B Investments Holding "S.A.E." Separate Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 Together with Auditor's Report



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<u>Translation of Independent Auditor's</u> <u>Report Originally Issued in Arabic</u>

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: The Shareholders of B Investments Holding "S.A.E."

Report on the Separate Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying separate financial statements of B Investments Holding "S.A.E." which comprise the separate statement of financial position as of December 31, 2024, and the related separate statements of profit or loss, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Separate Financial Statements

These separate financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management, Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these separate financial statements in accordance with the Egyptian Accounting Standards and the prevailing Egyptian laws and regulations. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies, and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these separate financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Egyptian Standards on Auditing and applicable Egyptian Laws. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the separate financial statements are free from material misstatements.



An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the separate financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the separate financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the separate financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the separate financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion, the separate financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material aspects, the separate financial position of B Investments Holding "S.A.E." as of December 31, 2024, and of its separate financial performance and its separate cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards and the related applicable Egyptian laws and regulations.

Report on the Legal and Other Organizational Requirements

The Company maintains proper books of accounts, which include all that is required by the law and the statutes of the Company, and the separate financial statements agreed thereto.

The financial information referred to in the Board of Directors Report is prepared in compliance with Law No. 159 for 1981 and its executive regulation thereto and is in agreement with the Company's books of accounts.

Cairo, March 27, 2025

B Investments Holding S.A.E. Separate Statement of Financial Position as of December 31, 2024

	Note	December 31,2024 EGP	December 31,2023
Assets		EGP	<u>EGP</u>
Non-current assets			
	(e)	1 617 069 900	121 601 102
Investments in subsidiaries	(6)		131 601 193
Investments in joint ventures (net)	(7)	789 296 637	610 902 496
Investments in associates (net)	(8)	182 229 125	182 229 125
Investment properties (net)	(9)	87 221 158	88 927 703
Loans to associates(net)	(10)	336 286 279	205 053 943
Notes receivable (net)	(11)	1 541 066	3 288 730
Total non-current assets	_	3 013 644 165	1 222 003 190
Current assets			
Notes receivable (net)	(11)	1 727 380	1 946 149
Due from related parties (net)	(12)	951 969	57 294 777
Other debit balances (net)	********	129 344 319	91 217 825
	(13)	129 344 319	
Loans to joint ventures(net)	(14)		28 073 577
Treasury bills (net)	(15)		14 977 342
Cash at banks	(16)	1 852 559 909	1 358 909 241
Total current assets	_	1 984 583 577	1.552 418 911
Total assets	_	4 998 227 742	2 774 422 101
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
Issued and paid-up capital	(21)	1 091 813 930	800 122 080
Reserves '	(22)	1 537 321 091	362 146 081
Retained earnings		917 062 208	671 344 220
Net profit for the year	_	951 568 469	484 393 246
Total equity	_	4 497 765 698	2 318 005 627
Non-Current liabilities	-		
Deferred tax liabilities	(23)	205 949 148	25 899 077
Non current - loans	(19)	78 750 000	156 250 000
Total non-current liabilities	_	284 699 148	182 149 077
Current liabilities			
Due to related parties	(17)	28 854 586	44 703 164
Accounts payable and other credit balances	(18)	17 763 264	15 684 442
Current Income tax	(23)	67 117 416	190 602 161
Provisions	(20)	4 527 630	4 527 630
Current - loans	(19)	97 500 000	18 750 000
Total current liabilities	_	215 762 896	274 267 397
Total equity and liabilities	_	4 998 227 742	2 774 422 101

⁻ The attached notes form an integral part of the separate financial statements , and to be read therewith.

Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

Chairman

Mostafa El-Bekpashy

Dr. Mohamed Abdel Monem Omran

Mohamed Hazem Adel Barakat

- Auditor's Report attached

B Investments Holding "S.A.E" Separate Statement of Profit or Loss For the year ended December 31,2024

	<u>Note</u>	<u>December 31,2024</u> <u>EGP</u>	<u>December 31,2023</u> <u>EGP</u>
Revenues and profits			
Dividends income from subsidiaries	(26)	102 302 248	354 600 249
Dividends income from associates	(27)	29 972 793	22 479 595
Rental income of investment properties		14 801 260	13 198 642
Credit interest	(28)	144 158 050	96 838 864
Other revenue		<u></u>	107 323 200
		291 234 351	594 440 550
Expenses and losses			
Investment properties' depreciation	(9)	(1 706 545)	(1 718 064)
Investment manager fees	(30)	(45 597 140)	(91 783 537)
Consulting fees and other expenses	(29)	(16 241 776)	(17 486 230)
Board of directors allowances and other expenses		(560 806)	(517 500)
expenses for interests and commissions		(55 118 325)	(15 156 250)
Reverse of impairment in investments in Joint Ventures		27 214 789	
Expected credit losses		(4 015 454)	(982 582)
Foreign exchange gains		1 003 526 862	67 900 127
Net profit for the year before tax		1 198 735 956	534 696 514
Current income tax	(23)	(67 117 416)	(36 861 550)
Deferred tax	(23)	(180 050 071)	(13 441 718)
Net profit for the year after tax		951 568 469	484 393 246
Basic earnings per share	(24)	4.75	2.96
Diluted earnings per share	(24)	4.75	2.96

⁻ The attached notes form an integral part of the separate financial statements and to be read therewith.

B Investments Holding S.A.E.

Separate Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended December 31,2024

	Note	December 31,2024	<u>December 31,2023</u>
		EGP	EGP
Net profit for the year after tax		951 568 469	484 393 246
Items of other comprehensive income			
Revaluation reserve of investments at fair value through OCI net of tax		1	88 277 946
Total items of other comprehensive income net of tax	ı	1	88 277 946
Total comprehensive income for the year	1 11	951 568 469	572 671 192

⁻ The attached notes form an integral part of the separate financial statements , and to be read therewith.

B Investments Holding S.A.E.

Separate Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended December 31,2024

Note	Issued and paid-up.	and	Legal reserve	Other reserves	Revaluation reserve of investments at fair value through OCI	Retained earnings	Net profit for the Year	Total
	EGP		EGP	EGP	<u>EGP</u>	EGP	EGP	EGP
Balance as of January 1, 2023	800 1	800 122 080	279 716 560	·	- 441 273 047	174 483 618	860 895 610	2 556 490 915
Items of comprehensive income								1
Net profit for the year		ı	1	·	1	I	484 393 246	484 393 246
Revaluation reserve of investments at fair value through OCI net of tax		:	1	•	88 277 946	•	ı	88 277 946
Total Comprehensive income			1		88 277 946	•	484 393 246	572 671 192
The company's shareholders transactions								
Transferred to legal reserve		ı	82 429 521		ı	ı	(82 429 521)	•
Transferred to retained earnings		ı	I		1	778 466 089	(778 466 089)	
Closing of Revaluation reserve of investments at fair value through OCI net of tax in Retained	ainec	ı	ı		(529 550 993)	529 550 993	I	:
Dividends		1	;			(811 156 480)	t I	(811 156 480)
Total company's shareholders transactions	<u> </u>	 	82 429 521		(529 550 993)	496 860 602	(860 895 610)	(811 156 480)
Balance as of December 31, 2023	800	800 122 080	362 146 081			671 344 220	484 393 246	2 318 005 627
Balance as of January 1, 2024	800 1	800 122 080	362 146 081		1 1	671 344 220	484 393 246	2 318 005 627
Items of comprehensive income		:	I		:	ı	951 568 469	951 568 469
Net profit for the year	ļ	 						044 469 460
Total Comprehensive income		 - 	1		1	1		201 000 100
The company's shareholders transactions								
Capital increase through a share swap process with Orascom Financial Holding.	291	291 691 850	172 448 412	991 414 126	- 58	1	1	1 455 554 388
Transferred to legal reserve		ı	11 312 472		:	1	(11 312 472)	ī
Transferred to retained earnings		I	1		1	473 080 774	(473 080 774)	1
Dividends (33)	6	ı	1		1	(227 362 786)	I	(227 362 786)
Total company's shareholders transactions	291	291 691 850	183 760 884	991 414 126	- J	245 717 988	(484 393 246)	1 228 191 602
Balance as of December 31, 2024	1 091	1 091 813 930	545 906 965	991 414 126	- 56	917 062 208	951 568 469	4 497 765 698
				:				

⁻ The atlached notes form an integral part of the separate financial statements, and to be read therewith.

