Due to related parties 39,31,781 39,301,781 Bank overdraft 290,416,559 290,416,559 Total 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 Loans & receivables Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets) * 30,828,536 30,828,536 Due from related parties 14,590,757 14,590,757 Financial assets at amortized cost 499,232,147 499,232,147 Cash and bank balances 143,662,933 143,662,933 Total 688,314,373 688,314,373 Total 11 becember 2020 Other financial ilabilities at amortized cost 70 ther financial liabilities at amortized cost 688,314,373 688,314,373 Borrowings * 653,187,023 653,187,023 653,187,023 653,187,023 Total 401,532,167 401,532,167 401,532,167 Due to related parties 4,280 4,28		liabilities at	
Borrowings * 497,891,710 497,891,710 Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) * 469,603,079 469,603,079 Due to related parties 39,301,781 39,301,781 Bank overdraft 290,416,559 290,416,559 Total 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 Loans & receivables Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets) * 30,828,536 30,828,536 Due from related parties 14,590,757 14,590,757 Financial assets at amortized cost 499,232,147 499,232,147 Cash and bank balances 143,662,933 143,662,933 Total 688,314,373 688,314,373 Total Liabilities as per statement of financial position Borrowings * 653,187,023 653,187,023 Total 653,187,023 653,187,023 Total and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities)* 401,532,167 401,532,167 Due to related parties 4,280 4,280 Borrowings * 66,311,046 64,311,046		amortised costs	Total
Borrowings * 497,891,710 497,891,710 Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) * 469,603,079 469,603,079 Due to related parties 39,301,781 39,301,781 Bank overdraft 290,416,559 290,416,559 Total 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 Loans & receivables Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets) * 30,828,536 30,828,536 Due from related parties 14,590,757 14,590,757 Financial assets at amortized cost 499,232,147 499,232,147 Cash and bank balances 143,662,933 143,662,933 Total 688,314,373 688,314,373 Total Liabilities as per statement of financial position Borrowings * 653,187,023 653,187,023 Total 653,187,023 653,187,023 Total and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities)* 401,532,167 401,532,167 Due to related parties 4,280 4,280 Borrowings * 66,311,046 64,311,046	Liabilities as per statement of financial position		
Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities)* 469,603,079 469,603,079 Due to related parties 39,301,781 39,301,781 Bank overdraft 290,416,559 290,416,559 Total 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 Assets as per statement of financial position Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets)* 30,828,536 30,828,536 Due from related parties 14,590,757 14,590,757 Financial assets at amortized cost 499,232,147 499,232,147 Cash and bank balances 143,662,933 143,662,933 Total 688,314,373 688,314,373 Liabilities as per statement of financial position Borrowings * 653,187,023 653,187,023 Total 50,187,023 653,187,023 Total 401,532,167 401,532,167 Due to related parties 4,280 4,280 Bank overdraft 64,311,046 64,311,046		497,891,710	497,891,710
Due to related parties 39,301,781 39,301,781 Bank overdraft 290,416,559 290,416,559 Total 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 Loans & receivables Total Assets as per statement of financial position 30,828,536 30,828,536 Due from related parties 14,590,757 14,590,757 Financial assets at amortized cost 499,232,147 499,232,147 Cash and bank balances 143,662,933 143,662,933 Total 688,314,373 688,314,373 Other financial isbilities at amortised cost 70ther financial isbilities at amortised cost 70ther financial isbilities at amortised cost 88,314,373 Total 653,187,023 653,187,023 653,187,023 Liabilities as per statement of financial position 653,187,023 653,187,023 Borrowings * 653,187,023 653,187,023 653,187,023 Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) * 401,532,167 401,532,167 Due to related parties 4,280 4,280 Bank overdraft 64,311,046 64,311,04	Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) *	· · ·	
Bank overdraft Total 290,416,559 290,416,559 290,416,559 290,416,559 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 2,202,213 2,202,213 2,202,213 2,202,213 2,202,213 2,202,213 2,202,214 2,202,21		39,301,781	
Total 1,297,213,129 1,297,213,129 31 December 2020 Loans & receivables Total Assets as per statement of financial position Trade and other receivables (excluding non-financial assets)* 30,828,536 30,828,536 Due from related parties 14,590,757 14,590,757 Financial assets at amortized cost 499,232,147 499,232,147 Cash and bank balances 143,662,933 143,662,933 Total 688,314,373 688,314,373 Other financial liabilities at amortised costs 70tal Liabilities as per statement of financial position 50,187,023 653,187,023 Borrowings * 653,187,023 653,187,023 653,187,023 Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities)* 401,532,167 401,532,167 Due to related parties 4,280 4,280 Bank overdraft 64,311,046 64,311,046	Bank overdraft	290,416,559	