B Investments Holding S.A.E. Separate Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended December 31,2024

	<u>Note</u>	December 31,2024	<u>December 31,2023</u>
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net profit for the year before income tax		1 198 735 956	534 696 514
Adjusted by:			
Reversal of Dividends income from subsidiaries		(102 302 248)	(354 600 249)
Reversal of Dividends income from associates		(29 972 793)	(22 479 595)
Reversal of Impairment in Investments in joint ventures		(27 214 789)	
Foreign currency exchange differences		(1 003 526 862)	(67 900 127)
Net Provisions used / formed during the year			(624 175)
Credit interest - treasury bills		(19 058 439)	(25 684 998)
Credit Interest		(125 099 611)	(71 153 866)
Expected credit losses		3 548 005	913 062
Debit interest and commissions		55 118 325	15 156 250
Depreciation of investment properties		1 706 545	1 718 064
Operating (losses)/ Profit before changes in working capital		(48 065 911)	10 040 880
Decrease in notes receivable		3 000 000	3 000 000
Decrease/ (Increase) in loans to associates and joint ventures		28 300 713	(13 765 390)
Decrease/ (Increase) in due from related parties		56 375 457	(2 028 512)
Decrease in other debit balances		29 998 853	768 231 433
(Decrease) in due to related parties		(15 848 578)	(89 134 164)
(Decrease)/ Increase in accounts payable and other credit balances		(5 880 032)	. 1 690 417
Income tax paid during the year		(185 158 615)	(2 510 057)
Proceeds from dividends income from investments in subsidiaries		102 302 248	330 106 817
proceeds from dividends income from investmenets in associates		29 972 793	22 479 595
Net cash flows (used in) generated from operation activities		(5 003 072)	1 028 111 019
Cash flows from investing activities			-
Proceeds from credit interest		79 518 912	56 298 567
(Payments) for investments in subsidiaries acquisition		(14 000 000)	(544 843)
(Payments) for investments in joint ventures acquisition		(11 050 400)	(322 415 810)
(Payments) in advance for investment in joint venture		(140 128 952)	
Proceeds from disposals of investments at fair value through OCI		-	904 077 877
Net proceeds from sale, redemption and acquisition of treasury bills		15 200 000	164 849 962
Net cash flows (used in) generated from investment activities		(70 460 440)	802 265 753
Dividends paid		(227 362 786)	(811 156 480)
proceeds from loans		20 000 000	175 000 000
Loans (Payments)		(18 750 000)	
Debit interest and commissions paid		(47 159 471)	(8 527 083)
Net cash flows (used in) financing activities		(273 272 257)	(644 683 563)
.,,			
Net change in cash and cash equivalents during the year		(348 735 769)	1 185 693 209
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		1 358 909 241	146 351 174
Effect of changes in exchange rates on cash balances held in foreign currencies		842 386 437	26 864 858
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	(16)	1 852 559 909	1 358 909 241

⁻ The attached notes form an integral part of the separate financial statements , and to be read therewith.

1. General information

B Investments Holding "S.A.E." (BPE Holding for Financial investments - formerly) "The Company" was established under the provisions of Law No. 95 for 1992 and its executive regulations. The Company was registered on December 31, 2005, under No. 52455 at South Cairo Commercial Register pursuant to the Capital Market Authority License No. 348 dated April 11, 2006. Then the company registered on October 24, 2012, under No. 63264 at South Cairo Commercial Register.

The company's new Location is 24 Talaat Harb Street, Cinema Radio Building – 1st Floor - Cairo. Was registered in the company's commercial register on July 15, 2020.

The Company's purpose is to participate in the incorporation of other entities, which issue securities, or increase their capital. The Company may have interest or participate in any form with corporate companies pursuing similar activities, or which may assist it in realizing its purpose in Egypt or abroad. The Company may also merge, purchase, or become a subsidiary of a company according to the provisions of law and its executive regulations. The Company's duration is 20 years commencing from the commercial register date.

The Company's primary business activity is investing in other entities, in accordance with its established investment policy. The Company aims to identify, research, negotiate, make, and monitor the progress of and sell, realize, and exchange investments and distribute proceeds of such investments with the principal objective of providing shareholders with a high relative overall rate of return by means of both income, capital growth.

On January 11, 2016, the Company's extraordinary general assembly decided to change the Company name to be BPE Holding for Financial Investments. The change was registered in the Company's commercial register on February 24, 2016.

On May 8, 2018, the Company's extraordinary general assembly decided to change the Company name to be B Investments Holding, the change was registered in the Company's commercial register on July 8, 2018.

2. Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Egyptian Accounting Standards issued by the Minister of Investment Resolution No. (110) for the year 2015 and in light of the relevant Egyptian laws and regulations.

3. Separate financial statements' basis of preparation

Separate financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for financial assets that are designated at initial recognition as at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Company's investments in subsidiaries, jointly ventures and associates are accounted for using the cost method (less impairments, if existed), and they are presented in the accompanying separate financial statements based on the company's direct equity interest rather than on its interest in reported results and the investees companies' net assets. For a better understanding of the financial position, business results and cash flows of the company and its subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates, reference should be made to the Company's consolidated financial statements.

4. Critical accounting judgments and key sources of uncertain estimation

in the application of the Company's accounting policies, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Those estimates and associated assumptions are based on management historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates, therefore those estimates, and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The following are the critical judgments and estimates that the management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the separate financial statements:

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Management assess events and indicators that might led to a commitment on the company's side resulting from performing its normal economic activities, management uses estimates and assumptions to assess whether the provision's recognition conditions have been met at the financial statement date, and analyze information to assess whether past events led to current liability against the Company and estimates the future cash outflows and timing to settle this obligation in addition to selecting the method which enable the management to measure the value of the commitment reliably.

Impairment of financial assets

On a prospective basis, the Company evaluates the expected credit losses for debt instruments measured at amortized cost and at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Company measures the expected credit losses and recognizes a provision for credit loss at the date of preparing the financial reports. The measurement of credit losses reflects the expectation: (i) a weighted fair amount determined by evaluating a range of outcomes, (ii) the time value of money, and (iii) reasonable and supportive information that is available without incurring undue cost or effort at the end of each reporting period of preparation of financial reports about past events, current conditions, expectations, and future conditions.

The Company applies a three-stage model of impairment, based on changes in credit quality since the initial recognition, the financial instrument that has not been decreased by impairment at the initial recognition is classified in the first stage. The expected credit losses for financial assets in the first stage are measured at an amount equal to the portion of the expected credit losses over the life that results from default events that are possible within the next 12 months or until the contractual maturity date, if more (up to 12 months expected credit losses) if the Company determines a significant increase in credit risk since the initial recognition, the asset is transferred to the second stage and the expected credit losses are measured on the basis of the expected credit losses over the life, that is, until the contractual maturity date, but taking into account the expected advance payments, if any (expected credit losses over a lifetime). For a description of how the Company determines when a significant increase in credit risk will occur. If the Company determines that a financial asset is credit-impaired, the asset is transferred to the third stage and the expected credit losses are measured as lifetime expected credit losses.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Non- financial assets are reviewed to determine whether there are any indications that the net carrying amount of these assets may not be recoverable and that they have suffered an impairment loss that needs to be recognized. To determine whether any such elements exist it is necessary to make subjective measurements, based on information obtained within the Company and in the market considering experience.

When indicators exist that an asset may have become impaired, the Company estimates the impairment loss using suitable valuation techniques. The identification of elements indicating that a potential impairment exists and estimates of the amount of the impairment depend on factors that may vary in time, affecting management's assessments and estimates.

Recognition and measurement of current tax liabilities

The Company's profit is subject to income tax, which requires the use of significant estimates to determine the total income tax liability. As determining the final tax liability for certain transactions could be difficult during the reporting period, the Company records current tax liabilities using its best estimate about the taxable treatment of these transactions and the possibility of incurring of additional tax charges that may result from tax inspections. When a difference arises between the final tax assessment and what has been recorded, such difference is recorded as an income tax expense and current tax liability in the current period and is considered as a change in accounting estimates.

5. Significant accounting policies

The following is a presentation for the most important applied policies in preparing financial statements. These policies have been applied consistently during the presented periods including the comparative year.

a. <u>Investments in subsidiaries</u>

A subsidiary Company is an entity including an unincorporated entity such as a partnership that is controlled by another entity (known as the parent).

Control is achieved when the Group has the right into variable returns through its contribution in the investee when exposed or entitled to variable returns and have the ability to affect that returns through its power on investee, the Company control the investee when the Company has the following:

- Has power over the investee.
- Is exposed or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee.
- Has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

When the Company has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it considers that it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the particular ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Company's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power including.

- Potential voting rights held by the Company, other vote holders or other parties.
- The size of the Company's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements and
- Any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Company has or does not have the current ability
 to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous
 shareholders' meetings.

b. Investments in associates

An associate Company is an entity over which the Company is in a position to exercise significant influence, but not control or joint control, through participation in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee.

Investments in associate companies are carried at cost, unless classified as non-current investments held-for-sale in which case, they are measured at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell. And the Company does not follow the equity method to account for its investments in associates in the attached separate financial statements according to phrase (10) of the EAS (17).

In case of an objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on investments in associate companies at the date of the financial statements, the carrying amount of the investment is reduced to the recoverable amount with impairment losses recognized immediately in the separate statement of profit or loss.

c. Investments in joint ventures

A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby two or more parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control.

Investments in jointly controlled entities are carried at cost, unless classified as non-current investments held-forsale in which case, they are measured at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell. And the Company does not follow the equity method to account for its investments in joint ventures in the attached separate financial statements according to phrase (10) of the EAS (17).

In case of an objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on investments in jointly controlled entities at the date of the separate financial statements, the carrying amount of the investment is reduced to the recoverable amount with impairment losses recognized immediately in separate statement of profit or loss.

d. Investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are initially recognized, at acquisition, at cost which include transaction costs which include fees and commissions paid to agents, advisors, brokers and dealers, taxes levied by regulatory agencies and securities exchanges, and transfer taxes and duties.

After initial recognition, these investments are subsequently measured at fair value with gains or losses resulting from fair value measurement recognized directly in equity, until the investment is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss will be immediately reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the investments.

e. Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and or for capital appreciation. Investment properties are measured initially at cost including transaction costs and are subsequent to the initial recognition reported in the balance sheet at historical cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

An investment property is derecognized upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising from derecognition of the property is included in the separate statement of profits and losses in the period in which the property is derecognized. Gain or loss on de-recognition is calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset.

Investment property, except for land, is depreciated using the straight-line method, depreciation is charged to the separate statement of profits and losses over the useful life of each investment property. The following are estimated useful lives for investment properties that are used to calculate depreciation:

<u>Description</u>	Lifetime by years	Depreciation Rate
Buildings	50	2%
Fittings and contracting works	20	5%
Air conditions and enumerator	12	8%

f. Cash and cash equivalents.

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash at banks, short-term demand deposits with maturities less than three months that are readily convertible to specified amounts of cash.

g. Separate statement of Cash flows

A separate statement of cash flows is prepared applying the indirect method.

h. Foreign currency translation

The financial statements are presented in Egyptian pounds, being the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). Transactions in currencies other than Egyptian pounds are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated to Egyptian pounds at the rates prevailing at the balance sheet date.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences are recognized in the separate statement of profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for exchange differences arising on non-monetary assets and liabilities carried at fair value, where translation differences are recognized as part of changes in fair value.

i. Revenue recognition and measurement

The Company's revenue is represented in the below:

- Dividend income from investments

Dividend income from investments is recognized at a point of time when the shareholders' right to pay these dividends at the fair value of the consideration received or still owed to the Company is issued.

- Interest income

Interest income is recognized according to the accrual principle based on a time proportional distribution, taking into account the principal outstanding and the interest rate applied over the period to the maturity date.

j. <u>Taxation</u>

A provision for potential tax claims is generally recognized based on management comprehensive study for prior years' tax assessments and disputes.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized on temporary differences between the assets and liabilities tax basis set by the Egyptian Tax Law and its executive regulations, and their reported amounts per the accounting principles used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Accordingly, during each reporting period, an estimated income tax expense is recognized in the separate statement of profit or loss that represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax with actual income tax expense recognized at year-end.

Current tax payable is calculated based on taxable profit of the year as determined in accordance with applicable local laws and regulations using tax rates enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realized, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is charged or credited to the separate statement of profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity unless those related items recognized in equity have affected taxable profit and calculation of current tax expense for the year, then the related deferred tax is recognized in the separate statement of profits and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are accounted for using the balance sheet liability method and are reported in the balance sheet as non-current assets and liabilities.

k. Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) because of past events and that it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, the costs to settle related obligations are probable and a reliable estimate is made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date, considering the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, it carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows. Where discounting is used, the carrying amount of a provision increases in each period to reflect the value of time. This increase is recognized in the separate statement of profits and losses as finance costs.

I. Dividends

Dividends declared to the shareholders and Board of Directors are recognized as a liability in the separate financial statements in the period in which these dividends have been approved by the Company's shareholders.

m. Earnings per Share

Basic and diluted earnings per share are calculated based on dividing the profit or loss, according to the financial statements (net of employees' statutory profit share and Board of Directors profit share, (if any), attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

n. Impairment of non-financial assets

At each balance sheet date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets including tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The Company considers each investment, whether a subsidiary, jointly controlled entity, or associate, as a single cash generating unit.

The recoverable amount of an asset or a cash generating unit represents the fair value less the selling costs or the value in use which is higher.

Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and those not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than it carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in the separate statement of profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent the revised estimate does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been determined had the impairment loss not been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in the separate statement of profit or loss.

o. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when an entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

Financial assets are recognized and derecognized on the "trade date" where the purchase or sale of an investment is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the investment within the timeframe established by the market concerned,

After initial recognition, all recognized financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value, and the measurement depends on the financial assets classification.

A. Classification of financial assets

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost less impairment loss:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The subsequent measurement of all other financial assets is measured by fair value.

B. Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a debt instruments and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees on points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period.

The return on all debt instruments is recognized on an effective interest basis except as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss where the yield is included in the net change in fair value.

C. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

On initial recognition, the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading.

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument or a financial guarantee.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve.

The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the investments.

The Company has designated all investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, as at FVTOCI on initial application of EAS No. (47).

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognized in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established based upon the Egyptian Accounting Standard No. (48) "Revenue from contracts with customers". Dividends earned are recognized in profit or loss and are included in the "Dividends income from investments' line item.

D. Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)

Investments in equity instruments are classified as FVTPL unless the Company classifies the investment as FVTOCI upon initial recognition as FVTOCI.

Debt instruments - which do not meet the conditions of amortized cost - are measured at fair value through profit or loss, and debt instruments that meet the conditions of amortized cost - however the Company chooses to classify them at fair value through profit or loss - are also measured at fair value through profits or losses. A debt instrument may be classified upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss if that classification eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that may arise from the use of different bases in measuring assets or liabilities or in recognizing the resulting gains or losses. The Company has not classified any debt instrument at fair value through profit or loss.

Debt instruments are reclassified from the "amortized cost" classification to the "fair value through profit or loss" classification when the business model is changed such that the amortized cost terms are no longer applicable. It is not allowed to reclassify debt instruments that are classified upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss outside that classification.

Financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value at the end of each financial period, with any gain or loss resulting from re-measurement recognized in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit or loss for the period - is included in "other gains and losses" in the separate statement of comprehensive income.

The value is determined and the interest income from debt instruments classified at fair value through profit or loss is included in the net profit or loss referred to above.

Income from dividends resulting from investments in equity instruments classified at fair value through profit or loss is recognized in profit or loss when the Company has the right to receive dividends in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standard No. (48) "Revenue from contracts with customers", and that income is included within the net profit or loss referred to above.

E. Impairment of financial assets

On a prospective basis, the company evaluates the expected credit losses for debt instruments measured at amortized cost and at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Company measures the expected credit losses and recognizes a provision for credit loss at the date of preparing the financial reports. The measurement of credit losses reflects the expectation: (i) a weighted fair amount determined by evaluating a range of outcomes, (ii) the time value of money, and (iii) reasonable and supportive information that is available without incurring undue cost or effort at the end of each reporting period of preparation of financial reports about past events, current conditions, expectations, and future conditions.

The Company applies a three-stage model of impairment, based on changes in credit quality since the initial recognition, the financial instrument that has not been decreased by impairment at the initial recognition is classified in the first stage. The expected credit losses for financial assets in the first stage are measured at an amount equal to the portion of the expected credit losses over the life that results from default events that are possible within the next 12 months or until the contractual maturity date, if more (up to 12 months expected credit losses) if the Company determines a significant increase in credit risk since the initial recognition, the asset is transferred to the second stage and the expected credit losses are measured on the basis of the expected credit losses over the life, that is, until the contractual maturity date, but taking into account the expected advance payments, if any (expected credit losses over a lifetime). For a description of how the company determines when a significant increase in credit risk will occur. If the Company determines that a financial asset is credit-impaired, the asset is transferred to the third stage and the expected credit losses are measured as lifetime expected credit losses.

F. Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognize the financial asset from its books - only - when its contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when the Company transfers the financial asset and all the risks and benefits associated with its ownership to another entity.

If it turns out that the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and benefits associated with ownership of the asset and continues to control the transferred asset, then the Company will recognize the right it held in the asset and with a corresponding liability representing the amounts that may have to be paid. If it turns out that the Company retains to a large extent all the risks and benefits of ownership of the transferred financial asset, then the Company continues to recognize the financial asset, provided that it also recognizes the gains it received as an amount borrowed as a security for that asset.

When a financial asset carried at amortized cost is removed from the books, then the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the sum of the consideration received and the consideration still accrued is recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

A. Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

B. Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all its liabilities.

The instrument is an equity instrument if, and only if, both conditions (a) and (b) below are met:

- a) The instrument includes no contractual obligation:
- i. to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity; or
- ii. to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavorable to the issuer.
- b) If the instrument will or may be settled in the issuer's own equity instruments, it is:
- i. a non-derivative that includes no contractual obligation for the issuer to deliver a variable number of its own equity instruments; or
- ii. a derivative that will be settled only by the issuer exchanging a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

The repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognized and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue, or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

C. Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

A financial liability is classified as current liability when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- It is expected to be settled in the entity's normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purposes of trading.
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period.
- The entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other financial liabilities are classified as non-current.

D. Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

6. Investments in subsidiaries (net)

Company Name	No. of owned	<u>Ownership</u>	December 31, 2024	<u>December 31, 2023</u>
<u> </u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
B Healthcare Investment	30 103 929	70%	144 709 843	130 709 843
Inergia Technologies for Information Systems S.A. E	89 135	68.04%	891 350	891 350
Orascom Financial Holding S.A. E	3 311 285 883	68.99%	1 471 468 707	
			1 617 069 900	131 601 193

B Healthcare Investment S.A.E

On August 13, 2020, the board of directors approved the establishment of a Company that is specialized in healthcare. On November 29, 2021, B Healthcare Investments was established with authorized capital of one billion EGP and issued capital of EGP 130 M divided into 26M shares of EGP 5 par value each.

On January 23, 2023, the Company entered into shareholders agreement with TSFE Healthcare and Pharma subfund and B Healthcare Investment Company (a subsidiary) in relation to the investment in B Healthcare Investment Company, whereby TSFE Healthcare and Pharma sub-fund" will invest in "B Healthcare Investment company with an amount of EGP 32 500 000, accordingly the contribution of "TSFE Healthcare and Pharma sub-fund" will be 6 500 001 shares, with a percentage of 20% of the capital of B Healthcare Investment Company, and on February 20, 2023, the extraordinary general assembly of B Healthcare Investment Company approved the capital increase with EGP 32 500 000, by an increase in the company's shares with 6 500 000 shares, This was registered in the commercial register on March 16, 2023.