Assets as per statement of financial position Total Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets) * 30,828,536 30,828,536 Due from related parties 14,590,757 14,590,757 Financial assets at amortized cost 499,232,147 499,232,147 Cash and bank balances 143,662,933 143,662,933 Total 688,314,373 688,314,373 Other financial liabilities at amortised costs Total Liabilities as per statement of financial position Borrowings * 653,187,023 653,187,023 Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) * 401,532,167 401,532,167 Due to related parties 4,280 4,280 Bank overdraft 64,311,046 64,311,046	Total	***************************************	
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Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets) * 30,828,536 30,828,536 Due from related parties 14,590,757 14,590,757 Financial assets at amortized cost 499,232,147 499,232,147 Cash and bank balances 143,662,933 143,662,933 Total Other financial liabilities at amortised costs Total Liabilities as per statement of financial position Borrowings * 653,187,023 653,187,023 Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) * 401,532,167 401,532,167 Due to related parties 4,280 4,280 Bank overdraft 64,311,046 64,311,046			per 2020
Due from related parties 14,590,757 14,590,757 Financial assets at amortized cost 499,232,147 499,232,147 Cash and bank balances 143,662,933 143,662,933 Total 688,314,373 688,314,373 Other financial liabilities at amortised costs Total Liabilities as per statement of financial position Borrowings * 653,187,023 653,187,023 Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) * 401,532,167 401,532,167 Due to related parties 4,280 4,280 Bank overdraft 64,311,046 64,311,046		Loans &	
Financial assets at amortized cost 499,232,147 499,232,147 Cash and bank balances 143,662,933 143,662,933 Total 688,314,373 688,314,373 Other financial liabilities at amortised costs Total Liabilities as per statement of financial position Borrowings * 653,187,023 653,187,023 Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) * 401,532,167 401,532,167 Due to related parties 4,280 4,280 Bank overdraft 64,311,046 64,311,046	Assets as per statement of financial position	Loans &	
Cash and bank balances 143,662,933 143,662,933 Total 688,314,373 688,314,373 Other financial liabilities at amortised costs Total Liabilities as per statement of financial position 653,187,023 653,187,023 Borrowings * 653,187,023 653,187,023 Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) * 401,532,167 401,532,167 Due to related parties 4,280 4,280 Bank overdraft 64,311,046 64,311,046	- •	Loans & receivables	Total
Total 688,314,373 688,314,373 31 December 2020 Other financial liabilities at amortised costs Total Liabilities as per statement of financial position Borrowings * 653,187,023 653,187,023 653,187,023 401,532,167 401,532,167 401,532,167 401,532,167 64,280 4,280 4,280 64,311,046 6	Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets) *	Loans & receivables 30,828,536	Total 30,828,536
31 December 2020 Other financial liabilities at amortised costs Total	Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets) * Due from related parties	Loans & receivables 30,828,536 14,590,757	Total 30,828,536 14,590,757
Liabilities as per statement of financial positionContact of the financial liabilities at amortised costsTotalBorrowings *653,187,023653,187,023Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) *401,532,167401,532,167Due to related parties4,2804,280Bank overdraft64,311,04664,311,046	Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets) * Due from related parties Financial assets at amortized cost	Loans & receivables 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147	Total 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147
Liabilities as per statement of financial positionContact of the financial liabilities at amortised costsTotalBorrowings *653,187,023653,187,023Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) *401,532,167401,532,167Due to related parties4,2804,280Bank overdraft64,311,04664,311,046	Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets) * Due from related parties Financial assets at amortized cost Cash and bank balances	Loans & receivables 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147 143,662,933	Total 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147 143,662,933
Liabilities as per statement of financial position 653,187,023 653,187,023 Borrowings * 653,187,023 653,187,023 Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) * 401,532,167 401,532,167 Due to related parties 4,280 4,280 Bank overdraft 64,311,046 64,311,046	Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets) * Due from related parties Financial assets at amortized cost Cash and bank balances	Loans & receivables 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147 143,662,933 688,314,373	Total 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147 143,662,933 688,314,373