On May 7, 2023, the extraordinary general assembly meeting of B Healthcare Investment S.A.E approved a capital increase by an amount of EGP 23 214 270 by an increase in the company's shares with 4 642 854 share, this was registered in the commercial register on July 30, 2023, the issued and paid-up capital after the increase amounted to 185 714 270 EGP divided into 37 142 854 shares.

On 5 February 2024, the Board of Directors of B Healthcare Investment Company approved a capital increase of EGP 20 M and 4 M shares, and the share of B Investments Holding Company from that increase amounted to EGP 14 000 000, bringing the number of shares owned by B Investments Holding to 28 799 997 shares, and this was registered in the investee commercial register on April 29, 2024.

On 11 September 2024, the Extraordinary General Assembly of "B Healthcare Investment" decided to increase the capital by EGP 9 313 805 and 1 862 761 shares financed from free shares distributed by the Ordinary General Assembly resolution on September 11, 2024, bringing the number of shares owned by B Investments Holding Company to 30 103 929 shares, and this was registered in the investee commercial register on October 14, 2024.

Inergia Technologies for Information Systems S.A.E

On September 29, 2022, B investments holding, and the management parties of Giza systems S.A.E. (contracting parties) have terminated the previous shareholders agreement dated September 27, 2006, throughout which the contracting parties had joint control over Giza systems S.A.E. and based on that, the investment in Inergia Technologies for Information Systems S.A.E. has been reclassified from a joint venture to a subsidiary.

On December 31, 2023, the extraordinary general assembly meeting of Inergia Technologies for Information Systems S.A.E approved the dilution of the issued and paid-up capital for the Company by an amount of 80 EGPM and also the dilution number of shares from 8 131 009 share to 131 009 share where B Investments Holding's share in this decrease reached an amount of EGP 54 321 240, This was registered in the commercial register on March 3, 2024.

Orascom Financial Holding S.A.E

-On 22 April 2024, the company acquired 3 311 285 883 shares of Orascom Financial Holding Company according to the result of the compulsory purchase offer made through the exchange of the company's shares with the shareholders of Orascom Financial Holding Company S.A.E by 1 share of the capital of B Investments Holding Company S.A.E for 56.76 shares of the capital stock of Orascom Financial Holding Company. S.A.E. with a total amount of EGP 1 471 468 707 according to the approval issued by the Financial Regulatory Authority on May 8, 2024.

7. Investments in joint ventures (net)

Company Name	No. of	<u>Ownership</u>	<u>December 31, 2024</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u>
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
Basata International Holding	168 600 600	16.45%	116 241 000	
Limited Company				
Advance payment to			140 128 952	
investment in Basata				
International Holding Ltd				
Basata holding for financial	168 600 600	16.45%		116 241 000
Payments S.A.E				
Basata Financial Holding	1 128 840	20.79%	112 884 000	101 833 600
S.A.E.				
Gourmet Egypt.Com S.A.E.	4 910 883	52.9%	115 748 085	115 748 085
Red Sea Venture for Solar	7 425	49.5%	5 727 150	5 727 150
Energy S.A.E.				
B Pharma Holding (B.V) -	304 294	59.99%	304 294 600	304 294 600
Netherlands				
Less: Impairment in			(5 727 150)	(32 941 939)
Investments in joint ventures				
			789 296 637	610 902 496

Basata International Holding Limited Company.

On July 17, 2024, an amount of USD 2 921 788, equivalent to EGP 140 128 952, was paid for the purpose of investing in Basata International Holding Limited Company in the UAE to obtain percentage of the company's capital, and until the date of issuance of the financial statements, it was not noted in the commercial register of the investee company.

On September 19, 2024, the Financial Regulatory Authority (FRA) approved Proceedings the exchange of all shares owned by B Investments Holding S.A.E. in the capital of Basata Holding Company for Financial Payments LLC, which amounts to about 16.45%, in exchange for shares in Basata International Holding Limited by about 16.45% through the transfer of ownership of non-cash shares at the nominal value with a swap factor of 1 share for every 1 share, taking into account the provisions of Article 43 bis and 44 of the Rules for Registration and Write-off of Financial Papers, confirmation certificate was issued by the Abu Dhabi Global Market Registration Authority regarding the transfer of share ownership on December 31, 2024.

Basata Holding for financial payments S.A.E.

On June 12, 2017, the Company subscribed in the capital Basata Holding for financial payments S.A.E. (Previously Ebtikar Holding for Financial Investment S.A.E.). As per the article of association. The Company, management Company and others hold 50% of Basata Holding for financial payments S.A.E. (Previously Ebtikar Holding for Financial Investment S.A.E.) capital and the management Company holds (representing itself and its managed entities) 50% of votes at board meetings.

On December 16, 2020, the board members of Basata Holding for financial payments S.A.E. (Previously Ebtikar Holding for Financial Investment S.A.E.) have approved a capital increase of EGPM 26 where B Investments Holding's share in this increase has reached an amount of EGP 5 265 400. This was registered in the investee's commercial register on February 7,2021.

During May 2021, a deed of assignment was signed between Basata Holding for financial payments S.A.E. (Previously Ebtikar Holding for Financial Investment S.A.E.) (Seller) and Basata Financial Holding S.A.E. (Buyer) with portion of the credit balance arising from restructuring of Basata Holding for financial payments S.A.E. (Previously Ebtikar Holding for Financial Investment S.A.E.) owned shares in Tamweel Holding for Investment S.A.E., Tamweel Group of Companies and Basata for Microfinance S.A.E (previously Vitas Misr) to Basata Financial Holding S.A.E. where part of its credit balance will be transferred to Basata Holding for financial payments S.A.E. (Previously Ebtikar Holding for Financial Investment S.A.E.) shareholders. Accordingly, Basata Holding for financial payments S.A.E. (Previously Ebtikar Holding for Financial Investment S.A.E.) transferred part of its rights in Basata Financial Holding S.A.E. by an amount of EGP 192 700 000 to Basata Holding for financial payments S.A.E. (Previously Ebtikar Holding for Financial Investment S.A.E.) shareholders with Basata Financial Holding S.A.E. acceptance of the transfer and of its commitment to fulfill the aforementioned amount to the shareholders upon request where the share of B Investments Holding amounted to EGP 39 024 400.

On May 26, 2021, the extraordinary general assembly meeting of Basata Holding for financial payments S.A.E. (Previously Ebtikar Holding for Financial Investment S.A.E.) approved the capital decrease by an amount of EGP 192 700 000 where B Investments Holding's share in this decrease reached an amount of EGP 39 024 400. This was registered in the investee's commercial register on July 13,2021.

On October 24, 2021, the extraordinary general assembly meeting of Basata Holding for financial payments S.A.E. (Previously Ebtikar Holding for Financial Investment S.A.E.) approved the dilution of the par value per share to be 50 Egyptian piasters instead of EGP 100 where Basata Holding for financial payments S.A.E. (Previously Ebtikar Holding for Financial Investment S.A.E.) number of shares will be 1 024 818 200 shares. The number of B Investments Holding's owned shares after this amendment reached 168 600 600 shares. This was registered in the investee's commercial register on November 22,2021.

According to the Extraordinary General Assembly meeting of Ebtikar Holding for Financial Investment S.A.E. held on March 22, 2023, it has been approved to change the name of Ebtikar Holding for Financial Investment S.A.E. to become "Basata Holding for financial payments S.A.E." the change was registered in the Company's commercial register on September 13, 2023.

On September 19, 2024, the Financial Regulatory Authority (FRA) approved Proceedings the exchange of all shares owned by B Investments Holding S.A.E. in the capital of Basata Holding Company for Financial Payments LLC, which amounts to about 16.45%, in exchange for shares in Basata International Holding Limited by about 16.45% through the transfer of ownership of non-cash shares at the nominal value with a swap factor of 1 share for every 1 share, taking into account the provisions of Article 43 bis and 44 of the Rules for Registration and Write-off of Financial Papers , confirmation certificate was issued by the Abu Dhabi Global Market Registration Authority regarding the transfer of share ownership on December 31, 2024.

Basata Financial Holding S.A.E.

On July 17, 2020, the Company invested in the capital of Basata Financial Holding S.A.E. As per the memorandum of association. The Company, the management Company and others own 50% of the capital of Basata Financial Holding S.A.E. the management Company holds (representing itself and its managed entities) 50% of votes at board meetings.

On January 26, 2021, the board members of Basata Financial Holding S.A.E. have approved a capital increase by an amount of EGPM 55, where B Investments Holding's share in this increase has reached an amount of EGP 11 139 100. This was registered in the investee's commercial register on February 10,2021.

On May 5, 2021, the board members of Basata Financial Holding S.A.E. have approved a capital increase by an amount of EGPM 80, where B Investments Holding's share in this increase has reached an amount of EGP 16 202 300. This was registered in the investee's commercial register on July 26,2021.

On September 28, 2021, the extraordinary general assembly meeting of Basata Financial Holding S.A.E. approved a capital increase by an amount of EGP 192 700 000 where B Investments Holding's share in this increase has reached an amount of EGP 39 024 400. This was registered in the investee's commercial register on December 29,2021.

On January 12, 2022, the Board of members of Basata Financial Holding S.A.E have approved a capital increase by an amount of EGPM 50, where B Investments Holding's share in this increase has reached an amount to an amount of EGP 10 126 000, this was registered in the investee's commercial register on January 6, 2022.

On June 22, 2022, the Board of members of Basata Financial Holding S.A.E have approved a capital increase by an amount of EGP 59 023 300, where B Investments Holding's share in this increase has reached an amount to EGP 12 151 200, and This was registered in the investee's commercial register on September 6, 2022.

On February 20, 2023, the extraordinary general assembly of Basta Financial Holding Company decided to increase the capital by an amount of 51 159 600 Egyptian pounds, and the share of B Investments Holding Company in that increase amounted to 12 178 100 Egyptian pounds, this was registered in the investee's commercial register on April 26, 2023.

On April 1, 2024, the Board of Directors of Basata Financial Holding Company decided to increase the capital by EGP 50 M, and the share of B Investments Holding Company from that increase amounted to EGP 11 050 400, and this was registered in the investee's commercial register on April 23, 2024.

Gourmet Egypt.com S.A.E. "Gourmet"

During September 2018, the Company signed a shareholder's agreement for acquiring shares in the capital of Gourmet Egypt S.A.E., the acquisition was completed during October 2018, the Company holds 52.9% of Gourmet's share capital, the terms of the shareholders agreement of Gourmet provides that the contracting parties will have joint control over Gourmet. Acquisition cost reached an amount of EGPM 126.3 by the end of 2018 that included an amount of EGPM 33.7 recorded as credit balance to shareholders in Gourmet's books until the completion of the capital increase procedures of the investee.

On July 10, 2020, the company and the shareholders of Gourmet Egypt.com S.A.E "Gourmet" signed an appendix to the shareholders' agreement signed on September 18, 2018, according to which some of the terms of that agreement related to B Investments Holding Company (an Egyptian joint Stock company) acquisition of share in the capital of Gourmet Egypt.com S.A.E "Gourmet" were amended which is related to capitalizing the credit balance of the company in the books of Gourmet Egypt.com "Gourmet" in light of the targeted business results of Gourmet Egypt.com Company "Gourmet"- Note (11).

On May 6, 2021, the board members of Gourmet Egypt.com have approved a capital increase by an amount of EGP 11 234 610 where this increase was registered in Gourmet Egypt.com commercial register on June 27,2021.

On June 19, 2022, the board members of Gourmet Egypt.com have approved a capital increase by an amount of EGP 11 234 610 where B Investments Holding's share in this increase amount to EGP 5 943 110, where this increase was registered in Gourmet Egypt.com commercial register on July 3,2022.

On July 25, 2023, the board members of Gourmet Egypt.com have approved a capital increase by an amount of EGP 11 234 610 where B Investments Holding's share in this increase amount to EGP 5 943 110, where this increase was registered in Gourmet Egypt.com commercial register on October 4, 2023.

Red Sea Venture for Solar Energy S.A.E

Investment in Red Sea Venture for Solar Energy "S.A.E." is initially recognized as a jointly controlled entity based on the preliminary agreement between the company and the other shareholders which provides that the decision-making process will be jointly made by the parties to the agreement. The company recognized impairment of the total amount of investment as a result of the discontinuing of the investee's business activities.

B Pharma Holding (B.V) - Netherlands

On July 19, 2023, B Investments Holding Company invested an amount of 304 294 600 EGP in Narmer Investment and EZ International through B Pharma Holding Company "B.V" - Netherlands (which was established by B Investments Holding Company for the purpose of investing in EZ Management & Development).

8. Investments in associates (net)

	No. of Shares	<u>Ownership</u>	<u>December 31, 2024</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u>
Name of Company			<u>EGP</u>	EGP
Madinet Misr for Housing and	157 751 540	7.39%	182 227 374	182 227 374
Development S.A.E "MMHD"	107 101 010	,,,,,,,,		
Al Retail for Trade and Investment	727 526	22.79%	7 275 258	7 275 258
Infinity Solar (1) B.V.	246	24.6%		
Infinity Solar (2) B.V.	175	17.5%		
Infinity Solar (3) B.V.	175	17.5%		nerite .
<u>Less:</u> Impairment in Al Retail for			(7 273 507)	(7 273 507)
Trade and Investment			(, 2, 0 00.)	
			182 229 125	182 229 125

Madinet Misr for Housing and Development S.A.E "MMHD"

On December 13, 2021, the extraordinary general assembly of Madinet Misr for Housing and Development S.A.E. has approved the company's cash capital increase for the old shareholders at par value, and the subscription was closed on March 29, 2022, after completing the subscription in the cash capital increase in full. The share of B Investments from that increase amounted to EGP 28 372 689, and This was registered in the investee's commercial register on May 29, 2022.

Investment in Madinet Misr for Housing and Development (MMHD) was classified as investments in associates as the Company has significant influence over MMHD through its direct stake and the stake owned by BIG Investments Group B.V.I Co. (related party) which holds a stake of 19.93% of the total shares of MMHD, therefore both companies own collectively 27.44% of MMHD's shares, and that have been done after taking into considerations that both BIG Investment Group B-V-I and B Investments Holding are being managed by a management contract (solo) between both companies and BPE Partners S.A.E.

On May 2, 2023, the extraordinary general assembly of Madinet Nasr for Housing and Development SAE (Associate) decided to change the name of the company to be Madinet Misr for Housing and Development. This was registered in the commercial register on June 13, 2023.

Infinity Solar (1, 2 & 3) B.V.

In partnership with Infinity Solar Energy and IB Vogt, the Company invested in three solar power generation plants located in Ben Ban- Aswan with a total capacity of 130 MW. The investment is financed through equity and debt from international development finance institutions including the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) and the International Finance Corporation (IFC) and the shareholders of the solar energy companies. Additionally, these solar projects are part of the second round of the Ministry of Electricity's Feed-in Tariff (FIT) program to encourage the development of renewable energy resources in the country as well as private sector involvement in energy generation.

The shareholders' agreements signed by the Company and other shareholders regulate the operation and management of the solar companies and the relationship between shareholders. The terms of shareholders' agreements entitle the Company to exercise significant influence over the solar entities through participation in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investees and accordingly are accounted for as investments in associates.

The shareholders' agreements provide that the planned investment period will be four years starting from the commercial operation date of the solar plants where the Company will exit the investments through sale, otherwise the Company will have the option to put all of its shares in the solar entities after the elapse of the mentioned four years' period, the option will be excisable at any time during a period of 2.5 years.

The company subscribed for shares in the capital of the solar entities, each share capital has par value of USD 1. The issued shares are not paid and are only payable on the call of each investee. Each solar entity is a private company with limited liability incorporated under the laws of the Netherlands, and each solar entity ultimately invests in a joint stock Company that undertake the solar power generation related activities in Egypt.

The finance made by the Company to the three solar entities, which takes the form of shareholders loans, reached USD 6.65M equivalent to EGP 336.2 M as of December 31, 2024 - Note (10).

9. Investment properties (net)

	Maadi Administrat	ion Building	<u>Total</u>
	EGP		<u>EGP</u>
Cost	<u>Land</u>	<u>Building</u>	
As of January 1, 2023	57 922 825	39 227 381	97 150 206
Additions during the year			
As of December 31, 2023	57 922 825	39 227 381	97 150 206
As of January 1, 2024	57 922 825	39 227 381	97 150 206
Additions during the year			
As of December 31, 2024	57 922 825	39 227 381	97 150 206
Accumulated depreciation			
As of January 1, 2023		6 504 439	6 504 439
Depreciation during the year		1 718 064	1 718 064
As of December 31, 2023		8 222 503	8 222 503
As of January 1, 2024		8 222 503	8 222 503
Depreciation during the year		1 706 545	1 706 545
As of December 31, 2024		9 929 048	9 929 048
Net book value as of December 31, 2024	57 922 825	29 298 333	87 221 158
Net book value as of December 31, 2023	57 922 825	31 004 878	88 927 703

The Company leased the first floor of the administrative building in Maadi to Daikin Egypt for air-conditioners for operating lease after completing the decoration and utility connection works, in return for a monthly rent of 325 000 EGP for the first year, 341 250 EGP for the second year and USD 27 563 for the third year and the building was delivered from the first of November 2019. The contract with Daikin Egypt Air Conditioners was terminated on October 31, 2024.

Also, the Company leased the ground floor and mezzanine in the administrative building in Maadi to the National Bank of Egypt as operating lease where the lease rent will be computed in the successive month following the completion of utilities instalments with a monthly rent of 231 150 EGP with an annual cumulative increase of 10% starting from the second year for a period of nine years starting from November 2021.

These properties were registered under the Company's name in the Real Estate Registration Authority where the fair value of the real estate investments was measured at an amount of EGP 114 408 816 as of December 31, 2024, based on the valuation expert report (2023: EGP107 527 790).

10. Loans to associates (net)

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
Infinity Solar (1) B.V.	98 872 554	60 040 198
Infinity Solar (2) B.V.	168 780 086	102 491 432
Infinity Solar (3) B.V.	72 210 434	43 849 669
Deduct: Expected credit losses	(3 576 795)	(1 327 356)
	336 286 279	205 053 943

On December 31, 2017, the Company signed shareholder loan agreements with its investees, the solar entities as disclosed in (Note 8). The loans were made pursuant to the shareholders' agreements governing the Company's investments in the solar entities. The Company's funding to its investees is in the form of shareholder loans that will be repaid, from the operation of the solar plants' projects undertaken in Egypt by the investees of the solar entities, during the investment period and on the Company's exit from the investments if sale or exercise of the put options occur before full repayment.