Liabilities as per statement of financial positionamortised costsTotalBorrowings *653,187,023653,187,023Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) *401,532,167401,532,167Due to related parties4,2804,280Bank overdraft64,311,04664,311,046	Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets) * Due from related parties Financial assets at amortized cost Cash and bank balances	Loans & receivables 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147 143,662,933 688,314,373 31 Decem	Total 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147 143,662,933 688,314,373
Liabilities as per statement of financial positionBorrowings *653,187,023653,187,023Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) *401,532,167401,532,167Due to related parties4,2804,280Bank overdraft64,311,04664,311,046	Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets) * Due from related parties Financial assets at amortized cost Cash and bank balances	Loans & receivables 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147 143,662,933 688,314,373 31 Decem Other financial	Total 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147 143,662,933 688,314,373
Borrowings * 653,187,023 653,187,023 Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) * 401,532,167 401,532,167 Due to related parties 4,280 4,280 Bank overdraft 64,311,046 64,311,046	Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets) * Due from related parties Financial assets at amortized cost Cash and bank balances	Loans & receivables 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147 143,662,933 688,314,373 31 Decem Other financial liabilities at	Total 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147 143,662,933 688,314,373 ber 2020
Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) * 401,532,167 Due to related parties 4,280 Bank overdraft 401,532,167 401,532,167 401,532,167 4,280 4,280 64,311,046	Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets) * Due from related parties Financial assets at amortized cost Cash and bank balances Total	Loans & receivables 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147 143,662,933 688,314,373 31 Decem Other financial liabilities at	Total 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147 143,662,933 688,314,373 ber 2020
Due to related parties 4,280 4,280 Bank overdraft 64,311,046 64,311,046	Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets) * Due from related parties Financial assets at amortized cost Cash and bank balances Total Liabilities as per statement of financial position	10,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147 143,662,933 688,314,373 31 Decem Other financial liabilities at amortised costs	Total 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147 143,662,933 688,314,373 ber 2020 Total
Bank overdraft 64,311,046 64,311,046	Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets) * Due from related parties Financial assets at amortized cost Cash and bank balances Total Liabilities as per statement of financial position Borrowings *	Loans & receivables 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147 143,662,933 688,314,373 31 Decem Other financial liabilities at amortised costs 653,187,023	Total 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147 143,662,933 688,314,373 ber 2020 Total 653,187,023
	Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets) * Due from related parties Financial assets at amortized cost Cash and bank balances Total Liabilities as per statement of financial position Borrowings * Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) *	Loans & receivables 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147 143,662,933 688,314,373 31 Decem Other financial liabilities at amortised costs 653,187,023 401,532,167	Total 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147 143,662,933 688,314,373 ber 2020 Total 653,187,023 401,532,167
	Trade and other receivables (excluding non - financial assets) * Due from related parties Financial assets at amortized cost Cash and bank balances Total Liabilities as per statement of financial position Borrowings * Trade and other payables (excluding non-financial liabilities) * Due to related parties	Loans & receivables 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147 143,662,933 688,314,373 31 Decem Other financial liabilities at amortised costs 653,187,023 401,532,167 4,280	Total 30,828,536 14,590,757 499,232,147 143,662,933 688,314,373 ber 2020 Total 653,187,023 401,532,167 4,280

^{*} At the Balance sheet date, the carrying value of all short-term financial assets and liabilities approximates the fair value. Long-term borrowings also approximate the fair value as the loans bears a variable interest rate, so the fair value approximate the principal amount.

Trade and other receivables presented above excludes prepaid expenses, advances to supplies and taxes.

Trade and other payables presented above excludes taxes payables, advances from customers, deferred government grant and social insurances.