On December 1, 2022, the company amended some provisions of shareholder loan agreements with its investees and the solar entities, previously signed on December 31, 2017, whereby the interest rate was modified to become 9.5% annually for each of Infinity Solar (1) B.V. and Infinity Solar (2) B.V. and with an interest rate of 5.57% for Infinity Solar (3) B.V. And not capitalizing unpaid interest to the principal of the loan, starting from January 1, 2022. Total loan amount as of December 31, 2024, reached USD 6.65M equivalent to EGP 336.2 M.

11. Notes receivable (net)

	<u>December 31, 2024</u>	December 31, 2023
	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
Current portion of notes receivable	3 000 000	3 000 000
Deduct: Present value of the current portion	(1 256 441)	(1 047 208)
Deduct: Expected credit losses	(16 179)	(6 643)
Short term notes receivable – Net	1 727 380	1 946 149
Non-curent portion of notes recevable	3 000 000	6 000 000
<u>Deduct</u> : Present value of the non-current portion	(1 443 253)	(2 699 697)
Deduct: Expected credit losses	(15 681)	(11 573)
Long term notes receivable – Net	1 541 066	3 288 730

12.	Due from related parties (net)	Relati <u>onship</u>		December 31, 2024 I	December 31, 2023
		nature	Account nature	EGP	<u>EGP</u>
	Red Sea venture for solar energy	Joint venture	Current account	1 273 091	1 264 401
	B Healthcare Investment	Subsidiary	Current account		1 233 103
	Inergia Technologies for	Subsidiary	Current account		54 429 890
	Information Systems S.A.E	•			
	B pharma Holding (B.V) -	Joint venture	Current account	1 175 159	1 896 313
	Netherlands				
	Deduct: Expected credit losses			(1 496 281)	(1 528 930)_
	·			951 969	57 294 777
13.	Other debit balances (net)				
				December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
				<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
	Deposits held with others			46 795	46 795
	Accrued interest			123 254 804	52 455 556
	Accrued rental income			2 804 500	4 380 943
	Accrued dividends income			80 031	24 493 432
	Prepaid expenses			28 310	239 010
	Withholding tax receivable			275 301	230 324
	Withholding tax on treasury bills			3 765 402	4 671 608
	Advance payment to tax authority			1 197 300	1 197 300
	Advance payment to suppliers			1 743 907	5 797 309
	Other debit balances			531 852	797 502
	Deduct: Expected credit losses			(4 636 883)	(3 091 954)
				129 344 319	91 217 825
14	Loan to Joint ventures (net):				
14.	Loan to John Ventures (net).			December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
				EGP	EGP
	Gourmet Egypt.com S.A.E "Gourme	t"*			28 300 713
	<u>Deduct</u> : Expected credit losses	•			(227 136)
	<u> </u>				28 073 577

On July 10, 2020, the company and the shareholders of Gourmet Egypt.com S.A.E "Gourmet" signed an appendix to the shareholders' agreement signed on September 18, 2018, according to which some of the terms of that agreement related to B Investments Holding Company (an Egyptian joint Stock company) acquisition of share in the capital of Gourmet Egypt.com S.A.E "Gourmet" were amended which is related to capitalizing the credit balance of the company in the books of Gourmet Egypt.com "Gourmet" in light of the targeted business results of Gourmet Egypt.com Company "Gourmet"

On December 12, 2023, Gourmet Egypt.com S.A.E "Gourmet" obtained a loan from B Investments Holding Company by an amount of 100 EGPM, Gourmet Egypt.com S.A.E "Gourmet" withdraws from the loan amount according to its need, starting from the effective date till June 30, 2024, with an interest rate of 2% above the Corridor lending rate announced by the Central Bank of Egypt, the company is committed to pay the interest quarterly starting the grace and withdrawal period. It was agreed between the two companies to extend the repayment period until December 31, 2024, and the loan amount was paid in full at the end of the period.

15. Treasury bills (net)

	December 31, 2024 December 31, 2	
	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
Treasury bills – with maturities more than 3 months		15 200 000
<u>Deduct</u> : unrealized interest	***	(222 427)
<u>Deduct</u> : Expected credit losses		(231)
		14 977 342

16. Cash at banks

	December 31, 2024	<u>December 31, 2023</u>
	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
Current accounts in local currency	33 055 971	16 641 930
Current accounts in foreign currencies	27 037 325	123 157 980
Time deposits in foreign currencies	1 793 009 581	1 219 184 850
<u>Deduct</u> : Expected credit losses	(542 968)	(75 519)
	1 852 559 909	1 358 909 241

17. Due to related parties

Due to related parties	Relationship	Account nature	December 31,	<u>December 31, 2023</u>
	<u>nature</u>		<u>2024</u>	<u>EGP</u>
			<u>EGP</u>	
		Management fees & other	9 186 351	5 143 791
BPE Partners S.A.E.	Management	expenses	0 100 001	
	Company	Incentive fees	19 668 235	39 559 373
			28 854 586	44 703 164

18. Accounts payable and other credit balances

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
Accounts payable	31 809	31 809
Accrued expenses	7 482 499	5 729 233
Accrued Interest expense	7 958 854	6 629 167
Withholding tax	1 870 022	· 898 972
Prepaid rent		852 761
Rent insurance		1 542 500
Other	420 080	
	17 763 264	15 684 442

19. <u>Loans</u>	<u>December 31, 2024</u>		December 31, 2023			
	<u>Current</u> portion	Non-Current portion	<u>Total</u>	<u>Current</u> portion	Non-Current portion	<u>Total</u>
	EGP	EGP	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
National Bank of	97 500 000	78 750 000	176 250 000	18 750 000	156 250 000	175 000 000
Kwait - Egypt			<u> </u>			4== 000 000
Total	97 500 000	78 750 000	176 250 000	18 750 000	156 250 <u>000</u>	175 000 000

On July 19, 2023, B Investments Holding Company obtained a loan from the National Bank of Kuwait - Egypt by an amount of 150 EGPM for the purpose of financing its investments, the period of the loan is three years (including a grace period of twelve months), Starting from the date of signing the loan contract with an interest rate of 1.25% above the Corridor lending rate announced by the Central Bank of Egypt, the company is committed to pay the interest quarterly starting the grace and withdrawal period, as well as an advance commission of 0.25% of the total value of the finance.

On December 12, 2023, B Investments Holding Company obtained a loan from the National Bank of Kuwait - Egypt by an amount of 100 EGPM for the purpose of financing its investments, the period of the loan is three years (including a grace period of twelve months), Starting from the date of signing the loan contract with an interest rate of 1.25% above the Corridor lending rate announced by the Central Bank of Egypt, the company is committed to pay the interest quarterly starting the grace and withdrawal period, as well as an advance commission of 0.25% of the total value of the finance. The value of the withdrawal during the year amounted to EGP 20 000 000 on January 28, 2024 and the value of payment during the year amounted to EGP 18 750 000 on October 18, 2024

20. Provisions

<u> </u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u>	Provisions formed during the year	Provisions used during the year	<u>December 31, 2024</u>
	<u>EGP</u>	EGP	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
Provision for claims	4 527 630			4 527 630
	4 527 630			4 527 630

Provision balance is related to claims from external parties arising from the ordinary course of business. Management reviews these provisions on a quarterly basis and revises the amounts based on the latest developments, or negotiations or agreements reached with claiming parties.

21. Capital

The Company's authorized capital amounted to EGP 2.4 billion, and the issued and paid-up capital amounted to EGP 800 122 080 divided into 160 024 416 shares of EGP 5 par value each as of December 31, 2023.

On April 22, 2024, the Company's Board of Directors decided to increase the Company's issued capital by EGP 291 691 850 (only two hundred ninety-one million six hundred ninety-one thousand eight hundred and fifty Egyptian pounds) with a number of 58 338 370 shares, so that the company's issued capital after the increase becomes EGP 1 091 813 930 (only one billion ninety-one million eight hundred thirteen thousand nine hundred and thirty Egyptian pounds) with 218 362 786 shares, instead of an amount of EGP 800 122 080 (eight hundred million and one hundred twenty-two thousand and eighty pounds). Egyptian), with a fair value of EGP 25.223 (twenty-five Egyptian pounds, twenty-two piasters and three percent of the piaster), which is EGP 5 par value per share in addition to EGP 20.223 issuance premium per share, which amounted to EGP 1 179 776 857 to be carried over to the Legal Reserve in accordance with the provisions of Article 94 of the Executive Bylaws of Law 159 of 1981, according to what resulted as a result of the compulsory purchase offer made through Swap of The company's shares with the shareholders of Orascom Financial Holding Company S.A.E at the rate of 1 (one) share of the share capital of Orascom Financial Holding Company S.A.E.

This is in accordance with the approval issued by the Financial Regulatory Authority on May 8, 2024, and it was registered in the company's commercial register on May 9, 2024.

22.	Reserves

	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2024</u> <u>EGP</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u> <u>EGP</u>
Legal reserve beginning balance	362 146 081	279 716 560
Transferred from prior year net profit	11 312 472	82 429 521
Legal reserve resulting from the capital increase through the share		
swap with Orascom Financial Holding Company	172 448 412	
Legal reserve ending balance	545 906 965	362 146 081
Beginning balance of the reserve		
Share Premium (Notes 21)	1 179 776 857	
Legal reserve resulting from the capital increase through the swap with Orascom Financial Holding Company	(172 448 412)	
Share swap expenses of the company with the shareholders of Orascom Financial Holding	(15 914 319)	
Ending balance of other reserve	991 414 126	362 146 081
Total Reserves	1 537 321 091	362 146 081

23. Income tax

Deferred tax liabilities/Deferred tax

Movement during the year asset / (Liability)

	December 31, 2023 asset / (Liability)	Separate statement of profit or loss	Separate statement of Comprehensive Income	December 31, 2024 asset / (Liability)
	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
Deferred tax liabilities arising from the difference between the accounting and tax bases of investment property depreciation	(753 393)	(61 695)		(815 088)
Deferred tax liability arising from unrealized foreign Currency exchange differences	(25 145 684)	(179 988 376)		(205 134 060)
differences	(25 899 077)	(180 050 071)		(205 949 148)

Deferred tax assets were not recognized on the following items due to insufficient assurance to realize them in the future:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
Impairment in joint venture investment	5 727 150	32 941 939
Impairment in Investment in associate	7 273 507	7 273 507
Provisions	4 527 630	4 527 630
Expected credit losses on financial assets	10 284 271	6 269 342
·	27 812 558	51 012 418

Current income tax		
	<u>December 31, 2024</u>	December 31, 2023
	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
Current income tax	67 117 416	190 602 161
Curron mooning tank	67 117 416	190 602 161
Effective tax rate		
	<u>Year ended.</u>	<u>Year ended</u>
	December 31, 2024	<u>December 31, 2023</u>
	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
Accounting Net profit	1 198 735 956	534 696 514
Income tax 22.5%	269 715 590	120 306 716
Less:		
Income tax on dividends revenue from subsidiaries	(25 575 562)	(88 650 062)
Income tax on dividends revenue from associates, joint	(7 098 819)	(5 324 115)
ventures	,	(5 770 40E)
Income tax on returns of treasury bills - exempted	(4 288 149)	(5 779 125)
Income tax on deductible expenses	(188 399 996)	(13 831 216)
Add:	21 549 934	25 002 352
Income tax on non-deductible expenses	65 902 998	31 724 550
Income tax as per the tax return	** ***	5 137 000
Income tax on treasury bills – independent tax base	3 811 688	
Accrued tax in P/L (income tax + independent tax base)	69 714 686	36 861 550
Amounts not included in the income statement and	(2 597 270)	153 740 611
considered taxable income		
Total accrued tax	67 117 416	190 602 161
Effective tax rate	%5.60	35.65%

24. Basic and diluted profits per share

Basic: Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted: Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding assuming conversion of all convertible financial instruments and share options. The net profit is adjusted by omission of the cost of convertible debt instruments taking tax effect into consideration. As there are no debt instruments that are convertible to shares, diluted and basic earnings per share are equal.

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
Net profit for the year	951 568 469	484 393 246
Less: Board of directors' profit share	(11 112 903)	(11 034 400)
	940 455 566	473 358 846
Weighted average number of shares	197 904 399	160 024 416
Basic earnings per share	4.75	2.96
Diluted earnings per share	4.75	2.96

25. Significant related parties' transactions

Related parties' transactions occurred during the financial period on current accounts nature represented mainly in management fees, interest revenue and the expenses related to the Company or expenses the Company paid on behalf of related parties. The main transactions during the year are as follows:

Company name	<u>Type of relation</u>	Type of transaction	Volume of transactions during the year
BPE Partners S.A.E.	Management Company	Management fees Incentive fees	EGP (30 635 435) (14 961 705)
Infinity Solar (1) B.V.	Associate	Credit interest	8 571 341
Infinity Solar (2) B.V.	Associate	Credit interest	14 631 681
Infinity Solar (3) B.V.	Associate	Credit interest	3 670 326
Gourmet Egypt.com	Joint Venture	Credit interest	10 918 320

26. Dividends income from subsidiaries

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Inergia Technologies for Information Systems S.A.E.	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
	102 302 248	354 600 249
	102 302 248	354 600 249

According the resolution of the Ordinary General Assembly of Energia Technologies Information Systems S.A.E. (a subsidiary) held on 9 September 2024, where it was approved to distribute dividends to shareholders with a total amount of EGP 167 068 884 and the share of B Investments Holding Company from these distributions after deduction of taxes is EGP 102 302 248

27. Dividends income from associates

	December 31, 2024	<u>December 31, 2023</u>
Madinet Misr Housing and Development Company S.A.E.	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
	29 972 793	22 479 595
	29 972 793	22 479 595

According to the resolution of the General Assembly of Madinet Misr Housing and Development Company S.A.E. (associate company) held on April 17, 2024, where it was approved to distribute dividends to shareholders at the rate of 20 piasters per share, and the share of B Investments Holding Company from these distributions after deduction of taxes amounted to EGP 29 972 793.

28. Credit interest:

	<u>December 31, 2024</u>	December 31, 2023
	<u>EGP</u>	EGP
Interest income on bank current accounts	87 307 943	51 813 665
Credit interest on loans to associates	26 873 348	18 087 620
Credit interest on loans to joint ventures	10 918 320	1 252 581
Return on treasury bills	19 058 439	25 684 998
	144 158 050	96 838 864

29. Consulting fees and other expenses

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
Bank charge	120 660	533 770
Consulting and Professional fees	9 698 946	9 663 588
Insurance expenses	530 764	392 378
Government fees	572 238	616 215
Other expenses	5 319 168	6 280 279
	16 241 776	17 486 230

30. Investment Manager Fees

	<u>December 31, 2024</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u>
	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
Management fees	30 635 435	19 282 446
Incentive fees	14 961 705	72 501 091
	45 597 140	91 783 537

On 19 July 2017, The Company signed a new management agreement with BPE Partners SAE, the new management agreement became effective on the date of completion of listing the Company's shares on the EGX. The trading on the Company's shares started on March 29, 2018.

Pursuant to the terms of the new management agreement, the management Company is entitled to a management fee of 2% of the Company's paid-up capital up to EGP 600 million and 1.5% of any capital increase (Included share premium) of more than EGP 600 million Up to EGP 1.2 billion and 1% on any capital increase of more than EGP 1.2 billion.

Additionally, the Management Company is entitled to a performance fee, the performance fee will be due to the Management Company only on the exit of investments entered into by the Company. Performance fees for existing investments are accrued for the management Company and calculated as the difference between cash proceeds net of taxes and fees received from the disposal and distribution (dividend, interest, or rent) of the investment and the adjusted cost of the existing investment. The adjusted cost is the historical cost of the investment at an acceptable rate of return on investment (10% annually) for each year following the acquisition date of the investment until the date on which the new management agreement takes effect.

Performance fees on new investments entered by the Company starting from the date on which the new management agreement takes effect will be 15% of the gain on the investment calculated as the difference between the cash proceeds net of taxes and fees received from the disposal and distribution (dividend, interest, or rent) of the investment and the aggregate cost of such investment.

The management company was entitled to a good performance fee during the year from Energia Technologies Information Systems S.A.E. in the amount of 14 961 705 related to the rest of the benefits realized from the exit from the investment in Giza Systems Company S.A.E.

31. Financial instruments and risk management

The Company's financial instruments comprise of financial assets and liabilities. Financial assets comprise cash at banks and treasury bills, balances due on others or related parties. Financial liabilities comprise creditors, certain creditors, and amounts due to related parties.

The Company is exposed to several financial risks arising from its ongoing activities that may affect the carrying amounts of its financial assets and liabilities as well as the relevant revenues and expenses. The significant risks related to financial instruments and significant policies and procedures adopted by management to minimize the effect of those risks, are summarized below:

Capital management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as going concern, to generate returns for shareholders, benefits for other stakeholders and to provide an adequate return for shareholders.

The Company's management reviews the capital structure of the Company on a regular basis. As part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital.

Categories of financial instruments

	<u>December 31, 2024</u>	<u>December 31, 2023</u>
<u>Financial assets</u>		
Cash at banks	1 852 559 909	1 358 909 241
Treasury bills at amortized cost		14 977 342
Financial assets at amortized cost	469 851 013	386 875 001
<u>Financial liabilities</u>		
Financial liabilities at amortized cost	222 867 850	235 387 606

Financal Risk Mangement Objectives

The Company monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports which analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The use of financial instruments is governed by the appropriate monetary and credit policies to be approved by the Board of Directors.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk represents fluctuations in exchange rates of foreign currencies, which affects receipts and disbursements in foreign currencies as well as the evaluation of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. Management monitors the Company's foreign currencies position and the exchange rates declared by banks, and reduces overdrafts in foreign currencies, on an ongoing basis, which reduces this risk to a minimum level

The value of assets of a cash nature in foreign currencies at the date of the financial statements amounted to the equivalent of EGP 2 283 111 472 and EGP 575 568, respectively.

The following is a statement of the most important net foreign currency balances at the date of the financial statements:

Foreign Currency	<u>Surplus</u>
	<u>EGP</u>
LISD	2 282 535 905

Foreign currency risk sensitivity analysis

The following table shows the company's sensitivity to a 20% increase or decrease in the Egyptian pound against foreign exchange rates. 20% is the sensitivity rate used in preparing internal reports on foreign currency risk and presenting them to responsible managers, and it represents management's assessment of the reasonably expected change in foreign currency exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only the outstanding balances of items of a monetary nature in foreign currencies and is based on adjusting the translation of the balances of those items at the end of the year with a change rate of 20% in the exchange rates of those currencies.

The positive number in the table below indicates an increase in profit or equity when the strength of the Egyptian pound increases by 20% against the foreign currency in question. If the Egyptian pound weakens by 20% against the relevant foreign currency, this will lead to an opposite effect of the same value on profit or equity, and the values below will become negative.

<u>EGP</u>	USD effect 2024
Profit	456 612 090

Interest rate risk

The company is exposed to the risk of interest rates in the event that the company obtains financing from others or grants financing to others at a variable interest rate. The company manages the interest rate risk by reaching the appropriate mix of financing sources. The company reviews current interest rates with market interest rates.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyzes below were determined based on the exposure to interest rates associated with financial derivatives and non-derivative financial instruments at the end of the financial year. As for obligations with a variable interest rate, the analysis was prepared assuming that the amount of the obligation outstanding at the end of the fiscal year existed throughout the year. The "two hundred points" indicator, equivalent to plus or minus 2%, is used when preparing internal reports that deal with interest rate risk and which are presented to responsible management employees. This indicator represents management's estimate of the reasonably expected change in interest rates. If the interest rate decreases/increases by 200 points with all other variables remaining constant, this will result in the company's profit being more or less than EGP 3 525 000 for the financial year ending on December 31, 2024. This is mainly due to the Company's exposure to interest rate risk on borrowed amounts with variable interest rates.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is represented in the inability of the Company to meet its financial liabilities when they become due, which are paid in cash or another financial asset. The company manages financial liquidity to ensure - as much as possible – its possession of sufficient amount of liquidity to meet its liabilities when due in the normal and exceptional circumstances without incurring unacceptable losses, or impact on the Company's reputation.

Credit risk

The credit risk is represented in the inability of clients, related parties, or other parties who are granted credit, to pay their dues. The Company studies the credit position before the granting credit, and the Company reviews its due balances, and loans granted to related parties on a regular basis.

The Company reviews this risk and submits on regular base reports to the audit committee for this risk, and the means of facing its impact on the financial statements. The maximum credit risk is represented as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2024</u>	December 31, 2023
	<u>EGP</u>	<u>EGP</u>
Cash at banks	1 852 559 909	1 358 909 241
Notes receivable	3 268 446	5 234 879
Due from related parties	951 969	57 294 342
Other debit balances	129 344 319	91 217 825
Treasury bills		14 977 342
Loans to associates and joint ventures entities	336 286 279	233 127 520
	2 322 410 922	1 760 761 149

Fair Value measurement

Fair value measurements recognized in the separate statement of financial position:

The following table provides an analysis of financial and non-financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Stages 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- Stage 1: fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Stage 2: fair value measurements are those derived from inputs, other than quoted prices included within Stage
 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).
 However, it is not considered quoted prices as that included in stage 1.
- Stage 3: fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset
 or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

32. Tax position.

Corporate Tax

The Company is subject to Corporate Income Tax in accordance with tax Law No. 91 of 2005 and its amendments. The Company submitted its corporate tax for each year according to the provisions of the Income Tax Law and its amendments from inception date until December 31, 2022, according to the Income Tax Law No. 91 of 2005.

Years 2006/2008:

The Company's books have not been inspected yet and therefore the company tax returns for those years were approved in accordance with the provisions of Law No. 91 of 2005.

Years 2009/2020:

Inspection completed and settlements were made.

Years 2021/2022:

We received a form from the mission to prepare the examination documents and is being processed

Year 2023

The Company has not received any notices for income tax inspection till date.

Payroll tax:

Years 2005 /2018:

Inspection completed and settlements were made.

Years 2019/2023:

The Company has not received any notices for salary tax inspection till date.

Stamp Tax

From inception till 2019:

Inspection completed and settlements were made.

Years 2020/2023:

The Company has not received any notices for stamp duty inspection.

Withholding Tax

The Company deducts the due withholding tax according to the provisions of the Income Tax Law and submits tax returns to the Tax Authority regularly on due dates, taking into consideration that the Company's books have been inspected and no differences were identified.

33. <u>Dividends</u>

On 9 June 2024, the Ordinary General Assembly of the Company approved the distribution of dividends for the financial year ending on 31 December 2023 to shareholders at the rate of EGP 1 per share with a total amount of EGP 218 362 786 or (its equivalent in USD) and EGP 9 000 000 to the members of the Board of Directors.

34. Significant Events during the Year

- On 9 January 2024, the Extraordinary General Assembly of B Investments Holding Company decided to approve the increase of the issued capital from 800 122 080 Egyptian pounds (eight hundred million one hundred twenty-two thousand eighty Egyptian pounds) to a maximum of 1 174 418 190 Egyptian pounds (one billion one hundred seventy-four million four hundred eighteen thousand one hundred and ninety Egyptian pounds), at the fair value of the share of 25.223 Egyptian pounds (a nominal value of 5 Egyptian pounds per share plus an issuance premium of 20.223 Egyptian pounds per share through the exchange of the increase shares by one (1) share of the capital of B Investments Holding Company against 56.76 shares of Orascom Financial Holding Company S.A.E provided that a compulsory purchase offer to acquire up to 90% of the shares of Orascom Financial Holding Company S.A.E shall be submitted through a share swap without the cash option following the approval of the Extraordinary General Assembly of B Investments Holding Company with the non-implementation of the priority rights of the old shareholders and the limitation of subscription in the increase shares to the new shareholders of Orascom Financial Holding Company for the purchase offer through the Swap.
- On February 1, 2024, the Monetary Policy Committee of the Central Bank decided, in its meeting, to raise the rates of the one-night deposit and lending return and the price of the main operation of the Central Bank by 200 basis points, to reach 21.25%, 22.25%, and 21.75%, respectively. The credit and discount rate were also raised by 200 basis points, to reach 21.75%.
- On February 27, 2024, The FRA approved the publication of an announcement mandatory tender offer ("MTO") via a share swap a percentage of no less than 51% and up to 90% of the shares of Orascom Financial Holding S.A.E. at a share swap ratio of 1 share of B Investments Holding S.A.E shares (based on the total share capital of the company of 160 024 416 shares) for 56.76 shares of Orascom Financial Holding (based on a number of 4 721 121 620 shares of the company's share capital, excluding treasury shares). through stock exchange without the cash option.
- On March 6, 2024, the Monetary Policy Committee of the Central Bank decided, in its extraordinary meeting, to raise the rates of the one-night deposit and lending return and the price of the main operation of the Central Bank by 600 basis points, to reach 27.25%, 28.25%, and 27.75%, respectively. The credit and discount rate were also raised by 600 basis points, to reach 27.75%.
- On 17 April 2024, the Ordinary General Assembly of Madinet Misr for Housing and Development S.A.E decided to approve the proposed draft dividend for the fiscal year ending on 31 December 2023 in the form of cash dividends at a rate of EGP 0.20 / share to be disbursed in two installments equally in May and October 2024 according to the dates to be announced after coordination with Misr for Central Clearing, Depository and Registry for Securities.

- On April 22, 2024, the company's board of directors decided to increase the company's issued capital by an amount of 291 691 850 Egyptian pounds (only two hundred ninety-one million six hundred ninety-one thousand eight hundred and fifty Egyptian pounds) with a number of 58 338 370 shares so that the company's issued capital after the increase becomes an amount of 1 091 813 930 Egyptian pounds (only one billion ninety-one million eight hundred thirteen thousand nine hundred and thirty Egyptian pounds) with 218 362 786 shares, instead of an amount of 800 122 080 Egyptian pounds (eight hundred million one hundred twenty-two thousand eighty Egyptian pounds), at the fair value of the share of 25.223 Egyptian pounds (twenty-five Egyptian pounds. twenty-two piasters and three in One hundred of the piasters), which is 5 pounds nominal value per share in addition to 20.223 Egyptian pounds premium per share, which amounted to 1 179 776 857 Egyptian pounds, to be carried over to the legal reserve in accordance with the provisions of Article 94 of the Executive Bylaws of Law 159 of 1981, according to what resulted as a result of the compulsory purchase offer that took place through the exchange of the company's shares with the shareholders of Orascom Financial Holding Company S.A.E One (one) share of the capital of B Investments Holding Company S.A.E against 56.76 (fifty-six shares and seventysix percent of the share) of Orascom Financial Holding Company S.A.E, in accordance with the approval issued by the Financial Regulatory Authority on May 8, 2024, and was registered in the Company's Commercial Register on May 9, 2024.
- The Securities Registration Committee of the Egyptian exchange decided in its meeting held on May 15, 2024, the approval of the increase of the issued and paid-up capital of B Investments Holding Company from EGP 800 122 080 to EGP 1 091 813 930, by an increase of EGP 291 691 850 distributed over 58 338 370 shares with a nominal value of EGP 5 per share and a total value of issuance of EGP 291 691 850, in exchange for the acquisition of 3 311 285 883 shares, representing 68.9% of the shares of Orascom Financial Holding Company, by one share of the capital of B Investments Holding Company for 56.76 shares of the capital of Orascom Financial Holding Company.
- On September 11, 2024, the Ordinary General Assembly of B Healthcare Investment Company S.A.E decided to approval to revoke the fifth decision in the company's ordinary general Meeting dated April 7, 2024 and approved by the General Authority for Investment and Free Zones on May 26, 2024 and replace it with approve dividends for the financial year ending on December 31, 2023, and distribute the shareholders' share amounting to 0.226377222 EGP in the form of free shares at a rate of 0.045275444 EGP free share for every original share.
- On September 19, 2024, the Financial Regulatory Authority (FRA) approved Proceedings the exchange of all shares owned by B Investments Holding S.A.E. in the capital of Basata Holding Company for Financial Payments LLC, which amounts to about 16.45%, in exchange for shares in Basata International Holding Limited by about 16.45% through the transfer of ownership of non-cash shares at the nominal value with a swap factor of 1 share for every 1 share.

35. Separate financial statements issuance date

The company's board of directors approved the separate financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024, on March 27, 2025.